

### ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT

Report Date: October 27, 2009 Contact: Jerry Dobrovolny Contact No.: 604.873.7331

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Meeting Date: November 3, 2009

TO: Standing Committee on Transportation and Traffic

FROM: General Manager of Engineering Services

SUBJECT: Burrard Bridge Bike Lanes

Status Report, Fall 2009

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

- A. THAT Council receive this report for information.
- B. THAT, following the 2010 Winter Games, staff report back with options for permanent bridge configurations which do not include bridge widening.

### COUNCIL POLICY

On May 7, 2009, Council directed staff to implement a re-allocation of the west curb lane of the Burrard Bridge to provide a southbound bicycle lane on the bridge, to convert the east sidewalk to an exclusive northbound bicycle path and to direct all pedestrians to use the west sidewalk.

### **PURPOSE**

This report provides a review of the findings to date resulting from the bridge reconfiguration, which was implemented in July 2009.

#### **BACKGROUND**

In May 2009, staff began a monitoring program aimed at assessing the impact of changes to the Burrard Bridge on pedestrian, bicycle and vehicular traffic, on transit operations and on surrounding neighbourhoods.

As an integral part of the project an extensive communications program was undertaken. This campaign included mass media advertising in print and on radio, banners placed on the bridge itself, signage, extensive information on the City's website, social media, and earned media opportunities (over 30 media interviews were done with City staff). Focus group research and a survey were done to understand awareness and attitudes around the issue, the bridge and the options (see Appendix A). The objective was to ensure that drivers knew and would not be surprised by the reconfiguration, and made aware of alternatives – primarily transit and the nearby Granville Bridge.

On the weekend of July 10-13, 2009 changes were put in place on the Burrard Bridge and adjacent streets to create protected bike lanes on the bridge and connecting streets. On the morning of Monday, July 13 the new walking and cycling facilities were opened to the public.

Staff have collected and analysed data over the period leading up to and since the installation of the protected bike lanes. Findings of these analyses are discussed below.

### **DISCUSSION**

### Pedestrians

All pedestrians crossing the Burrard Bridge must now use the west sidewalk, which is no longer shared with bicycles. Most feedback from pedestrians has been positive, citing the comfort and safety of a pedestrian only route. Some have objected to the closure of the east sidewalk to pedestrians. The number of walking trips across the bridge has not significantly changed noticeably.

### **Cyclists**

Cyclists can now cross the bridge on northbound and southbound bike paths, separated from both vehicles and pedestrians. Feedback from cyclists has been overwhelmingly positive. Cyclists feel much safer separated from other bridge users.

Cycling volumes are up appreciably. Between July 13 and September 30, 26% more bicycle trips were made over the bridge than would have been made had the reconfiguration not happened. This amounts to an additional 70,000 bike trips. Growth on weekends has been the most dramatic, with volumes up 40-70%. Since Labour Day, the number of new trips has fallen when compared with summer usage, but remains above the level which would be expected on an unchanged bridge.

New cycling trips are not evenly distributed across age and gender lines. Trips by women are up 31%, compared to 23% for men. Anecdotally, many more children are seen cycling across the bridge.

### Transit

Transit operations appear to be unaffected by the bridge changes. According to a TransLink analysis of bus running times before and after the reconfiguration "there is little to no negative effect on bus running time since the introduction of the bike lane".

### **Vehicles**

Neither the Burrard nor the Granville Bridge has seen appreciable changes in the number of daily vehicle crossings. The first few days following the re-configuration on Burrard saw some redistribution of traffic to Granville, but that had returned to pre - trial status within a week.

As with buses, general vehicle travel times along Burrard Street are unchanged. Driving trips which approach the north end of the bridge from the east along Pacific are longer by about 30 seconds during peak periods. The most noticeable change to vehicle travel times is for trips approaching the north end of the bridge from the west along Thurlow or Pacific. Accessing the bridge from Georgia street via Thurlow and Pacific now takes an average  $1\frac{1}{2}$  minutes longer in the morning peak period and 3 minutes longer in the afternoon.

### <u>Safety</u>

The City has received many comments from pedestrians and cyclists who believe that the Burrard Bridge is now safer. Preliminary findings from a University of British Columbia cycling safety study indicate that accident rates have decreased.

In a nine week period in the summer of 2008, three cyclists where injured on the Burrard Bridge severely enough to attend Emergency at Saint Paul's or Vancouver General Hospital. Two of these incidents involved collisions between cyclists and pedestrians with the cyclist falling into the roadway. In the same nine week period in 2009, since the re-configuration, only one cyclist attended Emergency. This southbound cyclist fell onto the adjacent sidewalk after colliding with a wrong-way cyclist.

It needs to be emphasized that these safety-related findings are preliminary, as they are based on small sample sizes and a short study period. A longer study is warranted. Staff continue to work with the UBC researchers running this study.

### **Business**

Businesses in the downtown core do not appear to have been affected. The Downtown Vancouver BIA has polled its members twice to solicit input regarding the bridge trial. There has been no response to these polls, suggesting that these businesses do not perceive any change.

Closer to the bridge, two retailers on Hornby Street have seen drive-by traffic reduced in front of their shops. They have requested that a safety-related vehicle right-turn restriction at Pacific and Hornby be removed. Reinstating this right-turn would create a situation where, in peak hours, approximately 250 vehicles would turn across the path used by up to 200 cyclists. Staff have reviewed options beyond the previous and current arrangements, and are confident that the current arrangement, with vehicle right-turns prohibited, is the safest possible.

### Neighbourhoods

Re-direction of traffic onto Howe and Beach, related to the new right-turn restriction at Pacific and Hornby, has been a concern of residents of Beach Avenue. The re-direction of this traffic is considered by staff to be an acceptable consequence of increasing cyclist safety at

Pacific and Hornby. Traffic volumes on these streets remain within norms for downtown residential streets.

East bound traffic queues are a concern for some residents of Pacific, west of Burrard. This queuing is a consequence of the reduced capacity of the Pacific to Burrard Bridge right-turn which resulted from introducing the protected bike lane. The length of these queues appears to have diminished since the summer, possibly as some drivers are choosing other routes across False Creek.

### Communication and Public Opinion

The City has received feedback from many bridge users. The opinions of pedestrians and cyclists have been positive and those of motorists have been more critical of the reconfiguration. A public opinion survey of Vancouver residents conducted in September 2009 found strong broad support for retaining the reconfiguration (see Appendix A).

The communications were successful in reaching their objective and the tactics which were notably effective were the use of the Vancouver Sun front page wrap and the television and radio interviews, which was reflected strongly in the survey (as well as anecdotally and in the media). Also evidenced in the research was substantial support for the reconfiguration (by a two to one margin both before and after changes were made) and correspondingly weak support for the more expensive alternatives to either build a new bridge or widen the sidewalk.

### Next Steps

Monitoring and analysis of pedestrian, cycling and vehicle use of the Burrard Bridge will continue.

Following the 2010 Winter Games, staff will report back with an updated status report and options for permanent bridge configurations which do not include bridge widening.

#### FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

There are no financial implications.

### **CONCLUSION**

The reconfiguration of the Burrard Bridge, implemented in July 2009, has generated many positive outcomes and been a successful step forward in our sustainable transportation initiative and our work towards the goal of being the greenest city.

Notable outcomes include:

- the number of cycling trips across the bridge has increased significantly (26% increase in the period July 13 to September 30)
- pedestrians and cyclists feel safer and more comfortable
- the risk of serious cyclist injury has likely been reduced
- gender split amongst cyclists on the bridge is more equal and more women are cycling on the bridge.

 the reconfiguration has shown that the bridge can function with only two southbound vehicle lanes under existing vehicle volumes without significant negative impact on transit or other traffic

The reconfiguration has also created some issues which will continue to be monitored and considered in the report back.

#### These include:

- some pedestrians remain opposed to being prohibited from the east sidewalk
- travel times have increased somewhat for vehicle trips on Pacific and Thurlow
- redirection of traffic from Hornby to Howe and Beach is a consequence of a cyclist safety measure at Pacific and Hornby, and no acceptable alternatives to this impact have been identified

Given these findings, it is the opinion of staff that the protected bike lanes should remain in place and staff will report back after the 2010 Games with a proposal for the permanent plans for bridge reconfiguration which do not include bridge widening.

\* \* \* \* \*



# City of Vancouver Burrard Bridge Lane Reallocation Residents Surveys — Mid-Trial Report

### September 2009



Presented to:





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### **Executive Overview**

### Introduction

As part of its Greenest City Initiative, the City of Vancouver is currently conducting a lane reallocation trial on the Burrard Bridge, offering greater opportunities for bridge use among current and potential cyclists and pedestrians by providing a safer alternative. The reallocation measures include conversion of one southbound traffic lane to bicycles only, the east sidewalk to northbound cycle traffic and the west sidewalk to all pedestrian traffic. Mustel Research Group was commissioned to conduct research among residents prior to and during this trial and the accompanying information campaign.

For each of the pre-trial and mid-trial phases of research, 300 random telephone interviews were completed among City residents with an emphasis on target neighbourhoods most affected by the changes to the bridge—i.e., all of the Downtown and the near Westside (west of Granville Street and north of 33<sup>rd</sup> Avenue). Approximately 80% of the interviews were with residents of these target neighbourhoods and 20% with residents from the rest of the City. Results in total are weighted on the basis of age within gender and brought into regional proportion according to the latest census data.

The purpose of the research is to track:

- i) Public awareness of the trial and related communications
- ii) Attitude toward the trial and retention of the lane reallocation after the trial period
- iii) Degree to which the trial is expected to have/has had an impact on use of the bridge

The pre-wave was conducted June 18-29, 2009—just preceding launch of the communications campaign and prior to the July 13<sup>th</sup> implementation of the trial. The midwave was conducted September 23-28, 2009. A copy of the questionnaire is appended.

This *Executive Overview* summarizes the key findings from both pre-trial and mid-trial waves of research. A more detailed description of the methodology and an illustrated presentation of the findings are found in the *Methodology* and *Detailed Findings* sections of this report.

### Key Findings

### Awareness and Knowledge of Changes and of Lane Reallocation Trial

Changes on Burrard Bridge: A sizable majority of City residents have heard that some changes have been made to the Burrard Bridge (73%). Awareness is higher in the target neighbourhoods, where about 8-in-10 knows of changes (79% of Downtown area residents and 86% of those residing in the Near Westside).





- Television and newspaper are the most common sources of awareness, followed next by radio. Personally witnessing the changes and banners on the Burrard Bridge were also mentioned, in addition to word of mouth and the Internet.
- When asked to articulate knowledge about the changes, most people know of adding or allocating a lane for cycling. There generally is less mention about changes for pedestrians.
- Awareness of the Trial: City-wide, about 6-in-10 residents had already heard of the lane reallocation trial by the end of June, not surprisingly given the considerable media attention. Since then, awareness of summer-fall trial has grown significantly. Currently, about 7-in-10 City-wide know of the trial. Awareness is higher among target area residents (over 8-in-10) and increased most dramatically among Downtown residents (from 63% in late June to 82% by mid-trial).
- Perceived Reasons for Trial: Environmentally-related reasons are given most often when residents are asked why they think the City is conducting this trial—for example, reducing traffic congestion, encouraging mode shift/being more bicyclepedestrian friendly, improving air quality.
- Safety and appeasing cyclists are cited as other rationale for the trial.

### Pre-implementation Support for Trial

- Prior to implementation, support outweighed opposition to the lane reallocation trial by significant margins city-wide and in the target neighbourhoods. In total, somewhat under half (46%) gave their support versus 20% opposed. In the target areas at least half favoured the trial (50-52%), while around 25-30% opposed it. The balance was neutral on the subject.
- Support was found across all demographic groups including single occupant vehicle drivers (42% in favour vs. 31% against).
- Reasons for support were primarily environmentally-oriented (encouraging alternative transportation, being more cycle-/pedestrian-friendly, good for the environment/ emissions reduction). Other reasons for support included safety, worth a try/ to produce real data on feasibility and to reduce traffic congestion.
- Among those who opposed the trial, the most common concern was an increase in traffic congestion on the bridge, which some felt was already congested. Other objections voiced included negative comments about cyclists, bad idea/not properly thought out/consider other solutions, unnecessary/have enough room and unsafe.



### Opinions on Retention of Southbound Cycle Lane and Other Options

- Residents tend to support **retaining the southbound lane reallocation** beyond the trial period. City-wide, 45% favour retention versus 21% against. As well, support tends to be solid (33% strongly favour vs. 12% somewhat in favour). The balance of residents are neutral, as they are largely unaffected by the change.
  - In the target areas, support for retention is significantly higher with 60% of Near Westside residents and 57% of Downtown residents in favour of keeping the southbound cycle-only lane. Opposition in these areas is about 18-20%. Most cyclists and pedestrians who use Burrard Bridge are in favour of retention (90% and 71%, respectively, with most being 'strongly' in favour). Even single occupant drivers tend to be in support (51% vs. 31% against).
  - Supporters consider retention a good idea since it increases safety for cyclists and pedestrians—noted significantly more by target neighbourhood residents (24%) and by cyclists and pedestrians themselves (45-47%). Other rationale for retention include that it encourages alternative modes of transportation, is good for the environment (reducing emissions/traffic congestion), and is more cycle/pedestrian friendly.
  - The primary objection is traffic congestion and disruption of traffic flow.
- Two other possible future configurations for Burrard Bridge which require new funding in the range of \$30-60 million are rejected by most residents holding an opinion. Opposition outweighs support by wide margins.
  - In total, about half of residents city-wide are against widening the sidewalks at a cost of \$30 million. While 20% favour this idea, the remaining 24% are neutral. Support is slightly higher on the Near Westside than Downtown (26% vs. 15%).
  - Building a new bridge exclusively for pedestrians and cyclists at a cost of \$60 million or more is rejected by somewhat more residents (62% city-wide vs. just 16% in favour). Support is slightly higher in the Downtown (28%) and the Near Westside (23%) than elsewhere in the City (11%).

### Influence of the Trial on Personal Behaviour

Findings reveal that the trial has had a positive impact thus far, as about 14% of residents, city-wide have been encouraged to walk or cycle across the Burrard Bridge due to the changes made. Those who reside in the Near Westside are more likely to have been encouraged by the changes to walk or cycle across the bridge (26%).



- Burrard Bridge usage (past month, past 7 days) is fairly consistent with the pre-trial measure for Near Westside and other City residents, but is down somewhat among those from the Downtown peninsula; this may be reflective of a seasonal shift.
- Since the pre-trial, significant shifts are evident in mode of transportation used to cross Burrard Bridge among past month bridge users, as follows:
  - Increased cycling overall, but especially among Near Westside and Downtown peninsula residents, both of which nearly doubled among past month Burrard Bridge users;
  - Increased walking across the bridge among Downtown residents;
  - Single occupant vehicle usage down, but increased carpooling to cross the bridge.

### Preferred Type of Communication about Bridge Trial

When residents are asked their preference, newspaper is named unprompted as the most preferred channel for receiving more information about the lane reallocation trial, although other media are suggested too (e.g., TV, direct mail, City website).

### Infrastructure for Sustainable Alternatives

- City infrastructure is the best regarded for walking among the alternative modes of travel measured (rated 7.7 out of 10). Cycling infrastructure and mass transit receive similar ratings (6.2 and 6.1 out of a possible 10).
- Changes to the City's cycling infrastructure in past year, in the form of expanding the number of cycling routes and cycle-oriented road and traffic light improvements, have been noticed by nearly six-in-ten residents (58%).
- These improvements have had a positive effect among those who have noticed the changes. Just under half say that due to these improvements they have either chosen to cycle more often (20%) or become more interested in cycling in the future (26%).

### Current Transportation Patterns (Mid-trial)

- Travel to/from Downtown for any purpose by any mode: 2.3 days per week on average; 3.5 days per week among Downtown peninsula residents
- Commuting to Work Downtown: 20% city-wide; 35% of Downtown residents
- Commuting to School Downtown: 4% city-wide; 8% of Downtown residents
- Frequency of riding a bicycle: 61% past year; 27% at least weekly in total
- Year-round cycling: 22% and slightly higher in the target areas (27-32%)



### Demographic Considerations

The Burrard Bridge is used by a cross-section of City residents. Those who walk or cycle across the bridge is also represented by the spectrum of residents including all age segments and different household compositions.

### Conclusions

In sum, the mid-trial findings are as follows:

- The public is broadly aware of the Lane Reallocation Trial, particularly in the target neighbourhoods with noticeable gains among Downtown residents since the pre-trial.
- At mid-trial there is support for retaining the southbound cycling-only lane by a significant margin among those with an opinion. In the target neighbourhoods support outweighs opposition by nearly three to one. Furthermore, support is most likely to be strong ('strongly' in favour rather than just 'somewhat' in support).
- All demographic segments, including single occupant drivers, tend to support the current lane reallocation.
- Supporters recognize the current configuration as "a good idea", "the way of the future", increasing safety for cyclists and pedestrians, encouraging alternative modes of travel and good for the environment.
- Other possible future options to make Burrard Bridge more pedestrian and cycling friendly but requiring funds of \$30 to 60 million or more are rejected at this time.
- Two months into the trial, about 14% of the population overall has been encouraged to walk or cycle across the Burrard Bridge more often, reaching 26% among those residing on the Near Westside.
- The Burrard Bridge Lane Reallocation Trial, in addition to the cycling infrastructure improvements made in the past year, are having a positive effect on getting people to cycle more often and to be interested in beginning to cycle more in the future.



### **Foreword**

### Research Objectives

In concert with the Greenest City Initiative, the City of Vancouver is conducting a lane reallocation trial on the Burrard Bridge in the summer and fall of 2009. The purpose of the trial is to offer greater opportunities for bridge use among current and potential cyclists and pedestrians by providing a safer alternative. Beginning July 13, reallocation measures include conversion of one southbound traffic lane to bicycles only, exclusive use of the east sidewalk for northbound cycle traffic and exclusive use of the west sidewalk for pedestrian traffic in both directions.

Mustel Group was commissioned to conduct polling among residents prior to and during this trial and the accompanying information campaign. Focus groups were also conducted prior to the trial to assist in planning and refining communications (reported separately).

The quantitative research has been designed to:

- i) Track public awareness of the trial and related communications,
- ii) Assess attitudes toward the trial and post-trial retention of the lane reallocation,
- iii) Determine the degree to which the trial has an impact on use of the Burrard Bridge,
- iv) Gain greater understanding of Downtown travel habits and the use of the bridges over False Creek.

### Methodology

Random telephone interviews were conducted among residents of the City of Vancouver 18 years of age and over. For each of the pre-trial and mid-trial phases of research, approximately 300 interviews were completed city-wide with an emphasis on target neighbourhoods most affected by the changes to the bridge—i.e., all of the Downtown and the near Westside (west of Granville Street and north of 33<sup>rd</sup> Avenue). Approximately 80% of the interviews were with residents of these target neighbourhoods and 20% with residents from the rest of the City.

Industry-standard random selection techniques were used to draw a random sample of households and individuals within the households from an up-to-date database of telephone listings. Up to five call attempts are made to each selected household/individual in order to minimize potential bias due to non-response.



The survey sample is weighted to match the latest Canada Census data on the basis of age within gender and area of the City. As well, the pre-trial and mid-trial waves of research were matched by area on proportion of licensed drivers. The following table outlines the distribution of actual and weighted interviews.

	Pre	-trial	Mid	-trial
	<u>Actual</u> (304) %	Weighted (304) %	<u>Actual</u> (310) %	Weighted (310) %
Gender				
Male	48	48	48	48
Female	52	52	52	52
Age				
18 – 34	23	33	24	33
35 – 54	41	38	39	39
55 or over	36	28	37	28
Refused	<1	1	<1	<1
Area of Residence				
Downtown Peninsula	40	16	39	16
Near Westside	40	16	39	16
Other Areas of City	20	68	22	68
Licensed Driver				
Yes	88	88	87	88
No	12	12	13	12

Field dates for the pre-wave were June 18-29, 2009—just preceding launch of the communications campaign and prior to the July 13<sup>th</sup> implementation of the trial. The midwave was conducted September 23-28, 2009. A copy of the questionnaire is appended.

### Results

The findings are reported in the format of an *Executive Overview*, followed by *Detailed Findings*. Base sizes shown represent the actual number interviewed (unweighted).

The following notations have been used in this report:

▲ Significantly higher

▲ Directionally higher

**▼** Significantly lower

▼ Directionally lower

Significance is tested at the 95% confidence level. Directionally higher/lower is not yet statistically significant at the 95% confidence level.



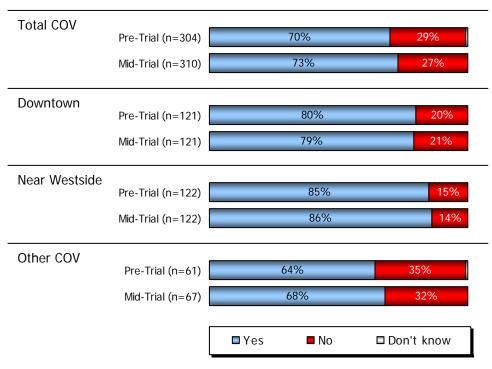


### **Detailed Findings**

### 1. Awareness and Knowledge of Lane Re-allocation Trial

- Most residents know that some changes have been made to the Burrard Bridge (73% in total). Awareness of changes is higher in the target neighbourhoods of the Near Westside and Downtown peninsula.
- Awareness of changes to the bridge has remained about the same, since the pre-trial measure when a majority already knew of potential changes due to widespread media coverage.

### **Awareness of Changes to Burrard Bridge**



O.1) As you may know, three bridges link the Downtown peninsula with the City of Vancouver: the Burrard, Granville and Cambie Street Bridges. The Burrard Bridge is the bridge closest to English Bay in Vancouver.

PRE-TRIAL; Have you seen or heard anything about potential changes to the Burrard Bridge?
MID-TRIAL: Have you seen or heard anything about changes to the Burrard Bridge?



- The primary sources of awareness are television and newspaper items, both noticed by about half of residents—similar levels at pre- and mid-trial surveys.
- Radio is the next most commonly mentioned (34% in total), up slightly since the prewave survey but particularly among residents outside of the target areas.
- Other sources mentioned at mid-trial include personally witnessing the changes, banners on the Burrard Bridge, word of mouth and to a lesser extent, websites.

#### Sources of Awareness Regarding Bridge Changes (Unaided) Those who have seen/heard anything about potential changes to the Burrard Bridge **Total COV** Other COV Downtown Near Westside Pre-Mid-Pre-Mid-Pre-Mid-Pre-Mid-Trial **Trial** Trial Trial Trial Trial Trial Trial (97) (248)(99)(107)(104)(42)(47)(248)% % % % % % % % Newspaper (net) 50 52 50 40 50 55 49 55 Newspaper article/item 49 52 49 39 49 54 49 55 Newspaper 3 2 2 2 6 1 6 17 advertisement/notice Television 55 53 51 51 44 40 59 57 Radio 22 32 17 37▲ 22 34▲ 28 36 Saw in person/live 15▲ 21 27 10 nearby/commute on bridge Word of mouth/from people I 8 14▲ 10 5 13 16 14 14 Banner on [Burrard] Bridge 11▲ 4 26 1 17 6 5 Banner in Stanley Park/near 4 1 1 Lions Gate Bridge Web (net) 4 5 9 2 10 5 6 Other website 3 5 9 2 9 3 6 City website 2 2 2 2 <1 Other 3 1 3 4 Don't recall 2 3 2 Q.2) Where did you see or hear about these changes?

Significance is tested at the 95% confidence level. Directionally higher/lower indicates a possible trend but not yet statistically significant at the 95% confidence level.

▼ Significantly lower

Directionally higher



Mustel Group Market Research

▲ Significantly higher

Directionally lower



- Most residents aware of changes make some mention of addition or allocation of a cycling lane in general or with more specifics about the configuration.
- Greater mention is made at the mid-trial about traffic congestion and changes for pedestrians.

### **Bridge Changes Seen or Heard About (Unaided)**

### Those who have seen/heard anything about changes to the Burrard Bridge

	Tota	I COV	Dowr	ntown	Near W	/estside	Othe	r COV
	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (248) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (248) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (99) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (97) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (107) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (104) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (42) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (47) %
Will add/ Added a bike lane (general)	35	51▲	44	39	42	38	30	59
One vehicle lane allocated to cyclists	38	29	32	28	36	39	40	26
Increase in traffic congestion/ created bottleneck off bridge	1	16▲	2	24	1	15	2	14
Re-routes pedestrians/altered sidewalk access/ dedicated pedestrian-only walk	3	12▲	3	11	-	17	4	12
A trial period/Bike lane trial/ starting July	10	10	7	6	14	10	9	11
One lane and one sidewalk for cyclists	2	10▲	-	8	1	11	3	10
Expanded access for cyclists & pedestrians	-	6▲	-	8	-	4	-	5
Trial seems to be going well	-	5▲	-	12	-	3	-	4
Barriers separating bike lane from vehicles	1	4 ▲	1	5	5	5	-	4
Complaints from drivers/ Pre-trial: Some unhappy with plan/think unnecessary	5	4	6	7	1	9	6	2
It's a good idea/ Good for cyclists	-	3	-	7	-	4	-	2
Concern about loss of business	-	2	-	2	-	4	-	2
Traffic rerouted to Granville and Cambie/ Pre-trial: Will reduce vehicle traffic on bridge/rerouting traffic	1	2	2	6	5	4	-	
One southbound lane allocated to cyclists. Bikes northbound have exclusive use of east sidewalk, pedestrians west sidewalk	5	-	8	+	13	+	2	-
Two lanes (north & southbound) will be allocated for cyclists	5	-	7	-	9	-	3	
Expanding capacity/widening sidewalks	3	-	3	-	3	-	2	-
Tried a few years ago/failed after a week	1	-	2	-	1	-	2	-
Miscellaneous	5	5	5	6	4	6	5	4
Nothing specific/ don't know	9	-	3	-	-	-	14	-

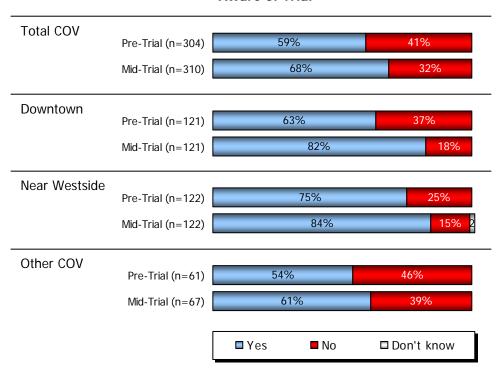
Q.3) What have you seen or heard about the Burrard Bridge changes?





- Awareness of the lane reallocation trial per se has increased since the pre-trial measure, currently found among almost 7–in-10 residents city-wide and reaching over 8-in-10 in the target areas of Downtown and Near Westside.
- In particular, Downtown residents have become much more aware of the trial—awareness growing from 63% to 82% at this time.

#### **Aware of Trial**



Q.4) As you may or may not know, the City of Vancouver [is/will be] conducting a summer and fall trial where one southbound lane of the Burrard Bridge [is/has been] changed into a bicycle-only lane. The lane closest to the west sidewalk nearest English Bay [is/will be] the bicycle-only lane.

The three northbound lanes for going into downtown and two southbound lanes leaving downtown [will] remain open to auto traffic only. Temporary concrete pylons separate the one cycling lane from the automobile traffic.

Cyclists travelling northbound (towards downtown) [will] have exclusive use of the east sidewalk. Pedestrians travelling in either direction [will] have exclusive use of the west sidewalk, farthest from the auto traffic.

Have you seen or heard about this trial [for/currently in place on] the Burrard Bridge?



- The public perceives the main reasons for doing the trial to be environment-related, such as reducing traffic congestion, encouraging mode shift/being more bike and pedestrian friendly, improved air quality (net first mention 40%, net total mentions 63%—see next page).
- Safety and appeasing cyclists are secondary reasons given, and to a lesser extent to gauge public interest (respectively, 23%, 19% and 12% total mentions—see next page). Results are generally similar to that found in the pre-trial survey.

	Total	COV	Dowr	ntown	Near W	/estside	Other	COV
	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (304) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (310) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (121) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (121) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (122) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (122) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (61) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (67) %
Environment (Net)	43	40	41	46	47	49	42	37
Reduce vehicle usage/traffic congestion	10	14	13	16	8	15	10	14
Encourage more people to cycle/walk	13	12	13	17	20	16	12	10
Improve air quality/good for the environment	12	6	3	3	5	6	15	7
Make city more bike-/pedestrian-friendly	2	6▲	3	8	3	9	2	5
Promote Vancouver as a green city/ environmentally aware	6	2	9	2	12	3	4	1
To appease cyclists/ pressure from the bicycle rider lobby/Critical Mass protest	17	15	16	11	12	14	19	16
Safety (Net)	10	11	17	13	14	17	7	9
Increase cyclists' safety crossing bridge	6	8	14	9	11	15	2	6
Reduce the risk of accidents between pedestrian and cyclist on the sidewalks	5	3	3	4	3	3	5	2
To get feedback/gauge public interest	1	7▲	3	6	3	11	-	6
To win votes/part of election campaign	1	4	2	5	1	1	-	4
Negative comment re: Mayor/ Councillors	4	1	1	1	2	1	6	1
Mayor is cyclist/pro-bike people on council	2	1	-	2	1	-	2	1
Encourages a healthy lifestyle	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
Least expensive option/ Costs too much to alter Burrard Bridge/ build a new bridge	-	1	-	5	-	2	-	-
Olympics/ making a good impression	1	<1	1	2	1	-	2	-
Trying to better utilize Burrard Bridge/ move traffic flow to Granville Bridge	6	<1	8	1	9	-	5	-
Miscellaneous	1	<1	3	1	3	-	-	-
Don't know	14	19	8	7	5	5	18	25

Q.5) Why do you think the City is doing this trial?





	Tota	COV	Dowr	ntown	Near W	Vestside Other		COV
	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (304) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (310) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (121) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (121) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (122) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (122) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (61) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (67) %
Environment (Net)	57	63	64	68	69	74	53	59
Reduce vehicle usage/traffic congestion	32	31	39	38	39	38	28	28
Encourage more people to cycle/walk	27	31	33	34	39	44	23	28
Improve air quality/good for the environment	23	22	13	15	20	19	27	25
Make the city more bike pedestrian friendly	7	11	3	12	7	16	7	9
Promote Vancouver as a green city/environmentally aware	11	10	16	15	22	11	7	9
Safety (Net)	25	23	38	29	33	37	20	19
Increase safety of cyclists crossing bridge	19	20	31	25	26	37	15	15
Reduce the risk of accidents between pedestrian and cyclist on the sidewalks	8	8	9	10	13	15	6	7
To appease cyclists/pressure from the bicycle rider lobby/Critical Mass protest	19	19	20	20	18	18	19	19
To get feedback/gauge public interest	5	12▲	7	10	8	14	5	12
Encourages a healthy lifestyle	4	6	5	5	5	1	3	7
Trying to win votes/party of election campaign	3	5	5	7	4	3	3	5
Least expensive option/ Costs too much to alter Burrard Bridge/ build a new bridge	-	3	-	10	-	7	-	-
The Mayor is a cyclist/pro-bike people on council	4	2	3	3	4	1	5	1
Olympics/making a good impression	2	2	2	4	3	4	2	2
Trying to better utilize the Burrard Bridge/move traffic flow to Granville Bridge	13	1	15	2	18	1	11	1
Negative comments about Mayor/Councillors	5	1	2	2	4	1	6	1
Waste of resources/ There are more pressing concerns (e.g. infrastructure, housing)	-	<1	-	3	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	8	1	10	5	9	2	7	-
Don't know	14	19	8	7	5	5	18	25

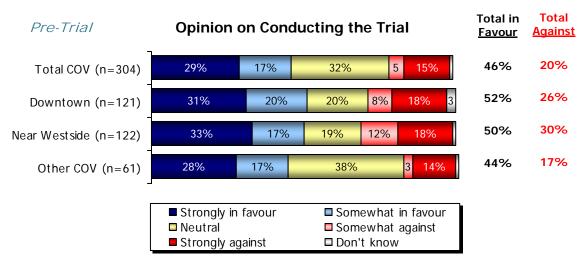
Q.5) Why do you think the City is doing this trial?





### 2. Pre-implementation Support for Trial

- Pre-implementation, support for conducting the trial outweighed opposition by significant margins in all areas studied. In the target neighbourhoods at least half of residents supported the trial (50-52% in favour vs. 26-30% against). Similarly in other areas of the City, support prevailed, though almost 4-in-10 residents were neutral.
- Support came from across all demographic groups, including single occupant vehicle drivers using the Burrard Bridge (42% in favour vs. 31% against).



Pre-Trial: Q.6) In general, are you in favour, neutral or against this trial? Is that: strongly or somewhat [in favour/against]?

Rounding may cause some %s not to add to 100% or to subtotals.

- Reasons for supporting the trial are primarily environment-related (encourages use of alternative transportation/to be more cycle and pedestrian-friendly, being good for environment/reduces carbon emissions). Other reasons include safety, a good idea/worth a try, to reduce traffic congestion, to provide real data on feasibility.
- Among those opposed to the trial, the most common concern is about an increase in traffic congestion. Other objections include: negative comments about cyclists, cycle lane unnecessary (enough room to share with pedestrians), bad idea/not properly thought-out/should consider alternative solutions, unsafe.
- Those who are neutral largely say that they are unaffected by the change.





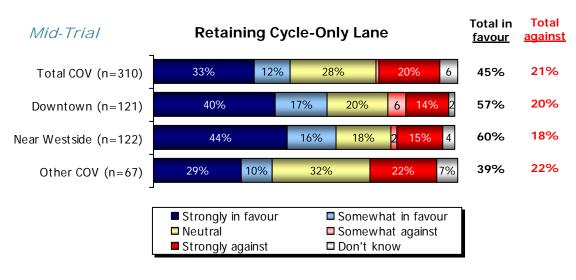
This chart shows the reasons by area of residence.

Reasons Support for/Opp	position to	Trial (Unaid	ded)	
		Pre-	Trial	
	Total COV (304) %	Downtown (121) %	Near <u>Westside</u> (122) %	Other COV (61) %
NEUTRAL				
Doesn't affect me (i.e. don't cycle, don't use Bridge)	22	14	11	26
It will provide real data/determine whether or not this is a feasible idea	10	11	11	10
Need more information	2	1	2	3
POSITIVES				
Will encourage use of alternative transportation/get people out of their cars	17	18	27	15
Good for environment/will reduce carbon emissions	16	12	15	17
It's a good idea/worth trying	15	18	14	14
Need to make cycling safer	11	17	17	7
Will reduce traffic congestion	8	7	10	8
I'm a cyclist	5	10	6	3
Vancouver needs to be more bike/pedestrian friendly /like European cities	4	7	9	1
It promotes a healthy lifestyle	1	5	4	-
NEGATIVES				
Will increase traffic congestion/ Burrard Bridge is already congested	16	30	22	11
It's a bad idea/has not been properly thought out	9	10	14	7
Dislike cyclists/negative comments regarding cyclists	8	5	7	8
It's not necessary/cyclists and pedestrians have enough room on the sidewalks	5	5	7	4
Increases the potential for accidents (i.e. pedestrians crossing on Kits side, more bikes crossing into traffic)	4	3	2	4
Should consider alternate solutions (extending bridge deck, bike/pedestrian lanes underneath bridge deck)	3	6	8	1
Will disrupt traffic flow/access/egress	2	4	8	-
Will increase pollution due to traffic congestion	2	3	2	2
It's a waste of money	2	2	2	2
Didn't work last time they tried it	1	2	6	-
Miscellaneous	2	4	4	1
Don't know	4	4	2	5
Pre-Trial: Q.7) Why do you say that?				



### 3. Opinion on Retention of Cycle Lane and Other Options

- Retaining the one southbound cycling-only lane after the trial period receives support from a majority of residents in the target neighbourhoods (57% of Downtown and 60% of the Near Westside). Furthermore, support tends to be 'strongly' in favour (40% and 44%, respectively).
- City-wide support outweighs opposition by more than two to one (45% in favour vs. 21% against). Note that one-third of those outside the target areas are neutral on the subject, largely because they feel unaffected by the bridge's lane configuration.
- Even those travelling across Burrard Bridge by single occupant vehicle (SOV) tend to support retention of the cycling lane (51% in favour vs. 31% against).
- The most strongly in support are cyclists and pedestrians using the Burrard Bridge (cyclists: 90% in total and 79% strongly; and pedestrians: 71% in total and 63%, strongly support)



Mid-Trial: Q.7) As we mentioned, one southbound traffic lane has been reserved for bicycles-only during the trial. Are you in favour, neutral or against keeping this southbound bicycle-only lane after the trial period is over? Is that: strongly or somewhat [in favour/against]?

Rounding may cause some %s not to add to 100% or to subtotals.

Reasons for supporting retention recognize the idea as a good one, as it increases safety of cyclists (noted significantly more by target neighbourhood residents), encourages walking/cycling/alternative transportation, is good for the environment





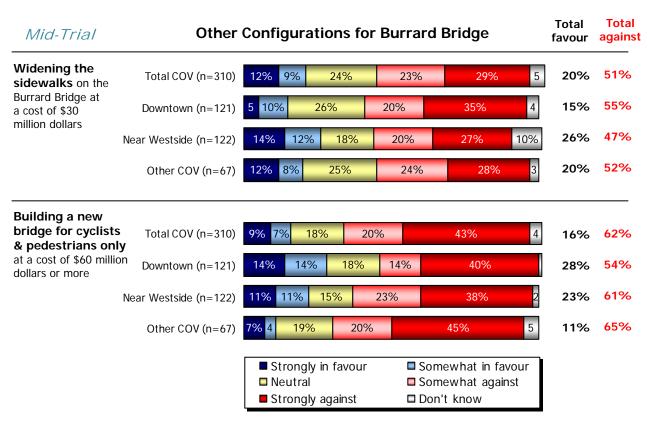
(reducing carbon emissions/traffic congestion) and acknowledges a need to be more cycle/pedestrian friendly.

The primary objection is increased traffic congestion and disruption of traffic flow (12% and 3%, respectively). Some say there are not enough cyclists to justify it (11%).

Reasons for Opinion on Retainin	g Cycle-O	nly Lane (l	Jnaided)	
		Mid-	Trial	
	Total COV (310) %	Downtown (121) %	Near <u>Westside</u> (122) %	Other COV (67) %
NEUTRAL	35	23	28	40
Doesn't affect me (don't cycle, don't use Burrard Bridge)	23	15	14	27▲
Waiting to see the trial results	8	3	7	9
Should consider alternate solutions (e.g. extending bridge deck, bike/pedestrian lanes under bridge deck)	5	5	8	4
POSITIVE	44	55	57	38
It's a good idea/ Way of the future	16	17	8	18
Increases safety of cyclists/ pedestrians crossing bridge	13	24▲	24▲	8
Encourages more people to cycle/ walk	12	15	17	9
Good for the environment/ will reduce carbon emissions	10	10	13	9
Will reduce traffic congestion	8	6	8	8
Vancouver needs to be more bike/ pedestrian friendly/ more like European cities	7	13	10	5
Will encourage use of alternative transportation/ get people out of their cars	7	12	9	5
I'm a cyclist	7	6	13	5
Seems to be working/ not noticed any traffic problems	4	5	4	3
It promotes a healthy lifestyle	2	-	4	3
NEGATIVE	22	25	21	21
Has increased traffic congestion on bridge	12	10	10	13
It's not necessary/ not enough cyclists use the lane	11	8	11	12
Dislike cyclists/ negative comments regarding cyclists	4	3	-	5
Has disrupted traffic flow access/ egress (i.e. Pacific – Burrard, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ave – Burrard)	3	7	4	2
Increases the potential for accidents (e.g. pedestrians crossing on the Kits side of the bridge, more bikes on the road crossing into traffic)	2	4	1	1
Will increase pollution due to traffic congestion	1	1	1	1
It's a waste of money	1	1	1	1
Miscellaneous	1	-	2	1
No reason in particular	5	4	4	6
Mid-Trial: Q.8) Why do you say that?				



- Respondents were presented with two proposed options for other possible bridge configurations that meet safety guidelines but would require funding (order of presenting was rotated)—widening the sidewalks at a cost of about \$30 million and building a new bridge only for cyclists and pedestrians at a cost of about \$60 million or more.
- Residents tend to be opposed to both of these other options and by significant margins regardless of area of residence. In total, about half oppose the sidewalk widening option (51% vs. 20% support). As well, a majority is against the new bridge option (62% in total vs. 16% in support).
- Single occupant vehicle drivers across the Burrard Bridge are the most strongly opposed (sidewalk widening: 50% strongly against and 61% against in total; new cycle-/pedestrian-only bridge: 54% strongly against and 63% against in total).



Mid-Trial: Q.9) The configuration for the Burrard Bridge trial was the most cost-effective option that met safety guidelines. Other more expensive options have been proposed which also meet safety guidelines for cycling and walking.

ROTATE ORDER OF OPTIONS: Here is [one/another] option. Are you in favour, neutral or against this option? Is that strongly or somewhat [in favour/against]?





### 4. Influence of the Trial on Personal Behaviour

- At the pre-trial stage almost one-quarter of residents city-wide expressed that the changes would encourage them to walk or cycle across Burrard Bridge more.
- When residents in the mid-trial survey are asked if the changes did in fact encourage them to walk or cycle across the bridge more often or not, we find that somewhat fewer actually did so (14% in total) except those in the Near Westside who marginally exceeded the pre-trial prediction (26% at mid-trial).
- Nevertheless, to date, the trial has had an overall positive impact in this respect.

#### **Total COV** 23% Pre-Trial (n=304) 72% Mid-Trial (n=310) 14% 80% Downtown Pre-Trial (n=121) 28% 69% 13% Mid-Trial (n=121) 82% Near Westside Pre-Trial (n=122) 21% 76% 26% 72% Mid-Trial (n=122) Other COV Pre-Trial (n=61) 23% 72% 81% Mid-Trial (n=67) ■ More often ■ Makes no difference ■ Less often □ Don't know

**Encouragement to Walk/Cycle across Bridge** 

Pre-Trial: Q.8) <u>Will this change</u> encourage you to walk or cycle across the Burrard Bridge?

Mid-Trial: Q.6) Thus far, <u>have the changes</u> encouraged you to walk or cycle across the Burrard Bridge?

M



- Burrard Bridge usage (past month, past 7 days) is fairly consistent with the pre-trial measure for Near Westside and other City residents, but is down somewhat among those from the Downtown peninsula; this may be reflective of a seasonal shift.
- Since the pre-trial measure, use of the Granville Bridge is down among target area residents in the past month and among Downtown residents in the past seven days. Use of Cambie Bridge appears to be more consistent. Note that these findings are based on respondents' best recollection of the past month and past seven days.

Bridges Used in the <u>Past Month</u> (Any Mode)										
Total COV Downtown Near Westside Other COV										
	Pre-         Mid-         Pre-         Mid- <th< th=""><th>Mid- <u>Trial</u> (67) %</th></th<>							Mid- <u>Trial</u> (67) %		
Granville Bridge	71	66	92	79▼	83	69▼	63	63		
<b>Burrard Bridge</b>	62	59	89	79▼	88	82	49	49		
Cambie Bridge	58	56	77	72	50	45	56	54		

Q.10a) Next, a few questions about your current transportation to and from the Downtown area. Which, if any, of the following bridges have you used in the <u>past month</u>?

Bridges Used in the Past 7 Days (Any Mode)											
Total COV Downtown Near Westside Other COV											
	Pre-         Mid-         Pre-         Mid-         Pre-         Mid-         P Pre-         Mid-         P Pre-         Mid-         P Mid- <th< th=""><th>Mid- <u>Trial</u> (67) %</th></th<>							Mid- <u>Trial</u> (67) %			
Granville Bridge	41	34▼	68	50▼	53	45	31	28			
<b>Burrard Bridge</b>	37	29▼	70	49▼	66	56	22	18			
Cambie Bridge	31	34	53	46	24	23	27	34			

Q.10b) Next, a few questions about your current transportation to and from the Downtown area. Which, if any, of the following bridges have you used in the <u>past 7 days</u>?



- Among users of the Burrard Bridge, findings on mode of transportation for crossing the bridge during the past month indicate some significant changes since the pre-trial measure, as follows:
  - Increase reported in cycling, particularly among Near Westside but also Downtown residents—both doubling among bridge users.
  - Increase reported in walking by across the bridge by Downtown residents, but a decline among those from the Near Westside.
  - On the other hand, Near Westside residents register the highest increase for cycling—plus 19 percentage points. Although a decline in walking across the bridge is noted among these residents, some may have shifted to cycling.
  - Finally, single occupant vehicle use is down since the pre-trial measure, but carpooling has increased, particularly among those outside the target neighbourhoods.

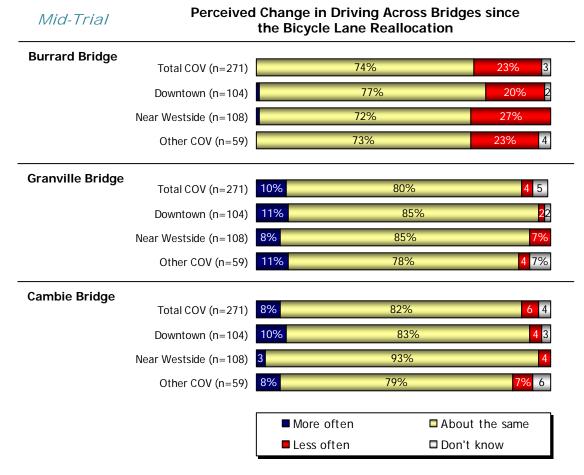
Mode of Transportation										
Those who crossed the Burrard Bridge in past month										
	Total	I COV	Dowr	itown	Near W	/estside	Other	COV**		
	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (240) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (229) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (107) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (97) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (108) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (99) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (25) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (33) %		
Automobile (Net)	88	85	76	76	91	85	92	88		
Driver without passengers	63	52▼	51	45	60	55	68	54		
Driver with passengers (as a driver or passenger)	57	71 ▲	55	64	80	74	48	73▲		
Transit	24	29	34	35	39	44	14	21		
Walking	16	15	23	37▲	25	14▼	8	8		
Cycling	9	18▲	12	23▲	16	35▲	5	10		
Other ways	1	1	3	-	1	3	-	-		

Q.11) In the past month, which of the following forms of transportation did you use to cross the Burrard Bridge?

<sup>\*\*</sup> Caution: small base sizes.



- Among licensed drivers, the perceived change in driving across the three bridges across False Creek was asked in the mid-trial survey.
  - Findings suggest some diversion from the Burrard Bridge to the Granville and Cambie Bridges.
  - About one-quarter of residents (23% in total) say they are driving across the Burrard Bridge less often since the lane reallocation.
  - Meanwhile, about 10% of drivers are taking the Granville Bridge more often than before the trial and 8% taking the Cambie Bridge more. About 4-6% says they are using the Granville and Cambie Bridges less, somewhat off-setting the reported increases.



Base: Those who have a valid driver's license

Mid-Trial: Q.15a/b/c) Since the bicycle lane reallocation, do you think you are now driving across the [Burrard/Granville/Cambie] Bridge:

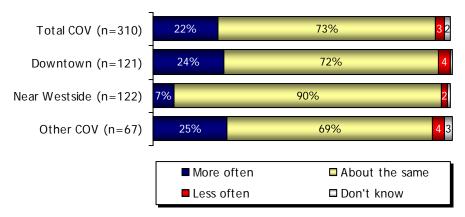




- Since opening of the new Canada Line there has been a noticeable shift to using public transit more often. Over one-in-five city-wide say they are taking public transit more often now.
- Residents of the Downtown and other areas of the City are the main source of this ridership with about one-quarter of residents of these areas riding transit more often. Those from the Near Westside are less likely to report a shift (with just 7% saying they ride transit more often now).

### Mid-Trial

### Frequency of Using Public Transit Since Opening of the Canada Line



Mid-Trial: Q.15d) Since the Canada Line opening, are you now using public transit:



### 5. Preferred Type of Communication about Bridge Trial

Measured in the pre-trial survey only, newspaper is named as the most commonly preferred communication channel for receiving more information about the Burrard Bridge lane reallocation trial. Other media mentioned include television, direct mail and the City's website.

### Preferred Channel for More Information about Lane Reallocation Trial (Unaided)

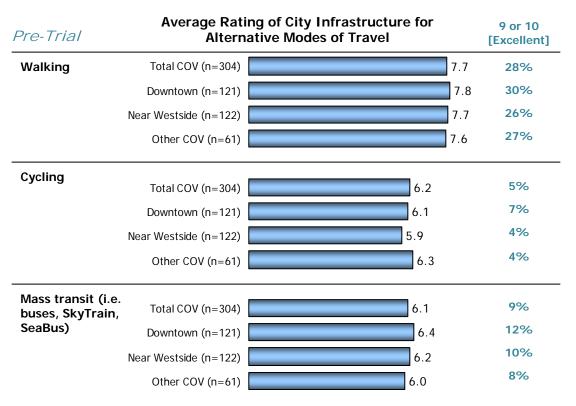
	Pre-Trial							
	<u>Total COV</u> (304) %	Downtown (121) %	Near <u>Westside</u> (122) %	Other COV (61) %				
Newspaper	37	25	33	40				
Television	16	18	12	17				
Direct mail (newsletters, flyers, etc.)	11	10	7	12				
City's website	11	12	10	10				
Email	8	13	11	6				
Radio	5	6	10	3				
Signage on the road	<1	3	-	-				
Not interested in receiving information	18	16	21	18				
Don't know	<1	1	1	-				

Pre-Trial: Q.9) How would you most like to receive more information about the Burrard Bridge changes? (By what type of communication?)



### 6. Infrastructure for Sustainable Travel Alternatives

- Ratings of City infrastructure for sustainable modes of travel reveal that pedestrian infrastructure is the most highly regarded (average score of 7.7 out of 10).
- Cycling and mass transit receive similar average ratings overall—6.2 and 6.1 out of 10, respectively.
- Since sidewalks are nearly ubiquitous, but cycling and transit routes more limited, this is a not surprising outcome. However, the fact that cycling and mass transit are perceived in a similar light is interesting.

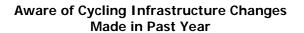


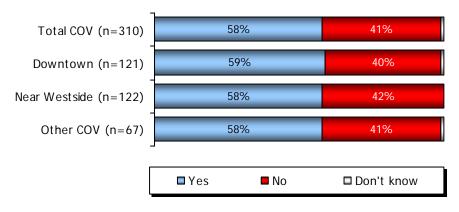
Pre-Trial ONLY: Q.16) Next we'd like your opinion about the infrastructure provided in the City for some different modes of travel. Please picture a scale from 1 through 10, where 1 means very poor and 10 means excellent. The numbers in between represent your feelings in between. How would you rate the City of Vancouver's infrastructure overall for:



The mid-trial survey measured awareness of cycling infrastructure changes made in the past year throughout the City, such as an expanded number of bicycling routes off of the main arterial streets and road and traffic light improvements for cyclists. A majority of residents city-wide say they have noticed these types of cycling infrastructure changes.

Mid-Trial





Mid-Trial: Q.16a) In the past year the City of Vancouver has expanded the number of bicycling routes off of the main arterial streets and made road and traffic light improvements for cyclists. Have you noticed any of these infrastructure changes?

These improvements have had a positive effect on those who have noticed them. Just under half say that as a result of these improvements they have either chosen to cycle more often (20%) or become more interested in cycling in the future (26%).

Effect of Cycling Infrastructure Changes					
		Mid-	Trial		
	Those who have noticed infrastructure changes				
	<u>Total COV</u> (184) %	Downtown (74) %	Near <u>Westside</u> (70) %	Other COV (40) %	
Made you <b>choose</b> to cycle more often	20	24	29	17	
Made you <b>more interested</b> in cycling in the future	26	23	24	27	
Had <b>no impact</b> on your interest of frequency of cycling	54	52	47	56	
Mid-Trial: Q.16b) Have these changes:					

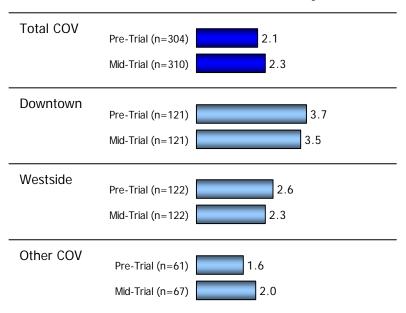


### 7. Current Transportation Patterns (Mid-trial)

- The charts on the pages following illustrate these findings on travel patterns (mid-trial measure):
  - Travel to and from the Downtown Peninsula for any purpose by any mode: The average is 2.3 days per week city-wide and is highest for Downtown residents at 3.5 days per week.
  - Commuting to Downtown for Work: About 20% of the adult population citywide work Downtown, with over one-third among Downtown residents and about one-quarter of Near Westside residents.
  - **Commuting to Downtown for School:** About 10% of the adult population commutes to the Downtown peninsula to travel to school.
  - Frequency of Cycling: City-wide, about 6-in-10 of residents cycle at least annually with almost 4-in-10 doing so at least monthly and over one-quarter cycling at least weekly. Since the pre-trial in late June, more target neighbourhood residents report riding daily at the time of the mid-trial in late September.
  - Year-round Cycling: Cycling year-round is reported by just over 2-in-10 residents city-wide, with slightly higher levels among Downtown and Near Westside residents (27% and 32%, respectively at mid-trial)



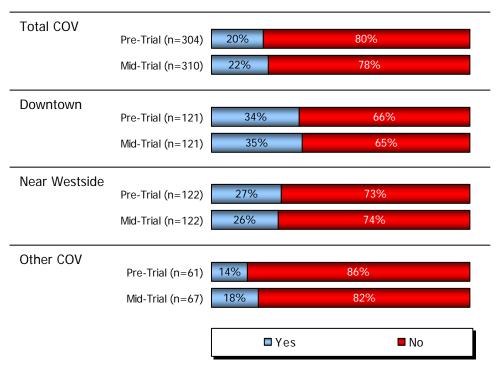
### Average # of Days per Week Travel to and from Downtown Peninsula (Any Mode)



Q.12) On average, about how many days per week do you travel to or from the Downtown Peninsula by any form of transportation? (IF NEEDED: the Downtown Peninsula includes the West End, Coal Harbour and Yaletown/False Creek North)



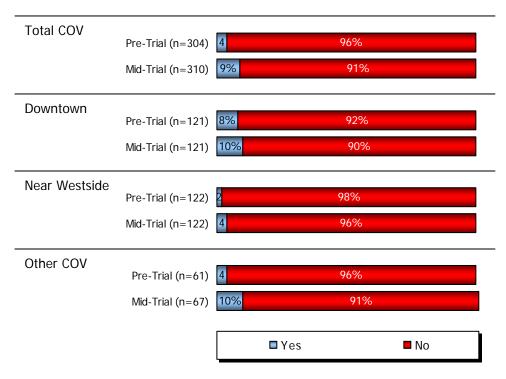
### Regularly Commute to Work in/out of the Downtown Peninsula



Q.13a) Do you regularly travel into or out of the Downtown Peninsula to commute [to work]?

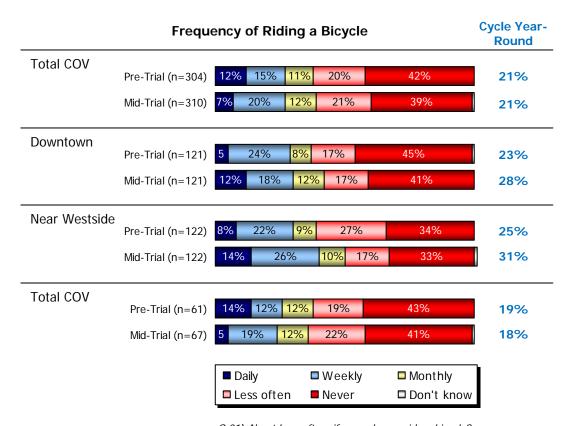


### Regularly Commute to School in/out of the Downtown Peninsula



Q.13b) Do you regularly travel into or out of the Downtown Peninsula to commute [to school when in session]?





Q.21) About how often, if ever, do you ride a bicycle?

Q.22) Do you cycle year-round?



### 8. Demographics

The Burrard Bridge is used by a cross-section of City residents. Those who walk or cycle across the bridge is also represented by the spectrum of residents including all age segments and different household compositions. Persons with difficulty walking, as might be expected are less represented than in the population overall (1-2% vs. 5-7% overall). Less use by families in the mid-trial results may be due to September back to school time.

Demographic Profile										
	Tota	I COV	Downtown		Near Westside		Burrard Bridge User (Any mode)		Walk/Cycle Burrard Bridge	
	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (304) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (310) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (121) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (121) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (122) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (122) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (240) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (229) %	Pre- <u>Trial</u> (71) %	Mid- <u>Trial</u> (82) %
Gender										
Male	48	48	54	54	46	46	40	53	37	47
Female	52	52	46	46	54	54	60	47	63	53
Age										
18 – 34	33	33	42	41	35	33	41	33	31	45
35 – 54	38	39	37	36	38	40	40	38	46	30
55 or over	28	28	22	22	27	27	20	30	23	24
Refused	1	<1	-	1	-	-	-	<1	-	1
Household composition										
Single, living alone or with other adults	43	48	59	62	48	47	50	48	47	61
Married or equivalent with no children	23	25	28	27	23	27	20	25	24	27
Family with children at home	32	26	13	12	30	26	30	27	29	11
Refused	2	2	1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-
Home tenure										
Own	51	59	44	34	63	62	52	59	46	49
Rent	47	35	56	66	37	37	48	37	54	51
Refused	2	6	1	-	1	1	<1	4	-	-
Licensed Driver										
Yes	88	88	85	85	94	94	90	89	83	90
No	12	12	15	15	6	6	10	11	17	10
Mobility Difficulty (re: walking)										
Yes	7	5	5	5	9	7	4	7	2	1
No	93	95	95	95	92	93	96	93	98	99



### Appendix

Questionnaire





#### **INTRO**

Gro res any	llo, my name is calling on behalf of the City of Vancouver from Mustel Research oup. Today we are conducting a very brief survey for the City to get feedback from idents on topics of public interest. Please be assured we are not selling or soliciting thing and all responses are strictly confidential. IF ASKED: The survey takes about 6-8 nutes, on average.
A.	First of all, just to confirm that you fall into our study area, may I please have your postal code? (CHECK LIST OF VALID FSAs) IF NO, THANK AND END.
B.	Next, to randomize our sample for this survey, may I please speak to the male/female in this household who is 18 years of age or older and whose birthday comes next?
	RECORD GENDER:  MALE FEMALE
	AS APPROPRIATE (IF ACCENT): Would you prefer to conduct this survey in Cantonese Mandarin?

### Persuaders—only if needed

- This is strictly an opinion survey; we are not selling or soliciting anything.
- Your number was selected at random.
- This study will help us better understand the opinions and experiences of residents on topical issues.
- All responses are strictly confidential and anonymous; your identity is never revealed to anyone else, including the client.
- The survey averages about 6-8 minutes.
- Mustel Group is a member of the Better Business Bureau.
- City of Vancouver Contact name: Colin Fenby, Communications Assistant Director, 604-871-6106

### Privacy Issues—only if needed

- Mustel Group is committed to protecting your privacy and the confidentiality of your personal information.
- Mustel Group is committed to keeping the personal information you share with us confidential.
- The information you provide will only be used for the purposes of this research. Under no circumstances do we sell OR share contact lists or personal information to others, not even the survey sponsor.
- The information you provide will be retained only for the time it is required for the purposes of this
  research.
- Mustel Group will protect the information you provide with appropriate safeguards and security measures.
- We are fully compliant with the new federal privacy legislation (New act is called PIPEDA: Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act)
- The information you provide will be combined with the responses given by all other survey respondents and reported only in aggregate form. Your answers will remain completely confidential and anonymous.





### **MAIN SURVEY**

1.	As you may know, three bridges link the Downtown peninsula with the City of Vancouver: the Burrard, Granville and Cambie Street Bridges. The Burrard Bridge is the bridge closest to English Bay in Vancouver. Have you seen or heard anything about changes to the Burrard Bridge?						
	<ul> <li>YES</li> <li>NO → GO TO Q4</li> <li>NOT SURE → GO TO Q4</li> </ul>						
2.	Where did you see or hear about these changes? DO NOT READ						
	<ul> <li>□ BANNER IN STANLEY PARK/NEAR LIONS GATE BRIDGE</li> <li>□ BANNER ON BURRARD BRIDGE</li> <li>□ NEWSPAPER – PROBE: Was that a news article or an advertisement?         <ul> <li>○ NEWSPAPER ARTICLE/ ITEM</li> <li>○ NEWSPAPER ADVERTISEMENT/NOTICE</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ RADIO</li> <li>□ TELEVISION</li> <li>□ WEB – PROBE: Which website was it?         <ul> <li>○ CITY WEBSITE</li> <li>○ OTHER WEBSITE</li> </ul> </li> <li>□ WORD OF MOUTH/ FROM PEOPLE I KNOW</li> <li>□ OTHER (SPECIFY)</li> <li>□ OTHER (SPECIFY)</li> </ul>						
3.	What have you seen or heard about the Burrard Bridge changes? PROBE FOR SPECIFICS.						
4.	READ TO EVERYONE: As you may or may not know, the City of Vancouver is conducting a summer and fall trial where one southbound lane of the Burrard Bridge has been changed into a bicycle-only lane. The lane closest to the west sidewalk nearest English Bay is the bicycle-only lane.						
	The three northbound lanes for going into downtown and two southbound lanes leaving downtown remain open to auto traffic only. Temporary concrete pylons separate the one cycling lane from the automobile traffic.  Cyclists travelling northbound (towards downtown) have exclusive use of the east sidewalk. Pedestrians travelling in either direction have exclusive use of the west sidewalk, farthest from the auto traffic.						
	Have you seen or heard about this trial currently in place on the Burrard Bridge?  ☐ YES ☐ NO ☐ NOT SURE						





5.	Why do you think the City is doing this trial? RECORD FIRST MENTION.  FIRST MENTION:
	Any other reasons the City is doing this trial? RECORD AS OTHER MENTIONS  OTHER MENTIONS:  DON'T KNOW
6.	PRE-TRIAL Will this change encourage you MID-TRIAL Thus far, have the changes encouraged you to walk or cycle across the Burrard Bridge: READ
	<ul><li>□ More often,</li><li>□ Less often or</li><li>□ Made no difference?</li><li>□ NOT SURE</li></ul>
7.	As we mentioned, one southbound traffic lane has been reserved for bicycles-only during the trial. Are you in favour, neutral or against keeping this southbound bicycle-only lane after the trial period is over? IF IN FAVOUR OR AGAINST, ASK: Is that: strongly or somewhat [in favour/against]?
	<ul> <li>□ Strongly in favour</li> <li>□ Somewhat in favour</li> <li>□ Neutral</li> <li>□ Somewhat against</li> <li>□ Strongly against</li> <li>□ (DO NOT READ) DON'T KNOW/UNDECIDED</li> </ul>
8.	ASK EVERYONE: Why do you say that? PROBE FOR SPECIFICS.
	PRE-TRIAL ONLY Q9 How would you most like to receive more information about the Burrard Bridge changes (by what type of communication)?]
9.	MID-TRIAL ONLY The configuration for the Burrard Bridge trial was the most cost- effective option that met safety guidelines. Other more expensive options have been proposed which also meet safety guidelines for cycling and walking.
	Here is [one/another] option. ROTATE ORDER OF READING 9a/9b. Are you in favour, neutral or against this option? PROBE: Is that strongly or somewhat [in favour/against]?
	a) Widening the sidewalks on the Burrard Bridge at a cost of \$30 million dollars?

b) Building a new bridge for cyclists and pedestrians only at a cost of \$60

million dollars or more?



## Burrard Bridge Lane Reallocation Study Study A822



**Final Questionnaire** 

- 10. Next, a few questions about your current transportation to and from the Downtown area.
  - a) Which, if any, of the following bridges have you used in the past month? READ.
  - b) FOR EACH YES, ASK: in the past 7 days?

	a) Past month?	b) Past 7 days?
Burrard Bridge	1	1
Granville Bridge	2	2
Cambie Bridge	3	3
NONE OF THESE	4	4

IF USED BURRARD BRIDGE IN PAST MONTH, CONTINUE. OTHERWISE, SKIP TO Q12.

11. In the past month, which of the following forms of transportation did you use to cross the Burrard Bridge? Please tell me 'yes' or 'no' for each: READ LIST (MULTIPLE OK)

	<u>YES</u>
Automobile driver without passengers	1
Automobile with passengers (as driver or passenger)	2
Transit	3
Cycling	4
Walking	5
Other (specify)	

- 12. On average, about how many days per week do you travel to or from the Downtown Peninsula by <u>any</u> form of transportation? (IF NEEDED: the Downtown Peninsula includes the West End, Coal Harbour and Yaletown/False Creek North) # DAYS PER WEEK: \_\_\_\_ (VALID CODES = 0 TO MAX 7)
- 13. Do you regularly travel into or out of the Downtown Peninsula to commute: READ

To work? 1 YES 2 NO To school when in session? 1 YES 2 NO

14. EVERYONE: Do you have a valid driver's license?

1 YES 2 NO  $\rightarrow$  GO TO Q15d

15. MID-WAVE ONLY

IF LICENSED DRIVER, ASK Q15-a/b/c: Since the bicycle lane
reallocation, do you think you are now driving across the [INSERT a/b/c]: READ SCALE
ASK EVERYONE: Q15-d: Since the Canada Line opening, are you now using public
transit: READ SCALE

	a) Burrard	b) Granville	c) Cambie	d) Public
	<u>Bridge</u>	<u>Bridge</u>	<u>Bridge</u>	<u>Transit</u>
More often,	1	1	1	1
Less often or	2	2	2	2
About the same as before	3	3	3	3





16. PRE-TRIAL ONLY Next we'd like your opinion about the infrastructure provided in the City for some different modes of travel. Please picture a scale from 1 through 10, where 1 means very poor and 10 means excellent. The numbers in between represent your feelings in between. How would you rate the City of Vancouver's infrastructure overall for:
a) Walking? b) Cycling? c) Mass transit (e.g., buses, SkyTrain, SeaBus)?
16a) MID-WAVE ONLY In the past year the City of Vancouver has expanded the number of bicycling routes off of the main arterial streets and made road and traffic light improvements for cyclists. Have you noticed any of these infrastructure changes? ☐ YES ☐ NO
16b) MID-WAVE ONLY IF YES: Have these changes: READ IN ORDER
Made you <u>choose</u> to cycle more often,
☐ Made you more interested in cycling in the future or
☐ Had <u>no impact</u> on your interest or frequency of cycling?
DEMOGRAPHICS
Finally, some demographic questions to make sure we've included all types of residents
b) Into which of the following age groups do you fall?  18-24 years  25-34  35-44  45-54  55-64  REFUSED
<ul> <li>c) Which of the following best describes your situation? READ</li> <li>Single, living alone or with other adults</li> <li>Married or equivalent with no children at home</li> <li>Family with children at home: IF YES, PROBE: Any pre-school children? 1 YES 2 NO</li> </ul>
d) Do you own or rent your current home?  Own Rent OTHER
<ul><li>e) Do you have any mobility difficulties (such as, difficulty walking)?</li><li>YES</li><li>NO</li></ul>





f)	About how often, if ever, do	you ride a bic	ycle?	
	■ Daily			
	☐ Weekly			
	■ Monthly			
	☐ Less often			
	☐ Never → GO TO Q23			
g)	Do you cycle year-round?	1 YES 2 NO		
h)	LANGUAGE OF INTERVIEW:	1 ENGLISH	2 CANTONESE	3 MANDARIN

**Thank you**, this completes our survey.

The City of Vancouver and Mustel Group appreciate your input.