#### PROPOSAL STATISTICS

#### **DENSITY**

14,995 SF SITE AREA (120'x124.9') ±173,995 SF OF TOTAL GROSS FLOOR AREA ±10.28 FSR

#### **HEIGHT**

35 STOREYS ± 348'-4" ABOVE BASE HEIGHT

#### RESIDENTIAL

100 - 1 BEDROOM/STUDIO SUITES

43 - 2 BEDROOM SUITES16 - 3 BEDROOM SUITES

159 SUITES TOTAL

#### **PARKING**

- 68 REGULAR STALLS
- 15 SMALL CAR STALLS
- 11 VISITOR CAR STALLS
- 5 ACCESSIBLE STALLS
- 4 REGULAR CULTURAL AMENITY STALLS
- 2 ACCESSIBLE CULTURAL AMENITY STALLS
- 2 CLASS 'A' RESIDENTIAL LOADING (LOCATED AT GRADE)
- 1 CLASS 'B' RESIDENTIAL LOADING (SHARED WITH CULTURAL AMENITY)

338 CLASS 'A' BICYCLE PARKING STALLS

- 7 CLASS 'A' CULTURAL AMENITY BICYCLE PARKING STALLS
- 12 CLASS 'B' BICYCLE PARKING STALLS

#### RESIDENTIAL AMENITY

± 2,207 SF RESIDENTIAL AMENITY SPACE ON LEVEL 2

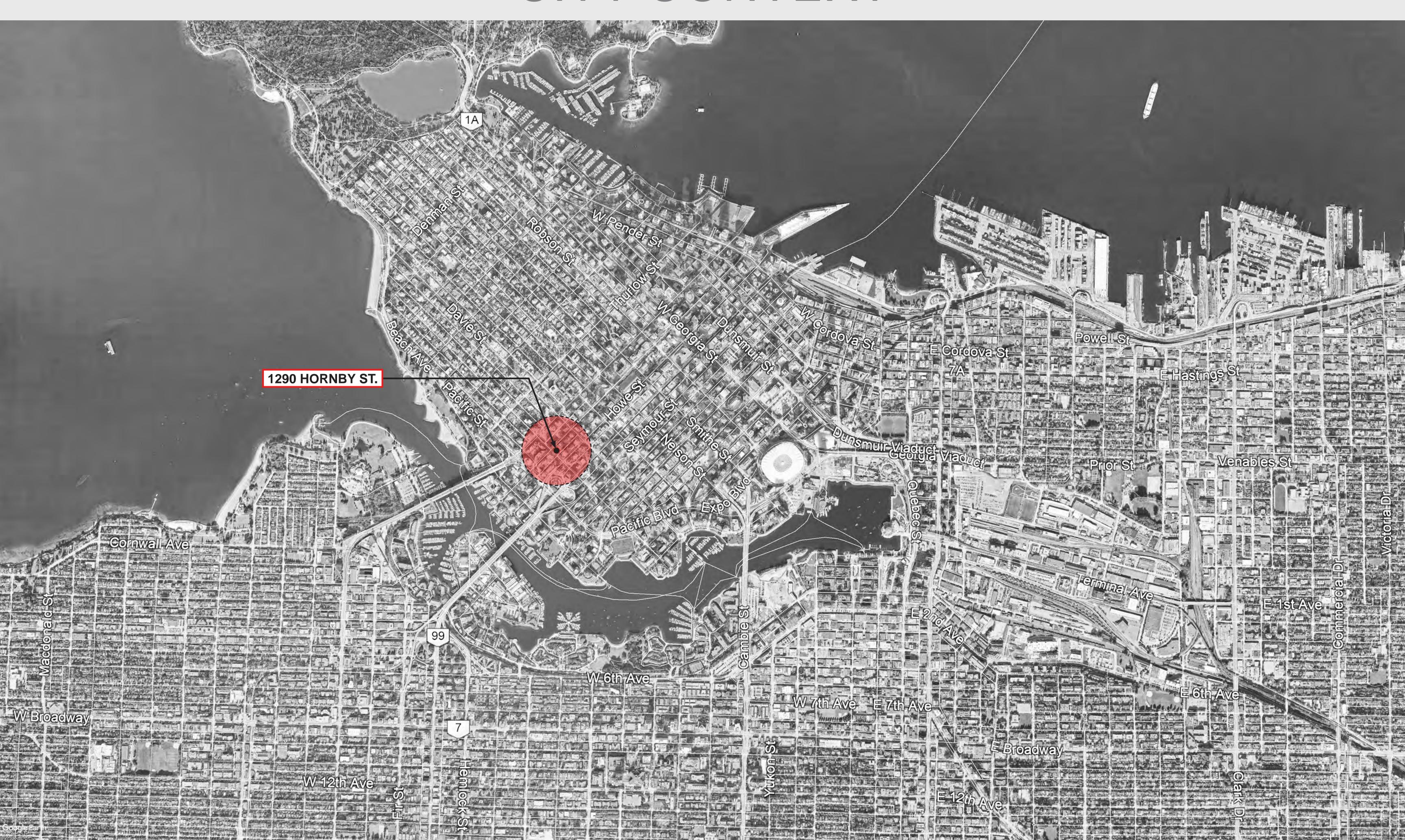
± 1,040 SF RESIDENTIAL AMENITY SPACE (INDOOR) ON LEVEL 6

± 1,850 SF RESIDENTIAL AMENITY DECK (OUTDOOR) ON LEVEL 6

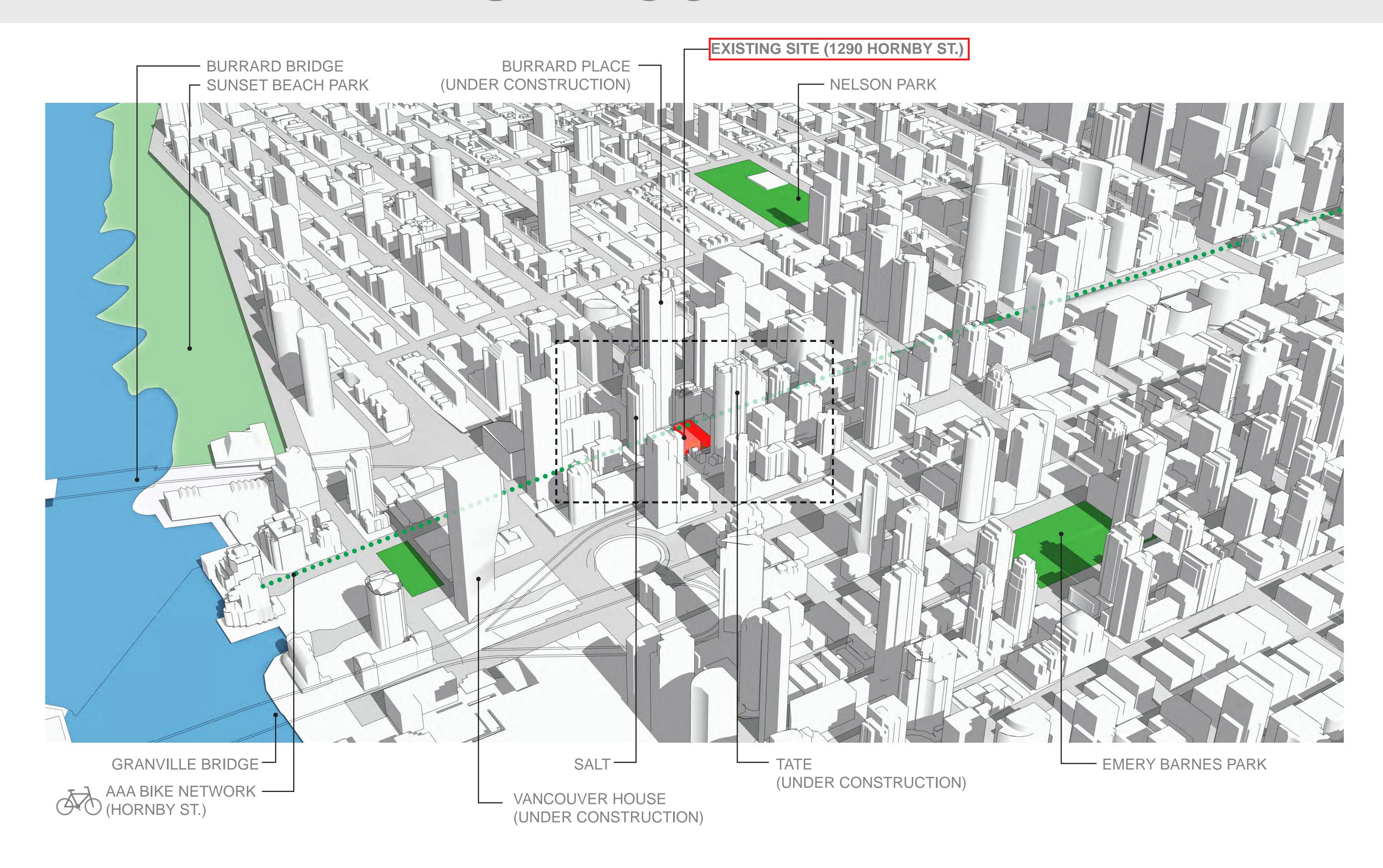
#### **PUBLIC BENEFITS**

± 10,531 SF PUBLIC CULTURAL AMENITY ON LEVEL 1, MEZZANINE, & LEVEL 2

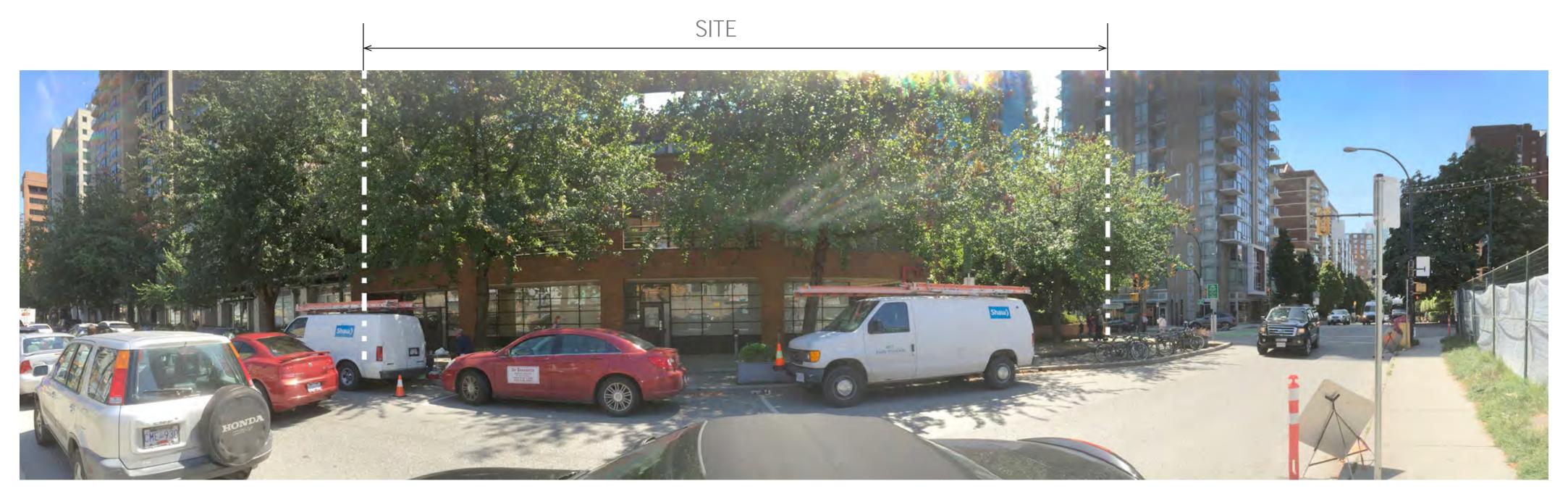
## CITY CONTEXT



## SITE CONTEXT



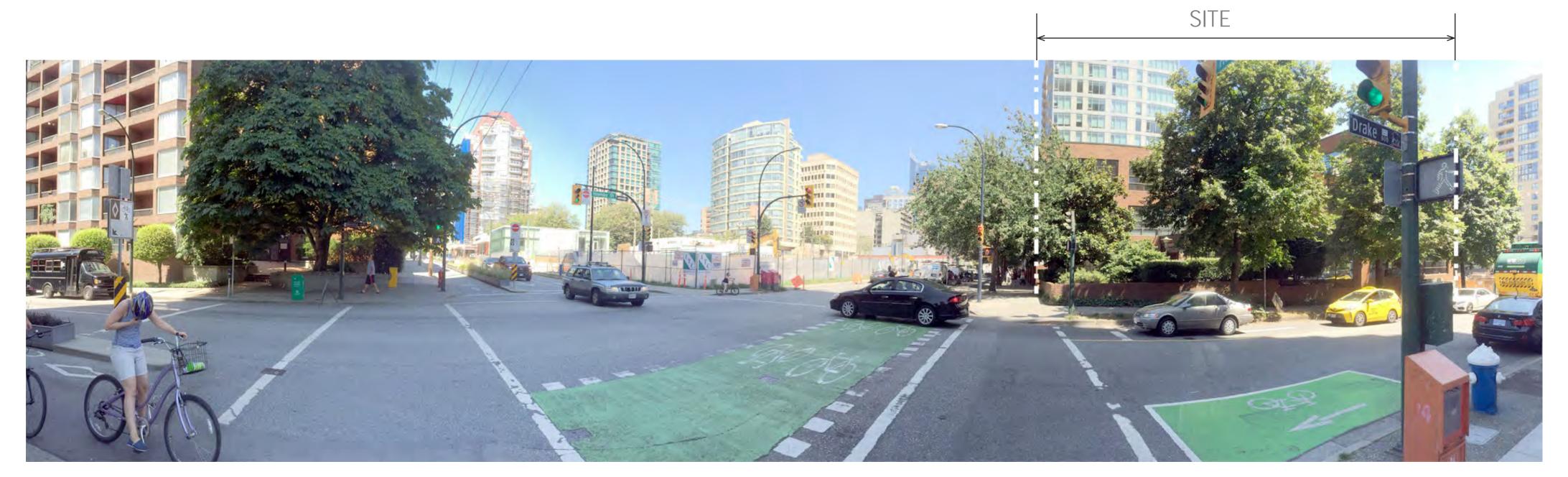
#### SITE CONTEXT PHOTOS



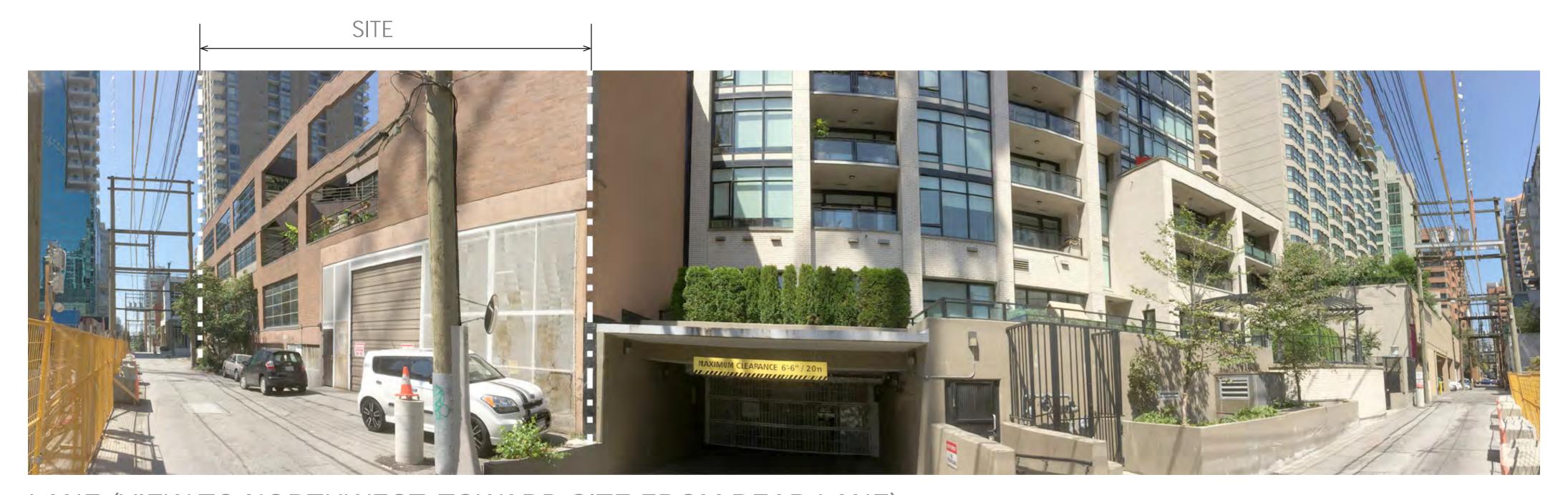
HORNBY STREET (VIEW TO SOUTHEAST, TOWARD SITE)



HORNBY AND DRAKE INTERSECTION (VIEW TO SOUTHEAST, TOWARD SITE)

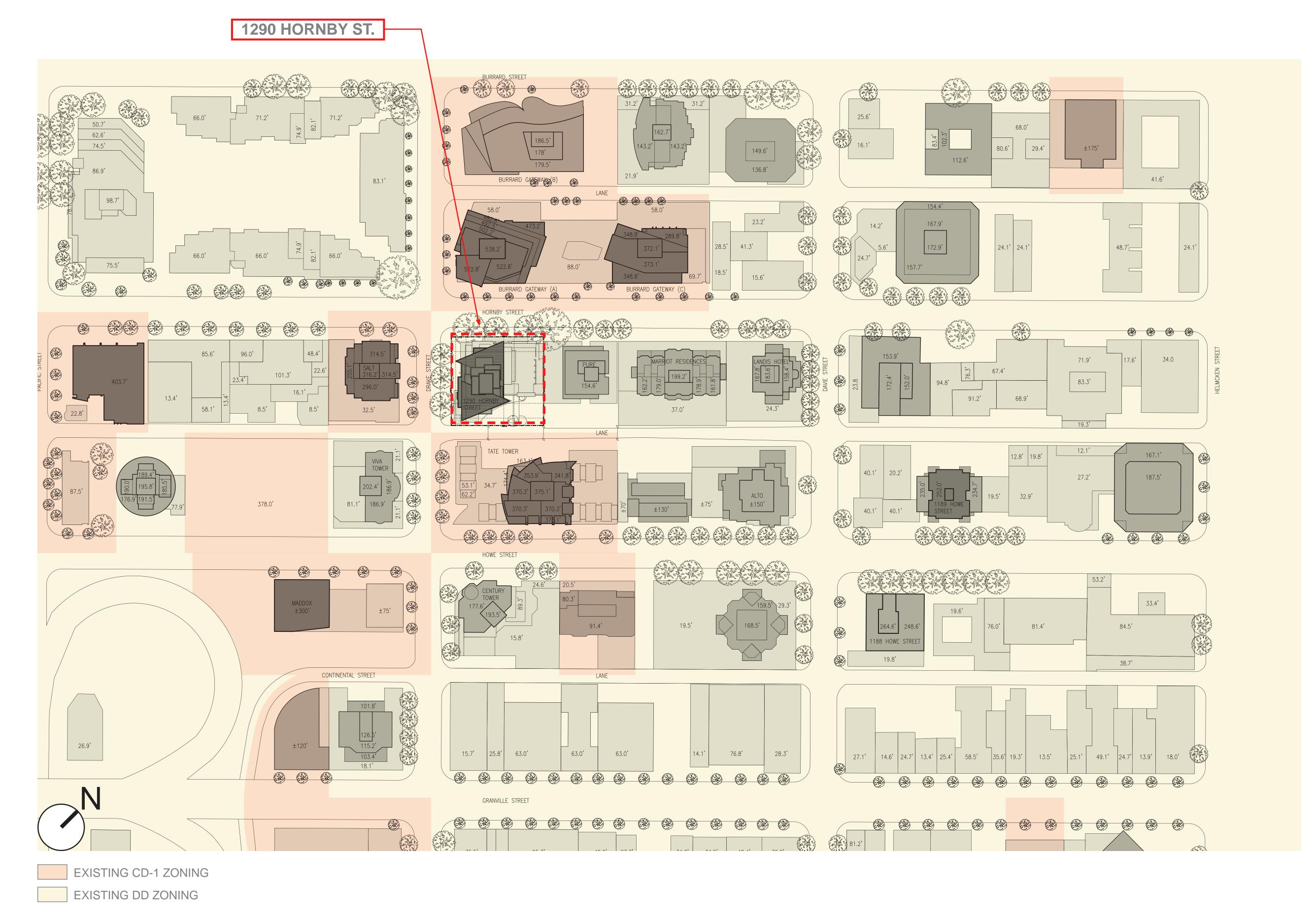


HORNBY AND DRAKE INTERSECTION (VIEW TO NORTH, TOWARD BURRARD GATEWAY)

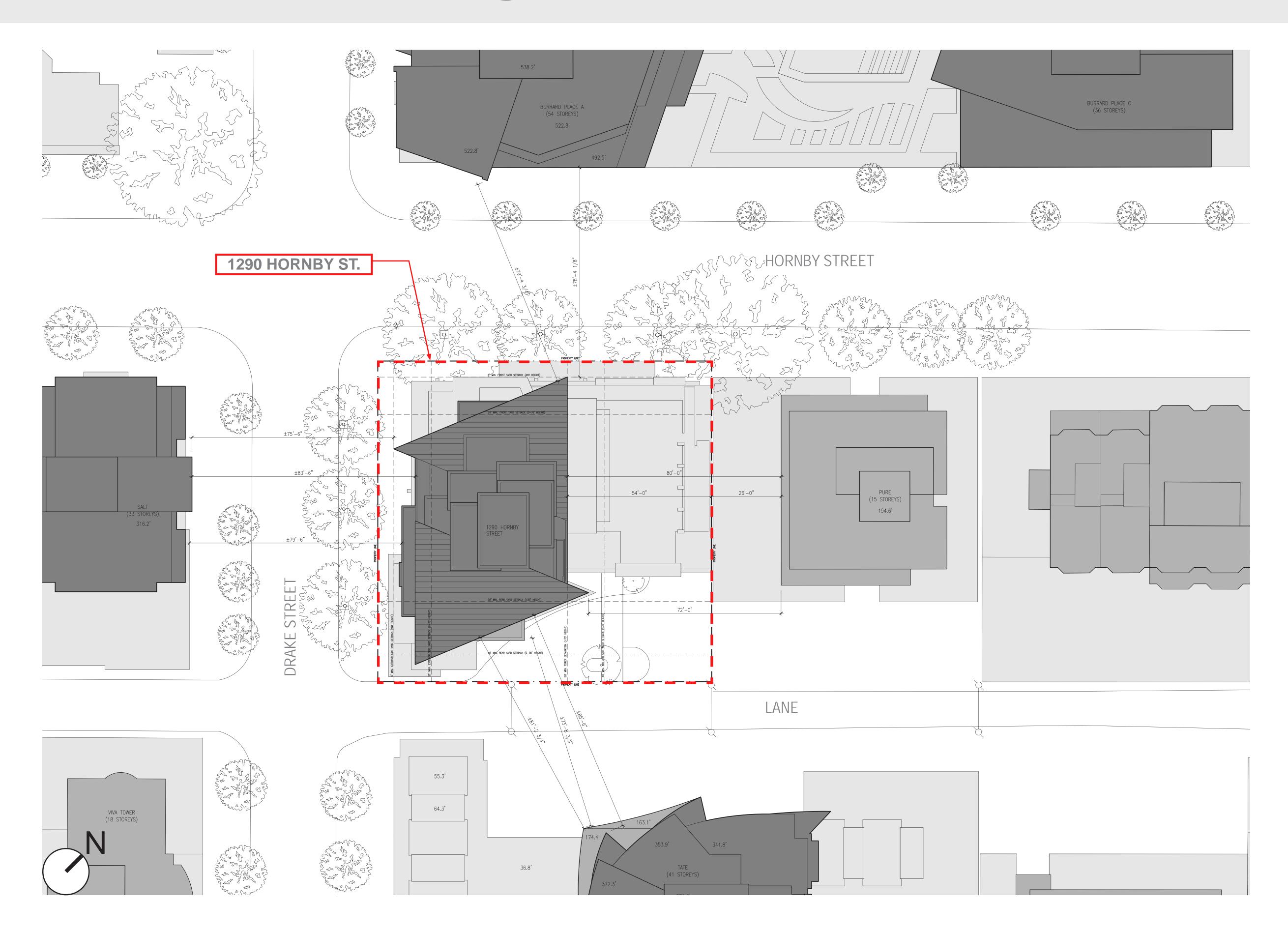


LANE (VIEW TO NORTHWEST, TOWARD SITE FROM REAR LANE)

#### CONTEXTPLAN



## SITE PLAN



# OUR PROPOSAL



1290 HORNBY STREET LTD.

# OUR PROPOSAL



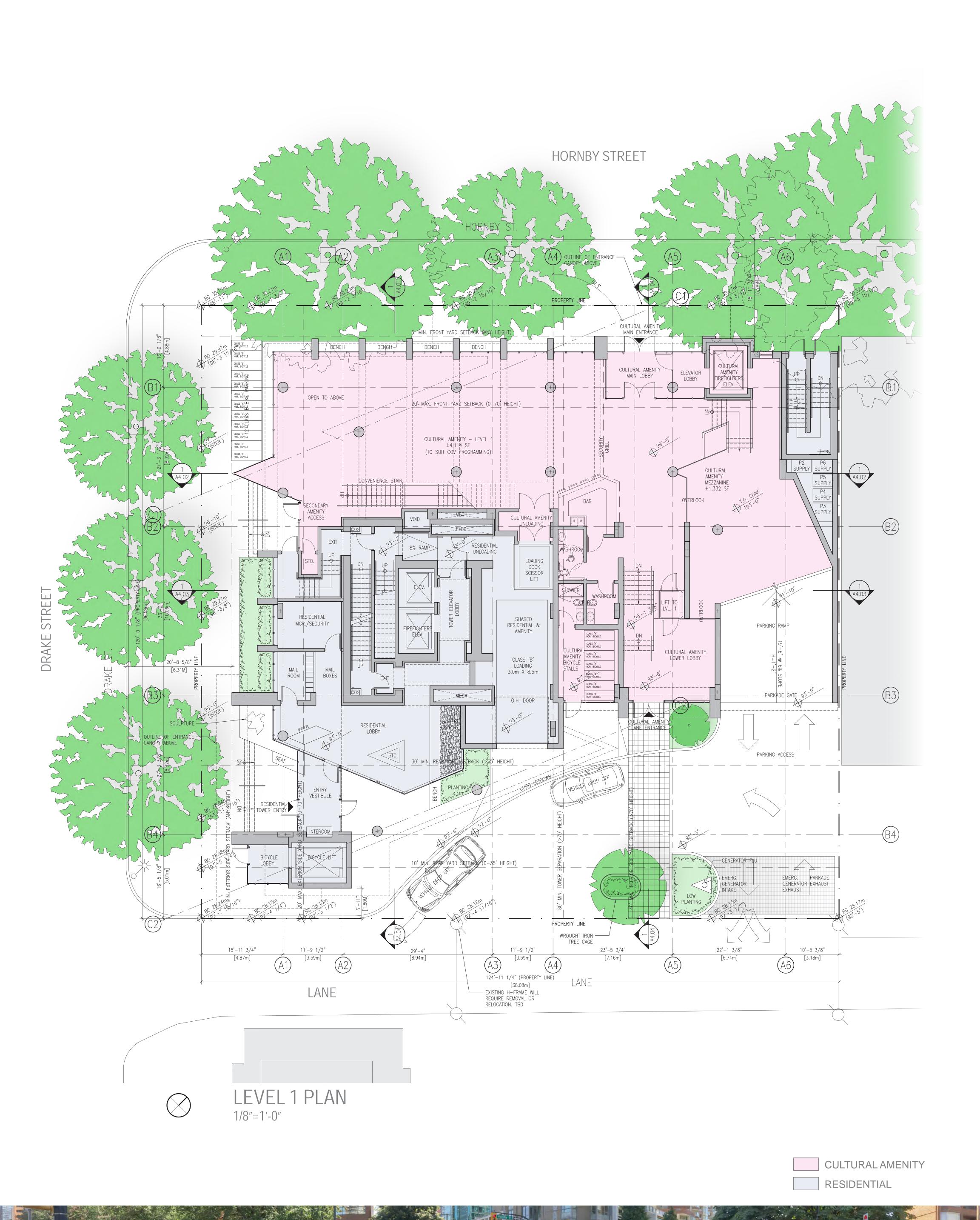
HORNBY STREET (MAIN CULTURAL AMENITY ENTRANCE)

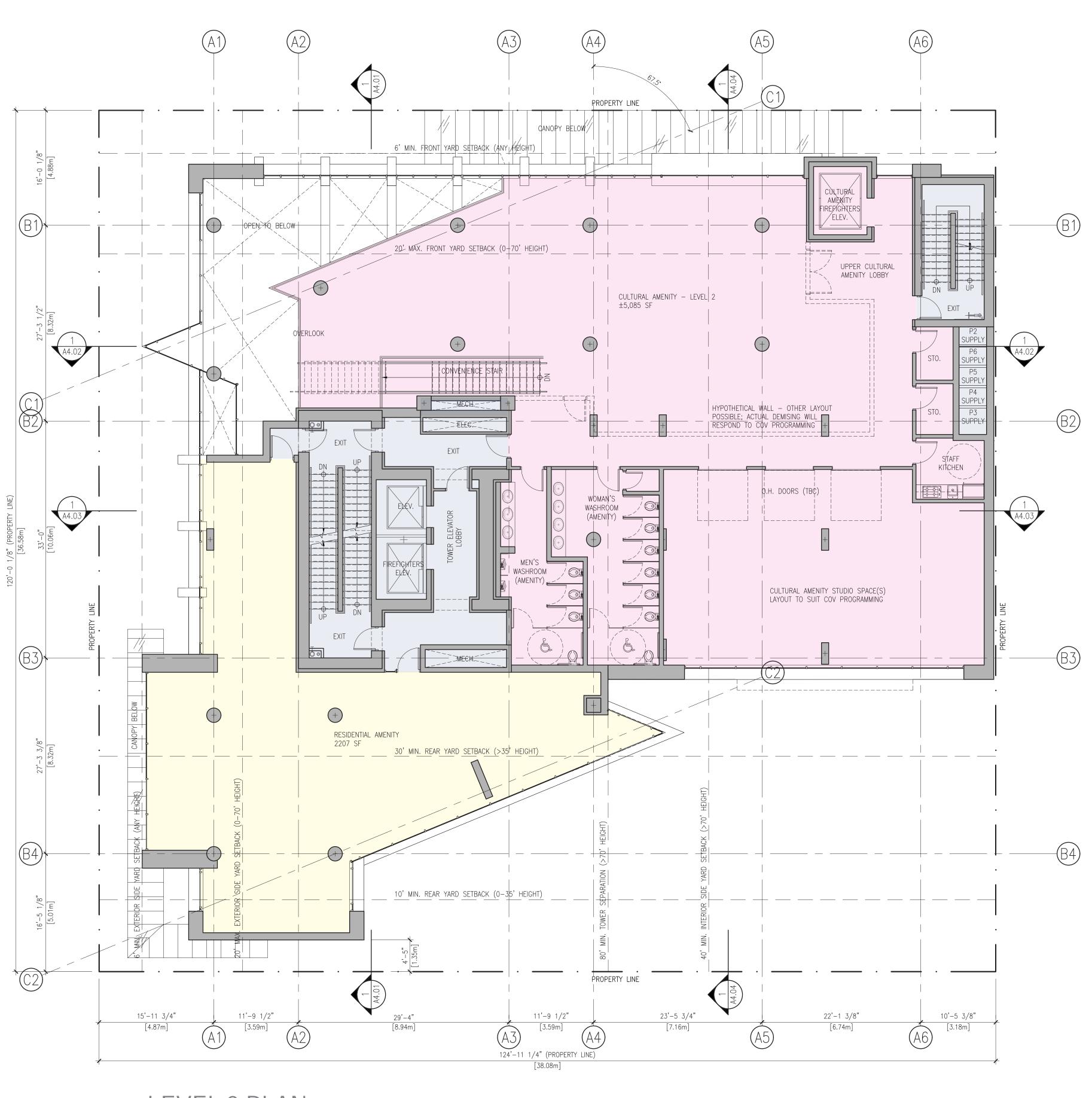


DRAKE STREET (RESIDENTIAL ENTRANCE)



LANE ENTRANCE (LOADING AND PARKADE ENTRANCE)



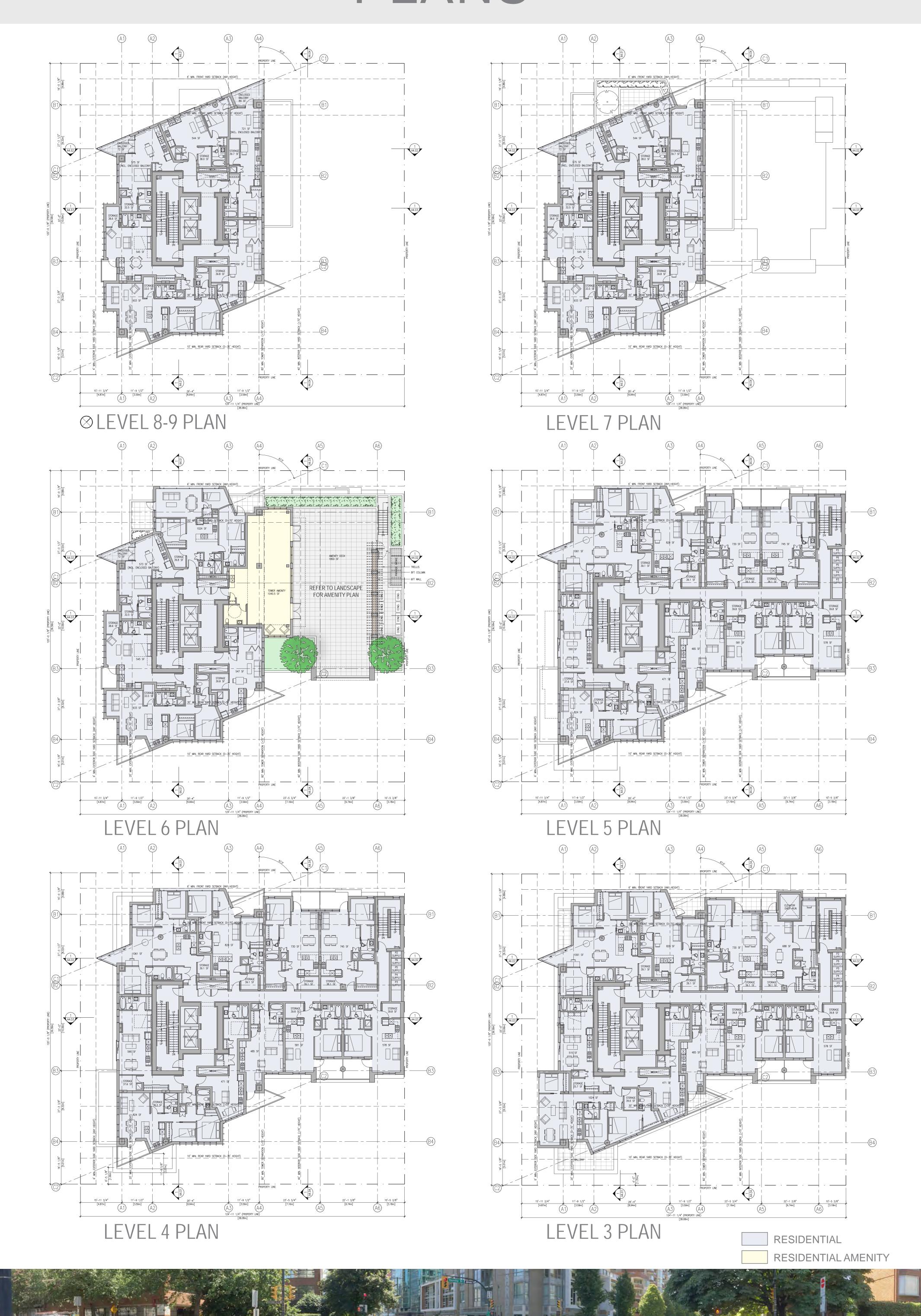


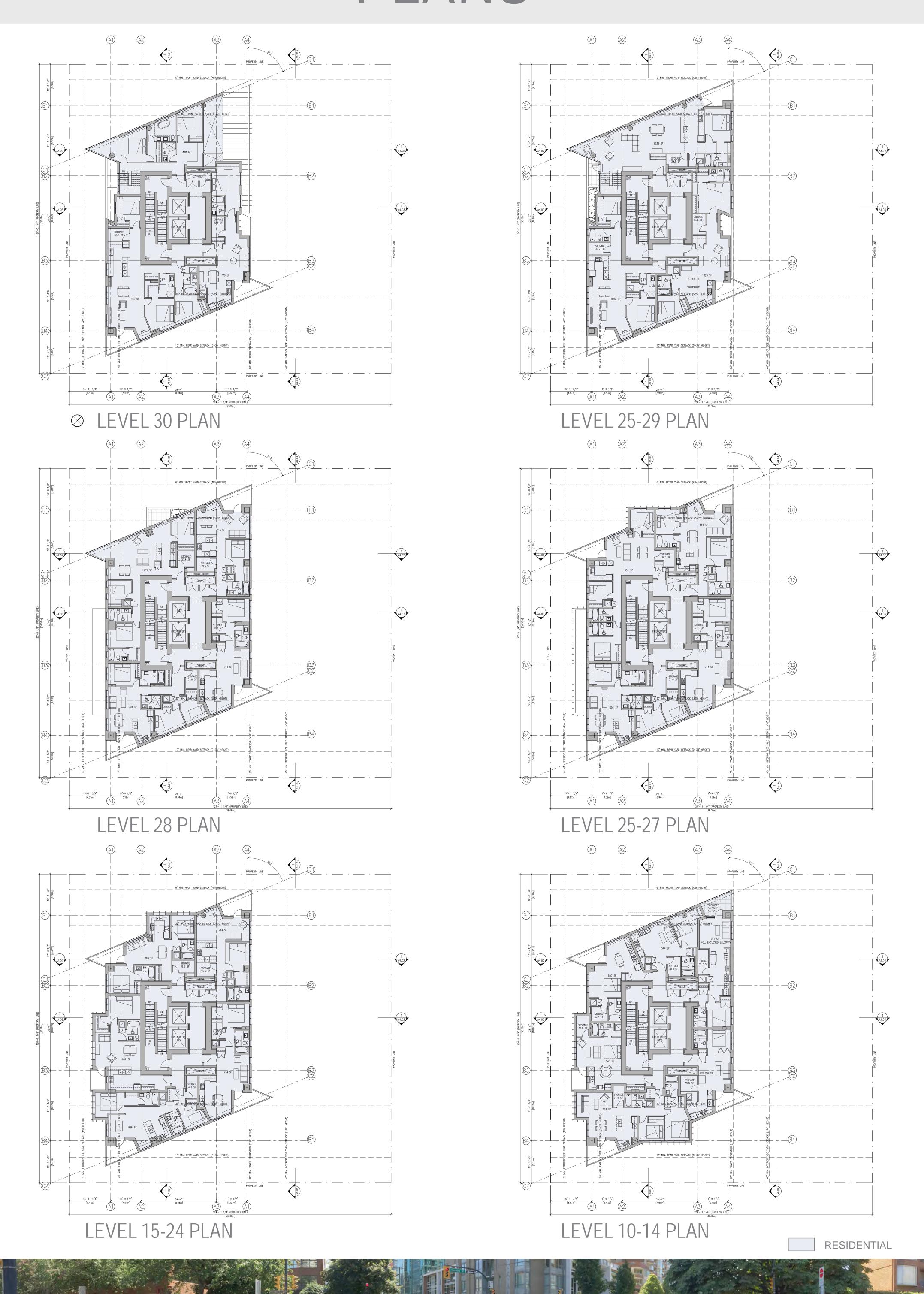


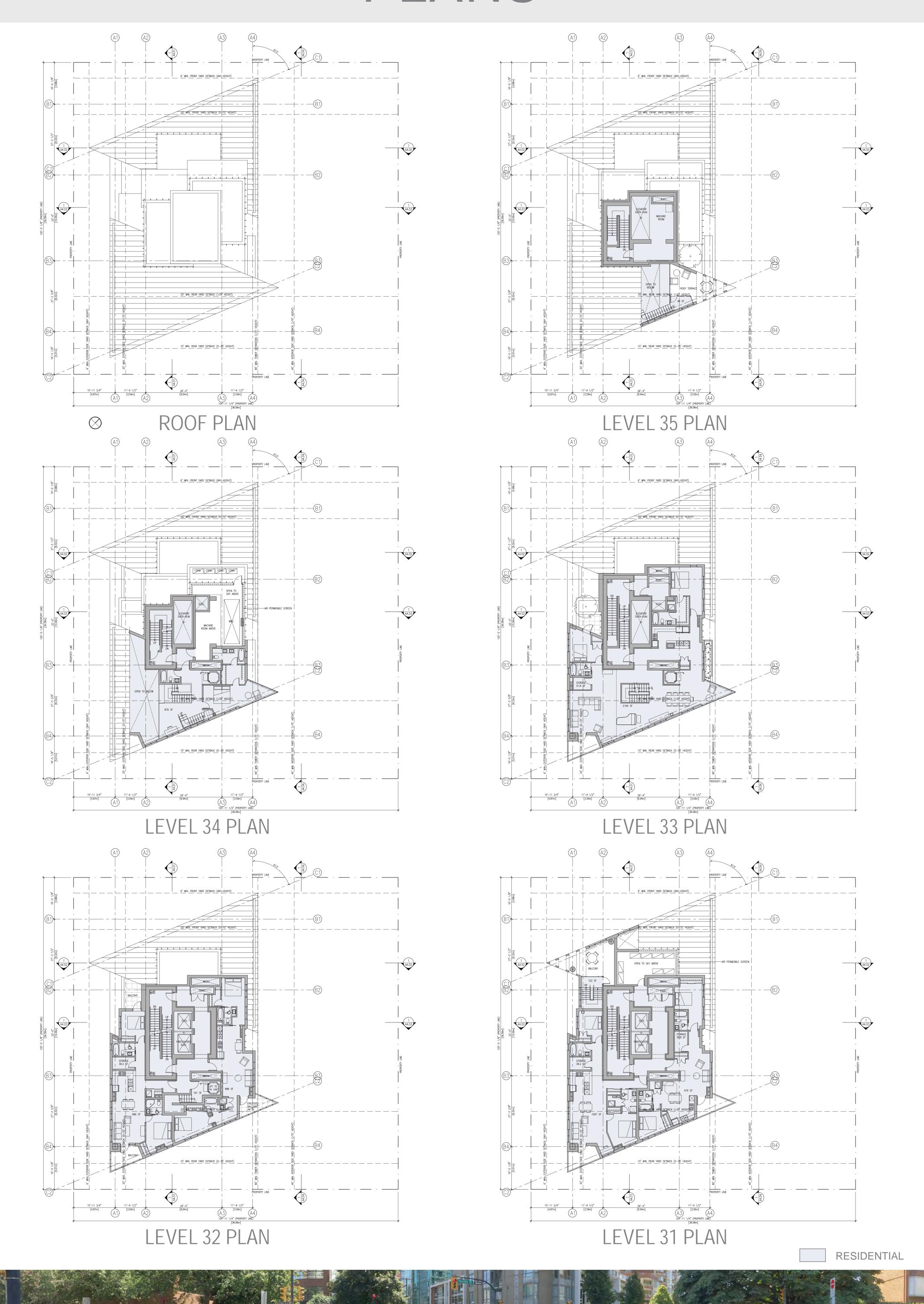
CULTURAL AMENITY

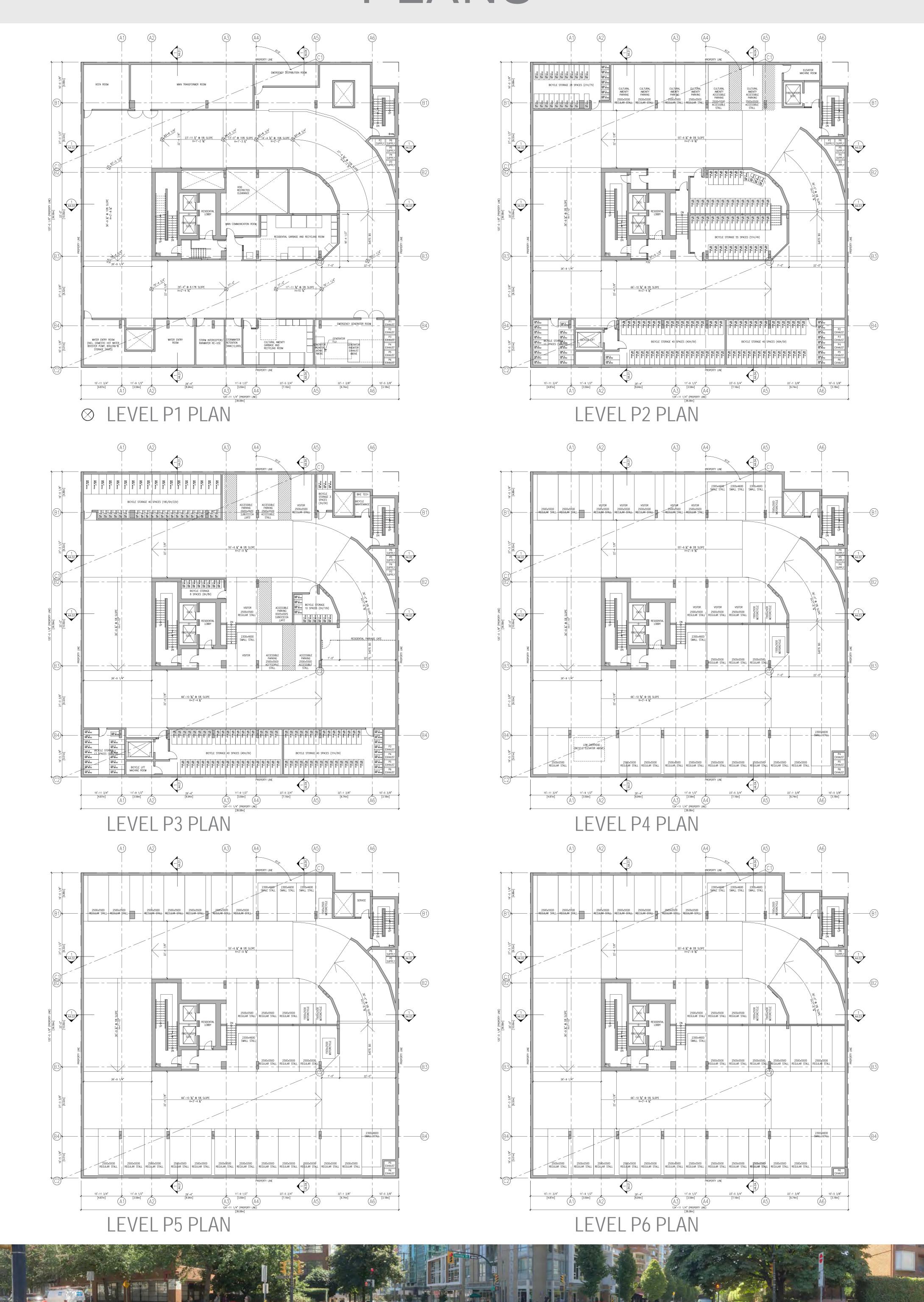
RESIDENTIAL AMENITY

RESIDENTIAL

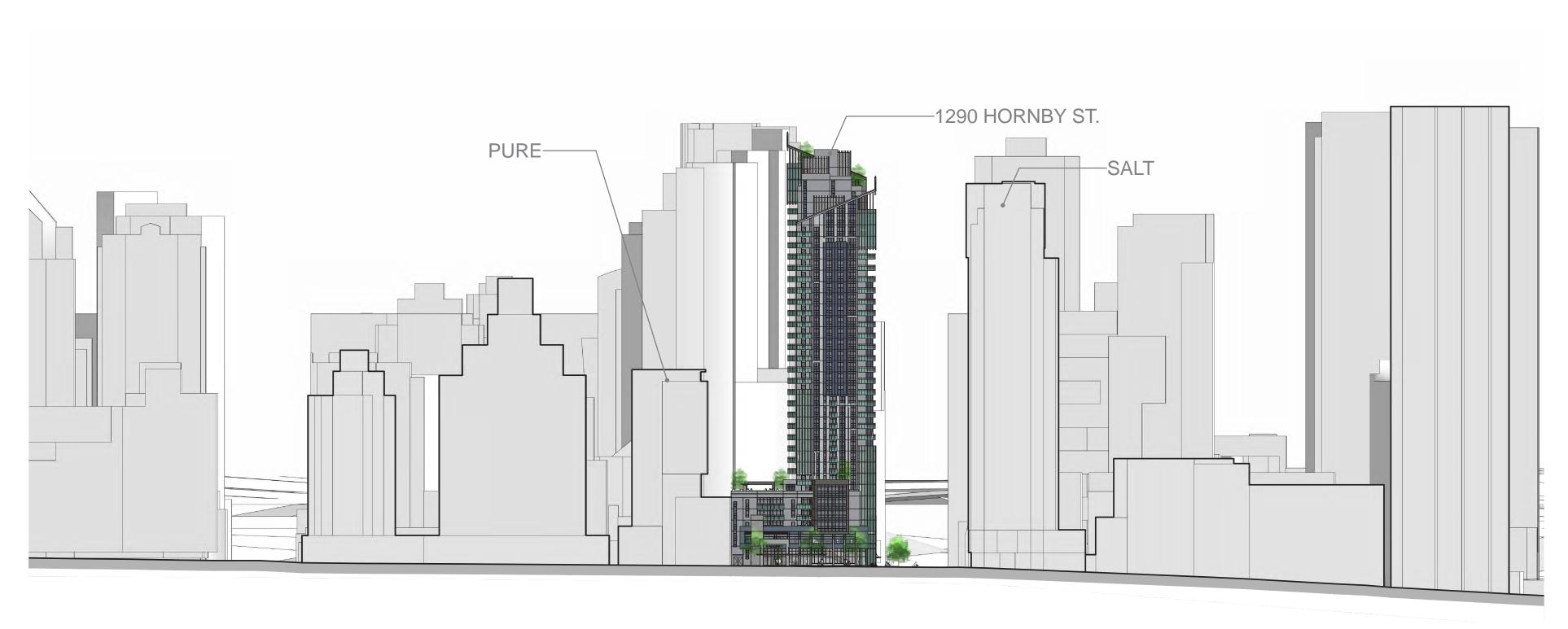




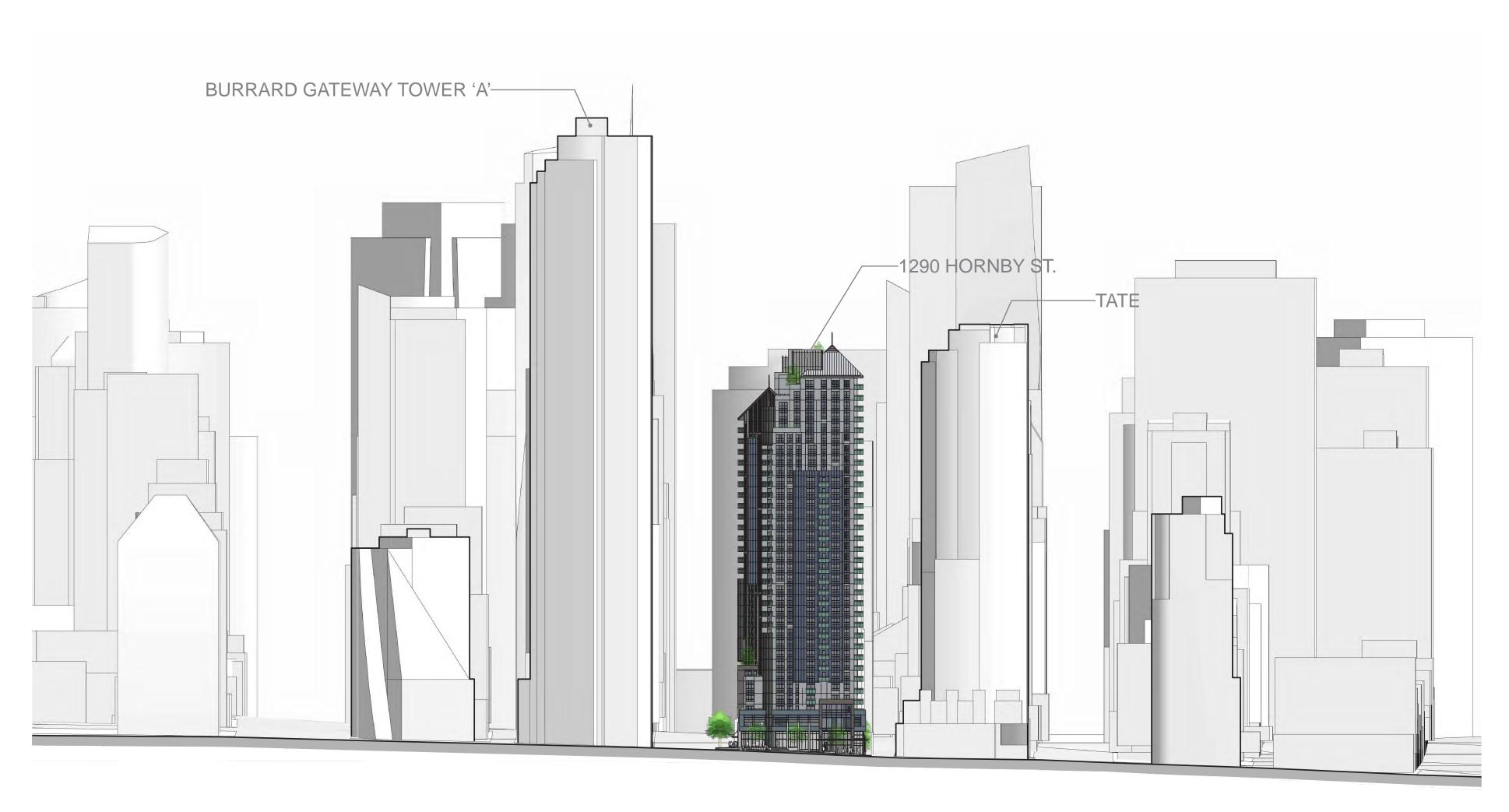




# STREET ELEVATION IN CONTEXT



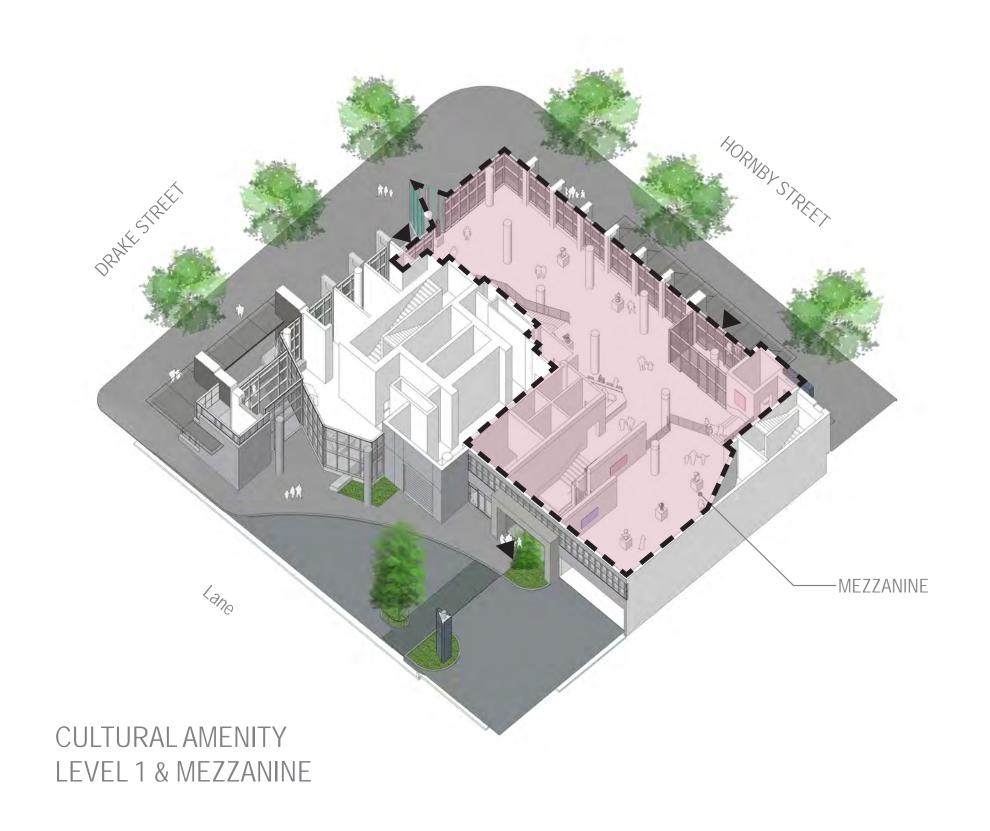
HORNBY STREET ELEVATION

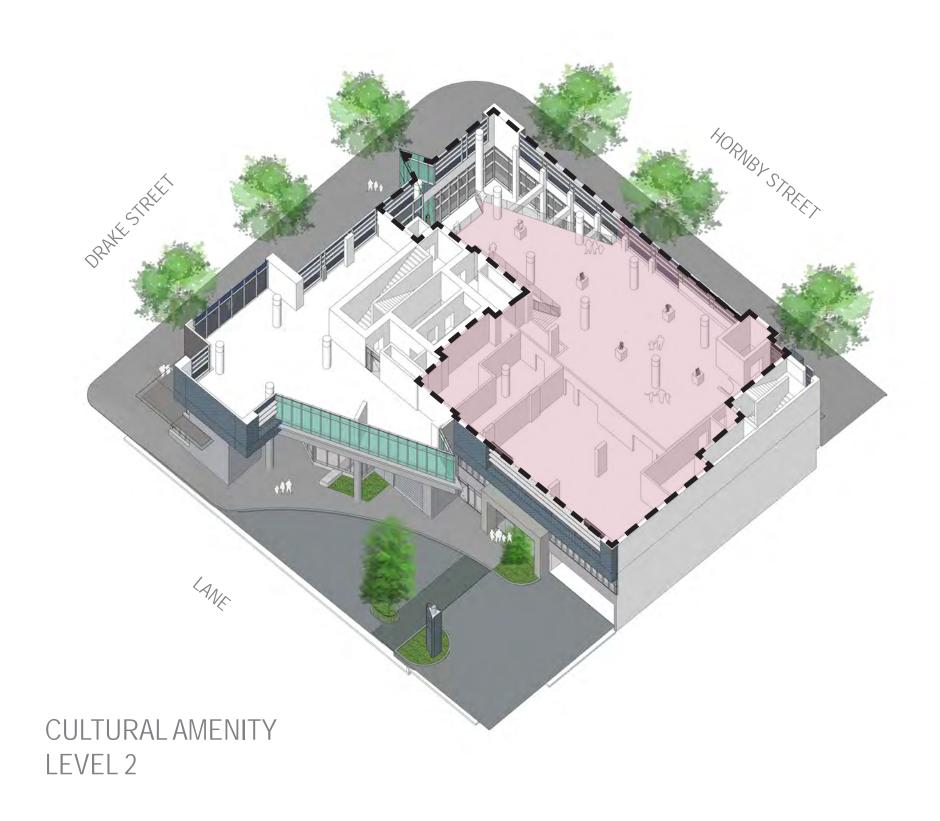


DRAKE STREET ELEVATION

#### PUBLIC BENEFITS

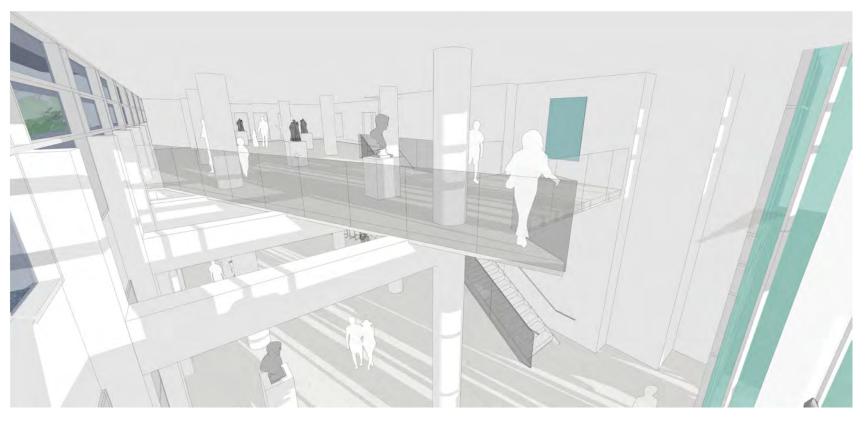
As part of the City's *Community Amenity Contributions (CAC) through Rezonings* policy, 1290 Hornby St. proposes a ±10,531ft<sup>2</sup> Cultural Amenity to accommodate artist production and presentation space.







INTERIOR VIEW AT THE MAIN ENTRANCE



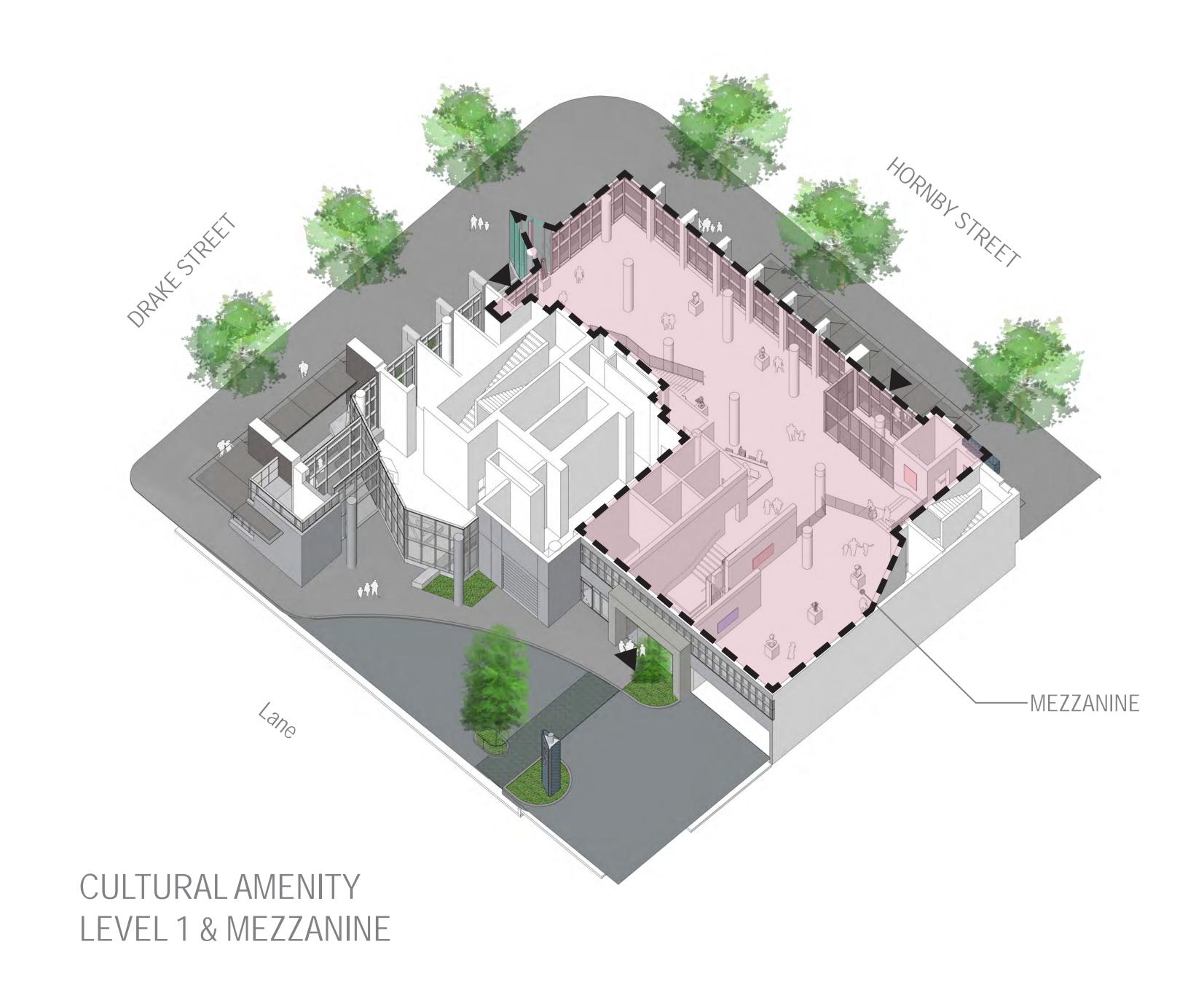
VIEW OF DOUBLE HEIGHT SPACE

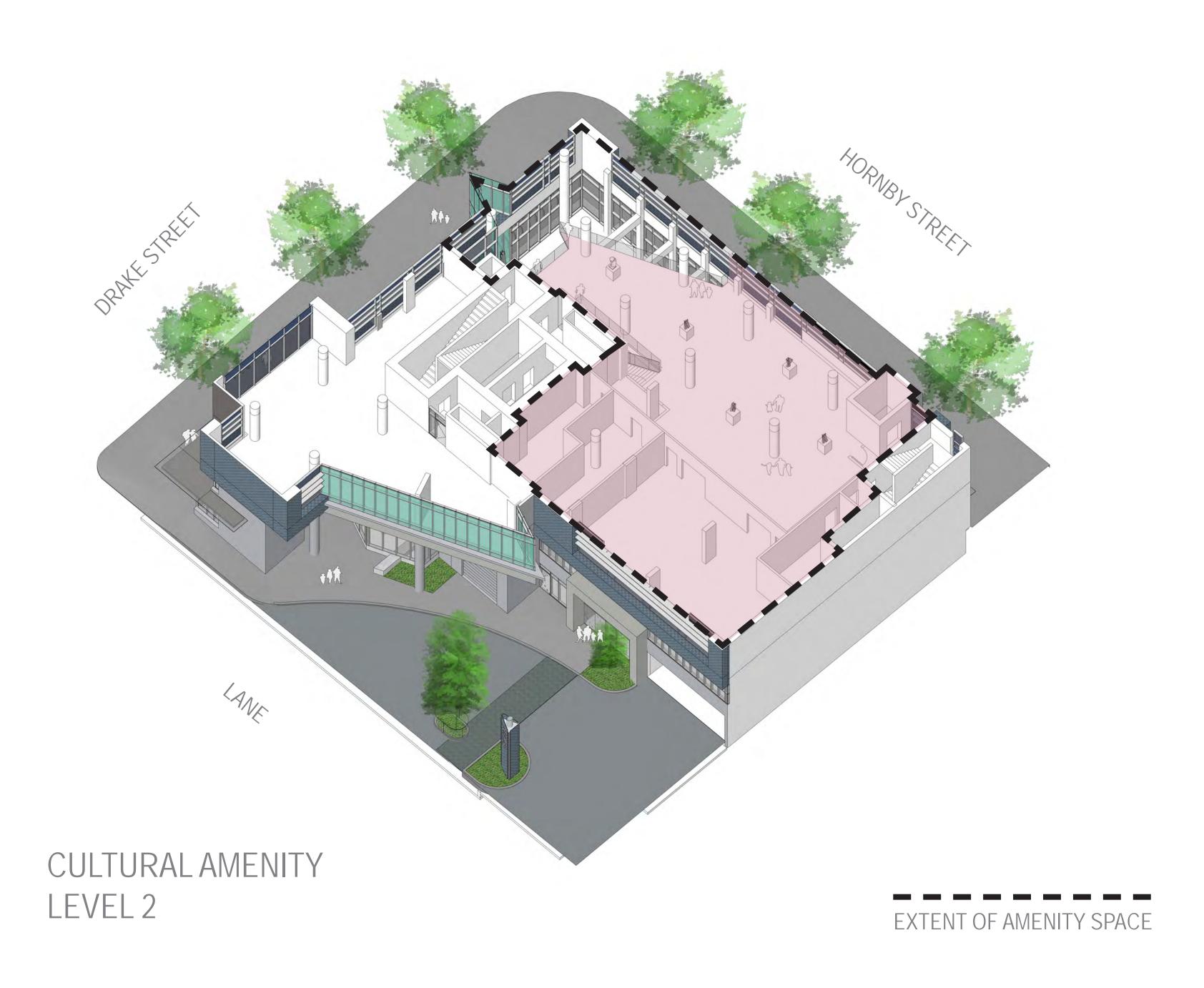


ARTISTIC RENDERING OF THE 'TATE' ARTIST STUDIO'S (1283 HOWE ST.)

The proposal of artist production and presentation spaces aims to capitalize on the potential synergy between 1290 Hornby St. and the new artist studio's located across the lane (1283 Howe St.). Pedestrian access from the Cultural Amenity to the lane will facilitate ease of movement between these public spaces.

## CULTURALAMENITY





## CULTURALAMENITY



INTERIOR VIEW AT THE MAIN ENTRANCE LOOKING TOWARD LANE



INTERIOR VIEW NEAR MAIN ENTRANCE LOOKING TOWARD DRAKE STREET



INTERIOR VIEW NEAR CORNER OF HORNBY AND DRAKE

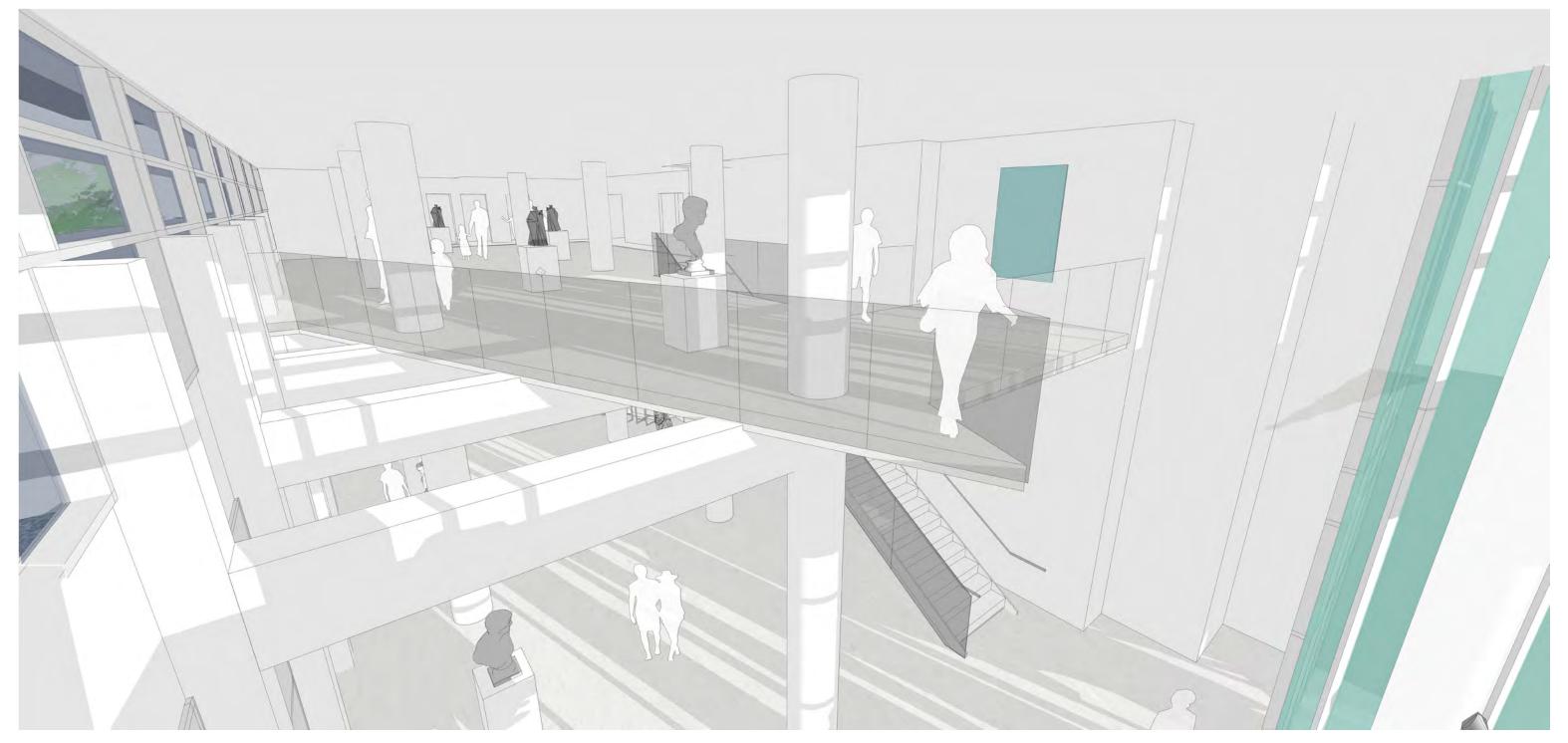
## CULTURAL AMENITY



INTERIOR VIEW NEAR MAIN ENTRANCE LOOKING TOWARD MEZZANINE



INTERIOR VIEW OF LEVEL 2

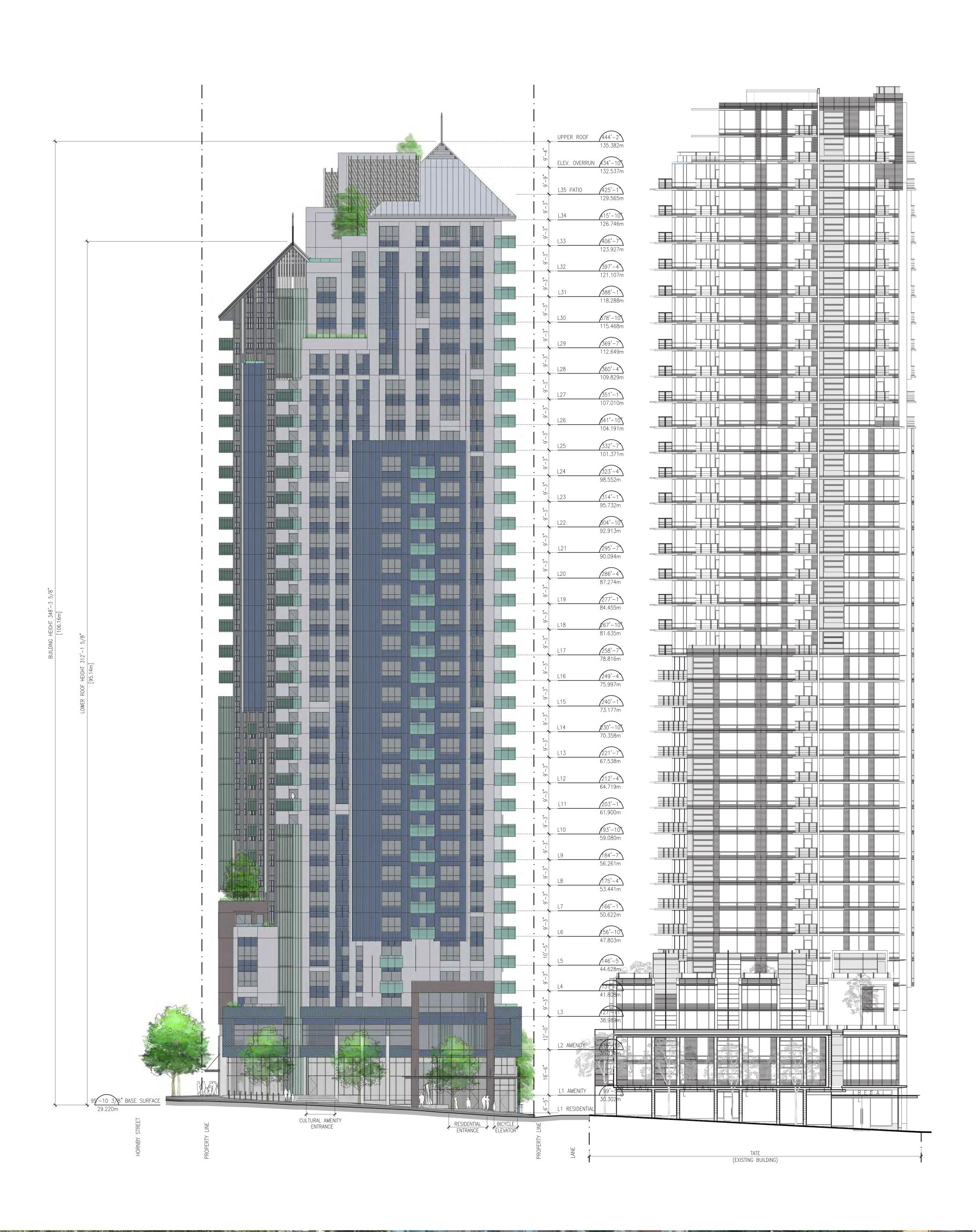


VIEW OF DOUBLE HEIGHT SPACE

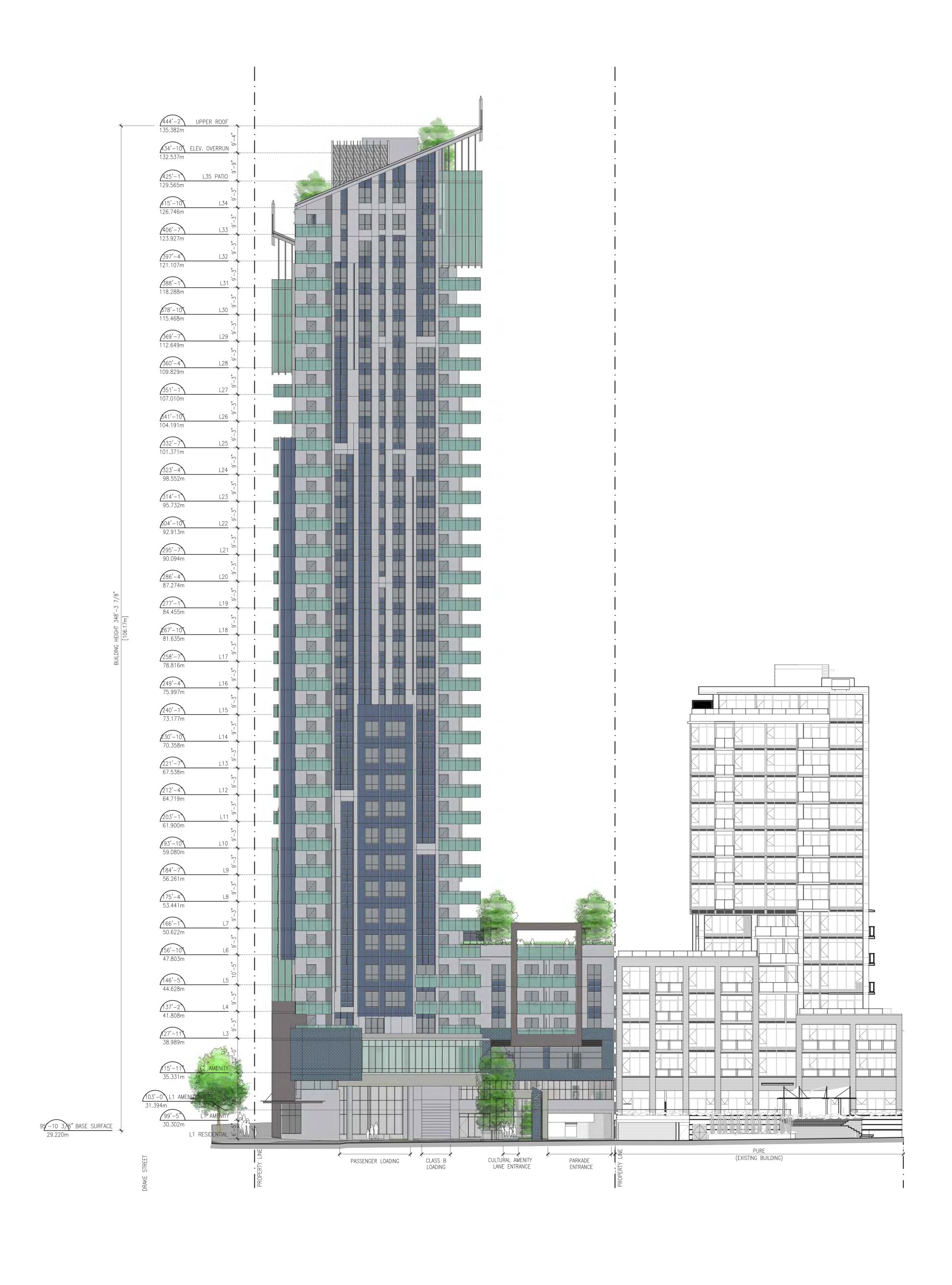
# HORNBY ST. ELEVATION



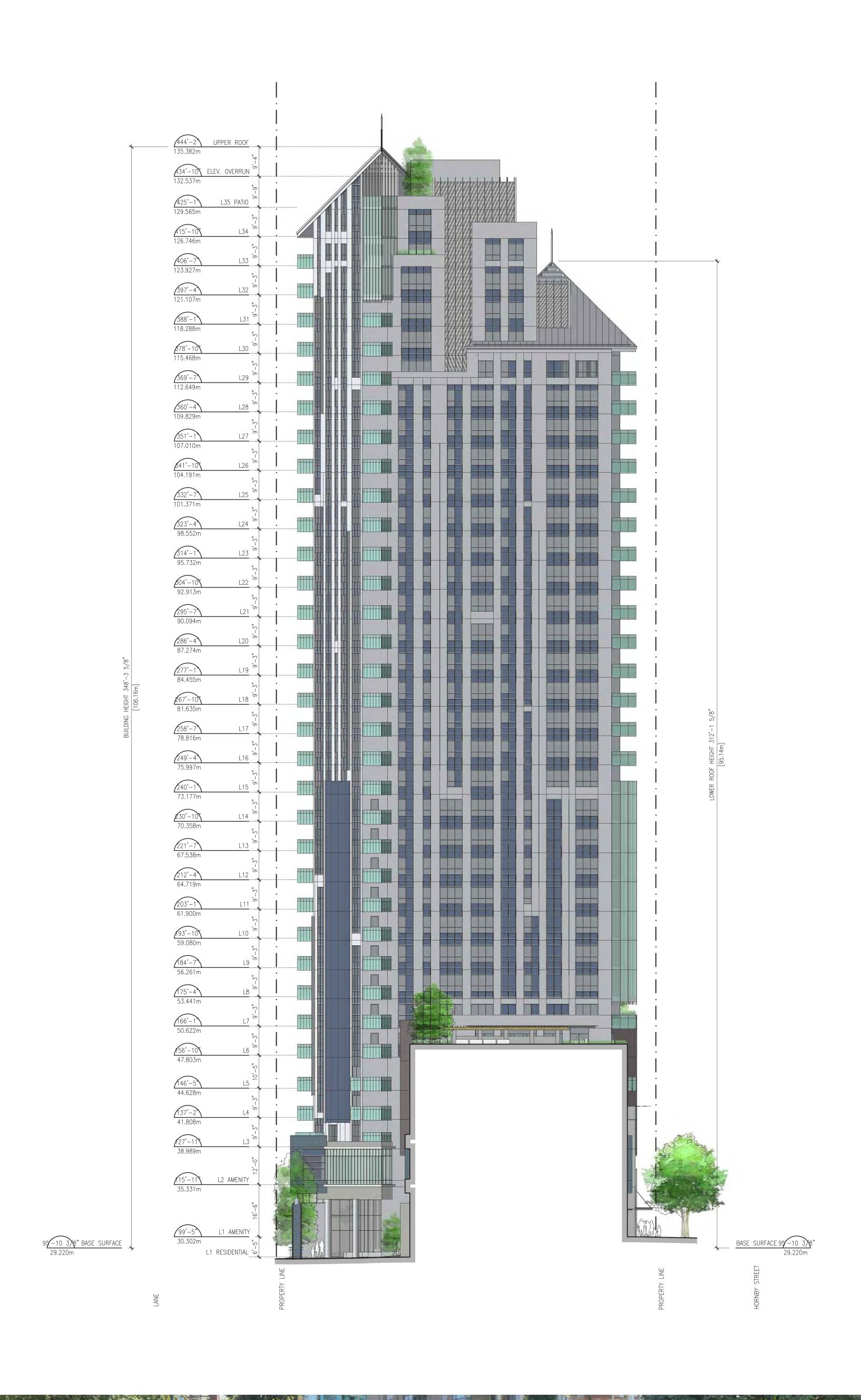
#### DRAKE ST. ELEVATION



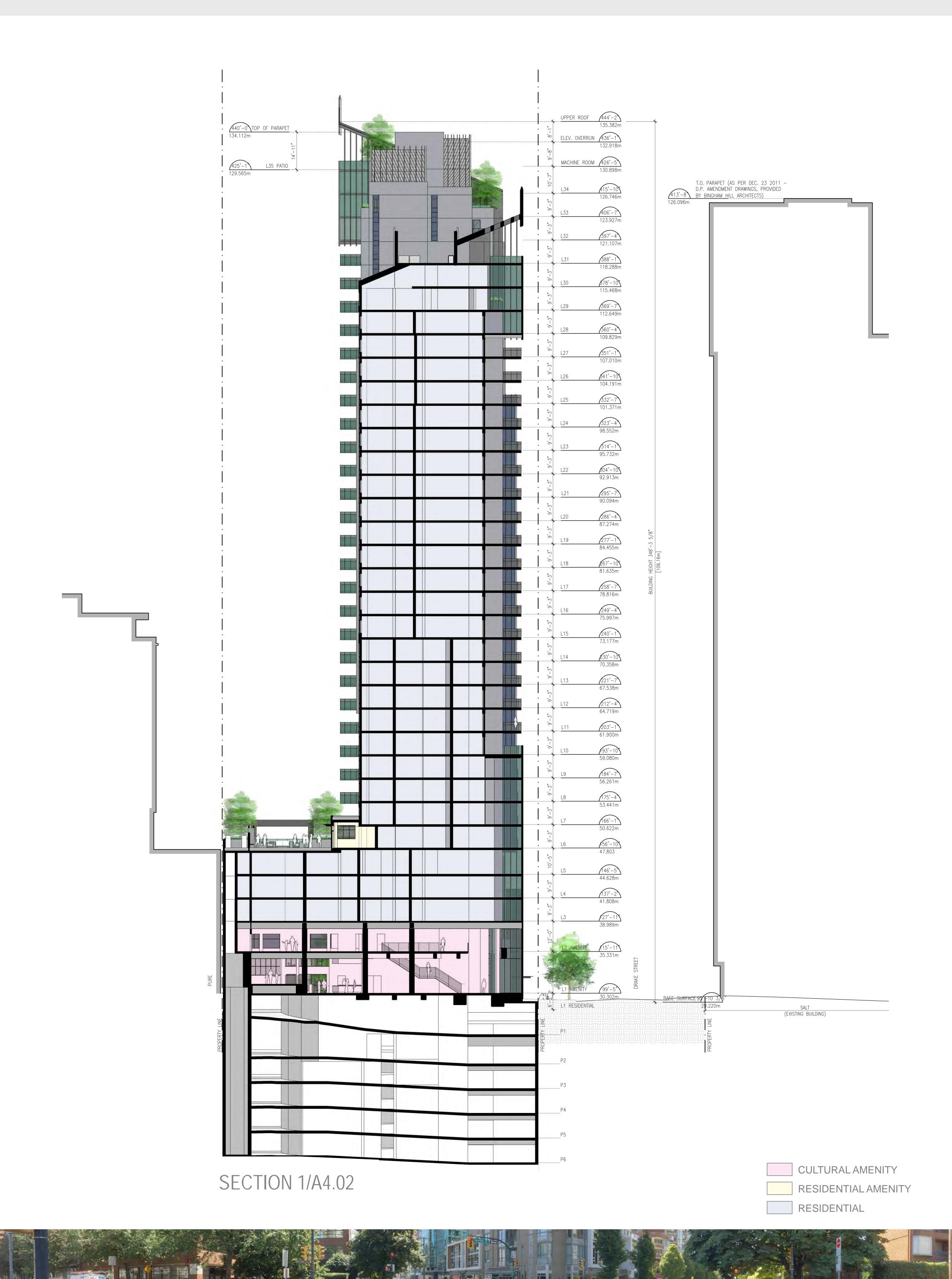
#### LANE ELEVATION



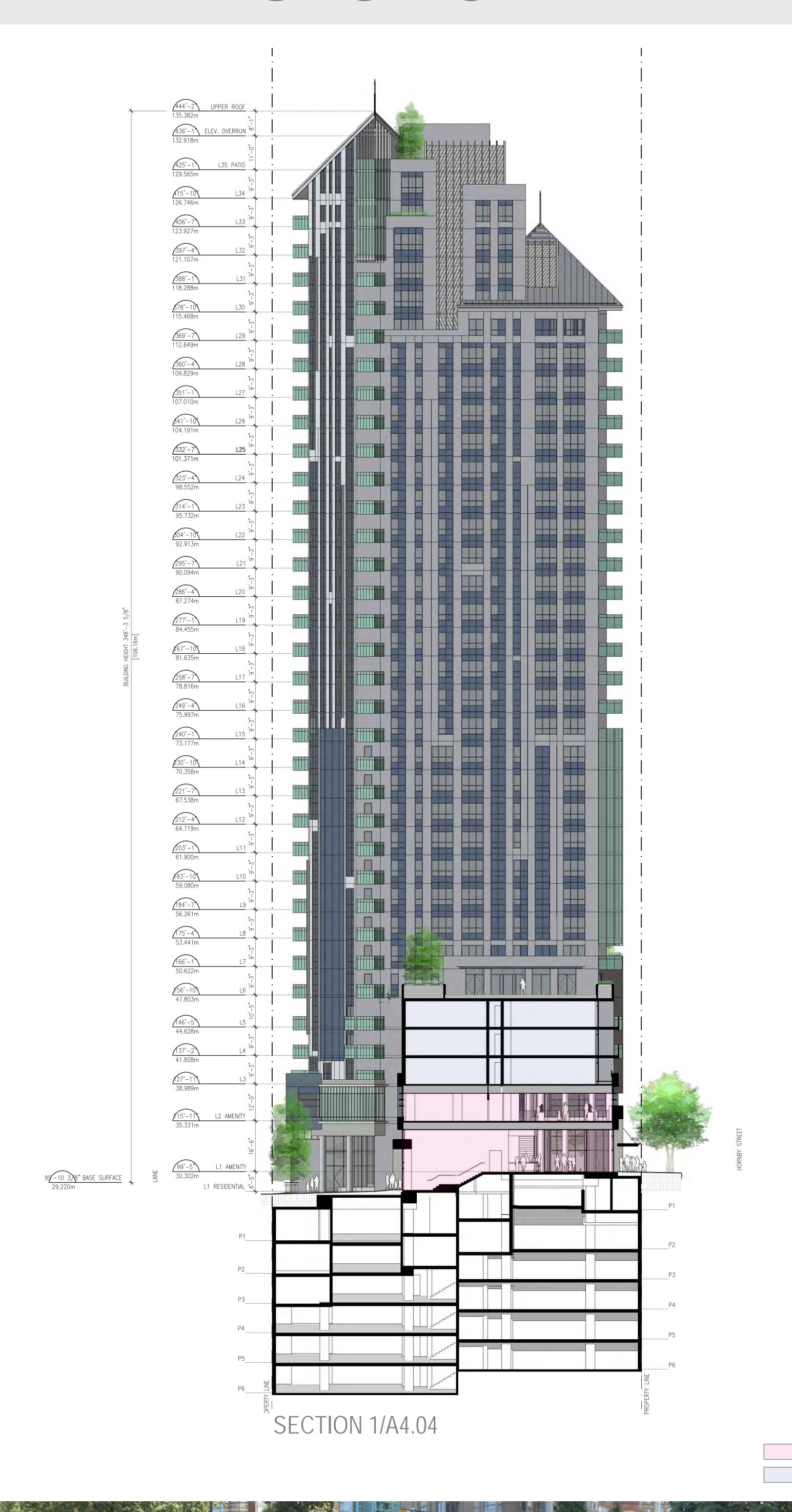
## SIDE YARD ELEVATION



# SECTION



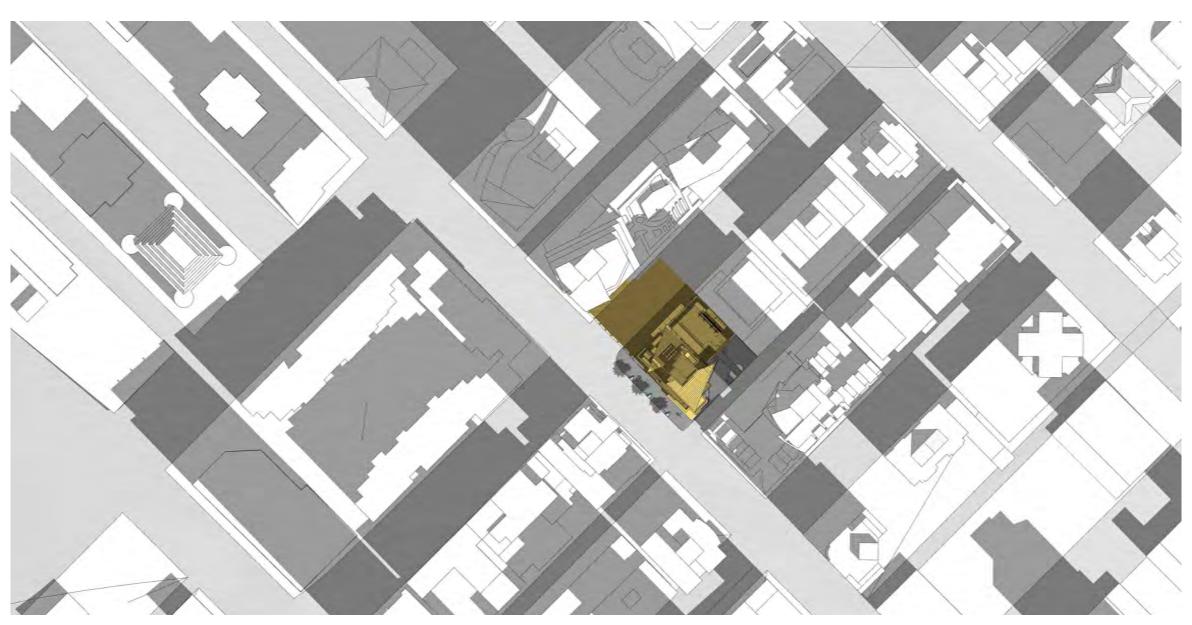
## SECTION



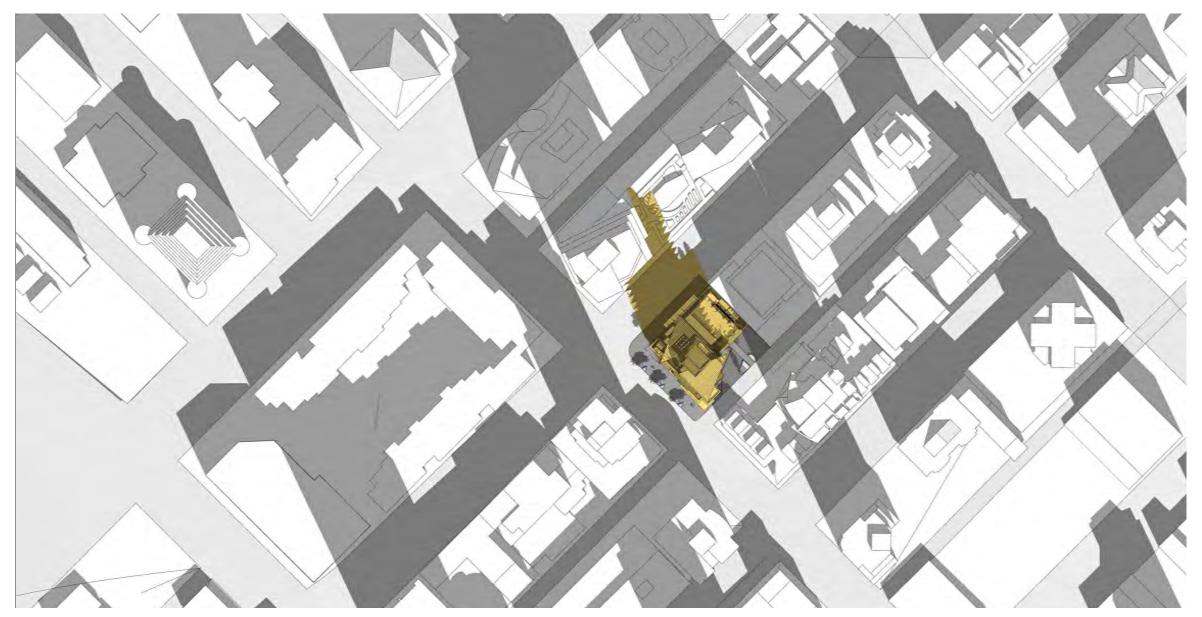
CULTURAL AMENITY

RESIDENTIAL

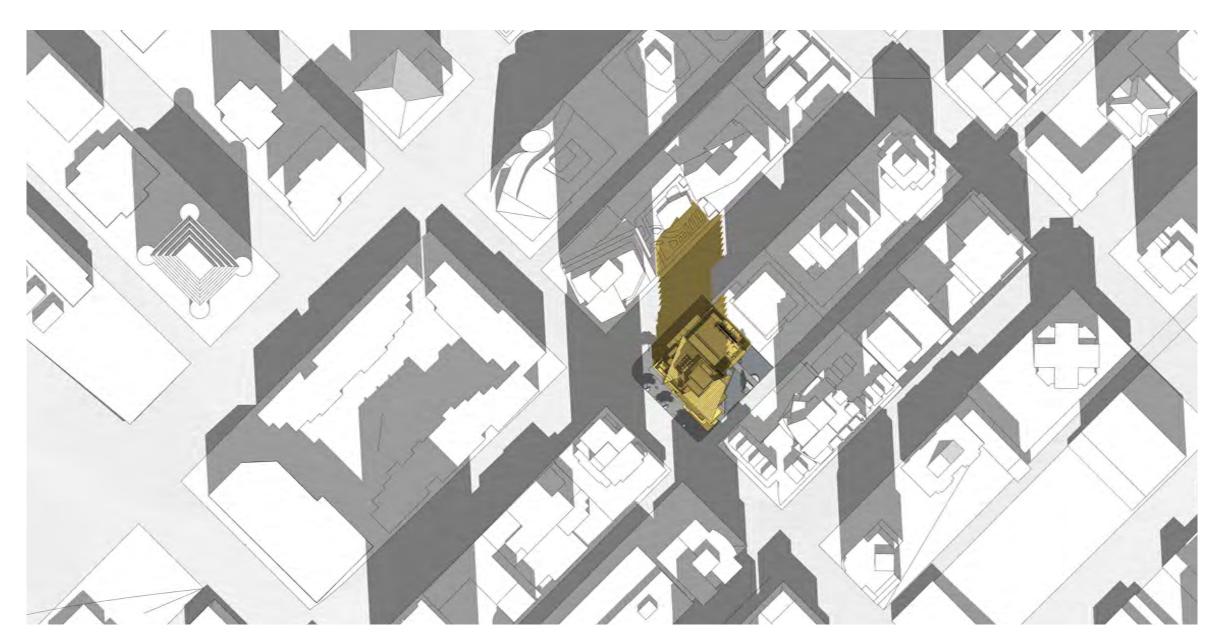
## SHADOW STUDY



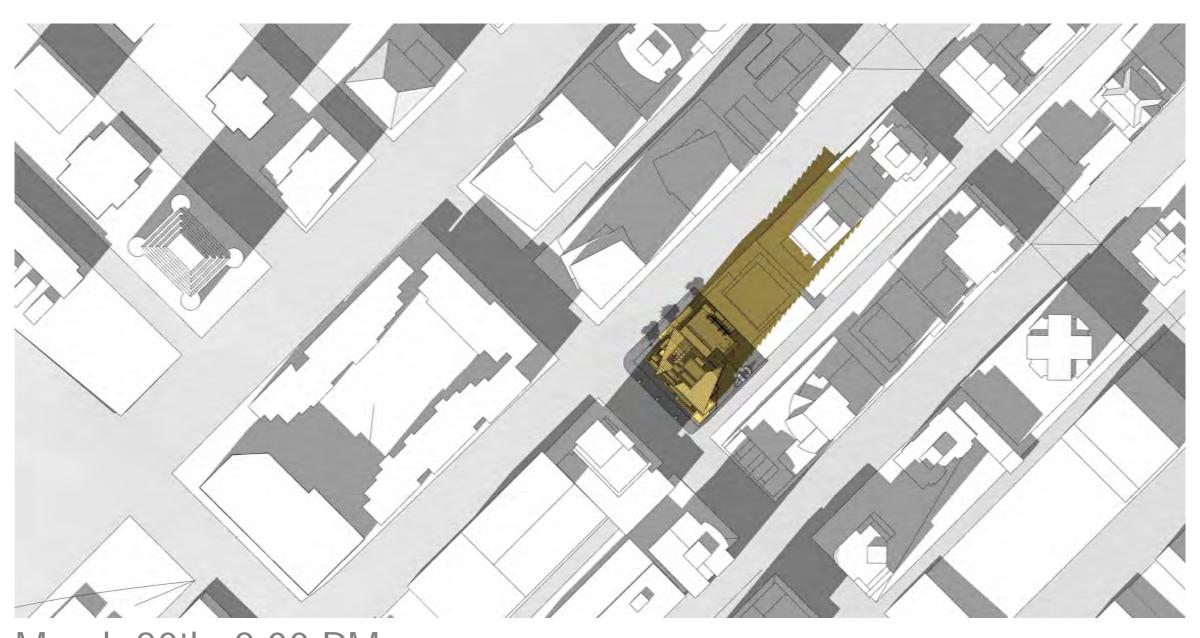
March 20th, 10:00 AM



March 20th, 11:00 AM

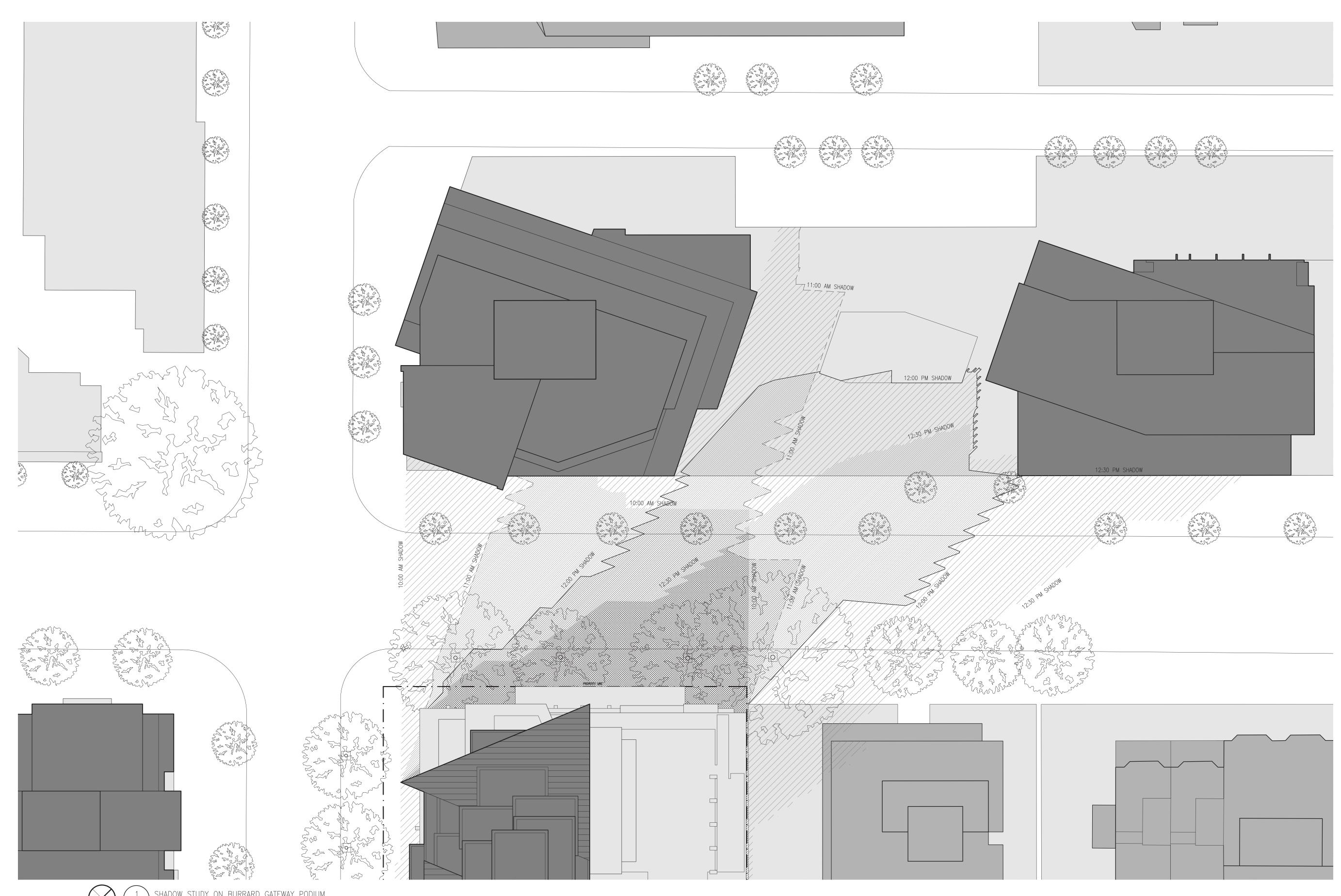


March 20th, 12:00 PM



March 20th, 2:00 PM

## BURRAD GATEWAY SHADOW STUDY



#### VIEWANALYSIS



## PUBLIC REALM

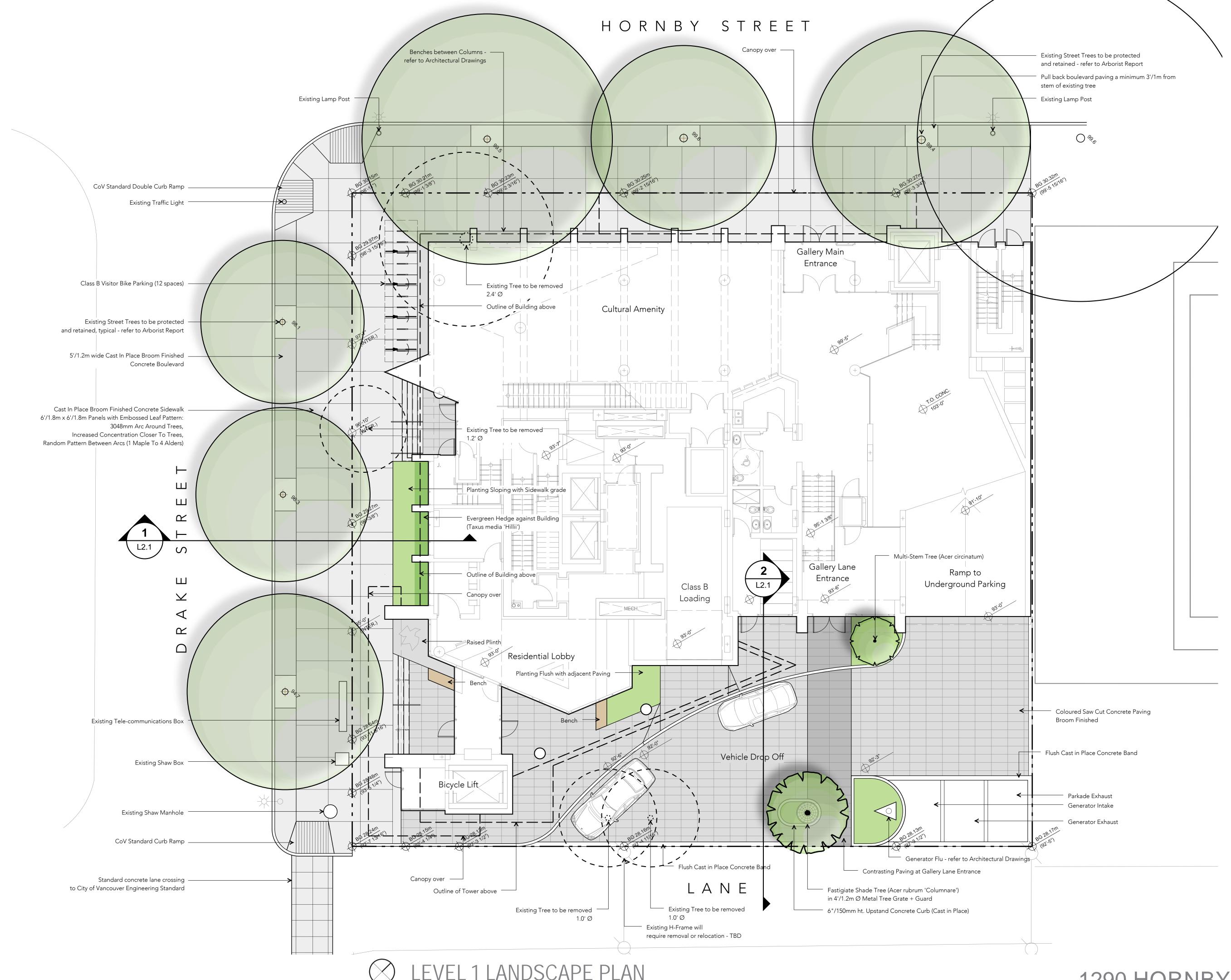


## PUBLIC REALM



## PUBLIC REALM



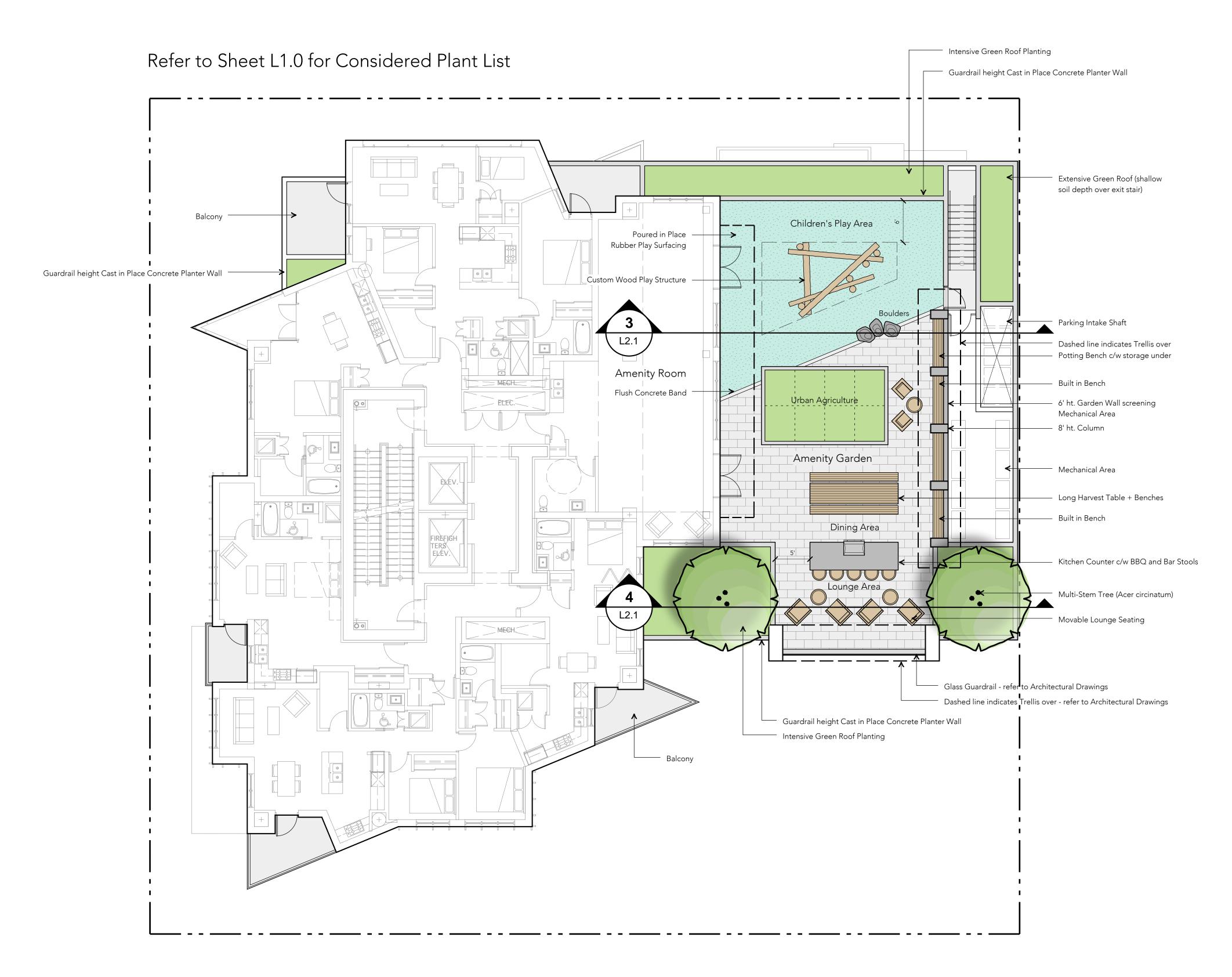






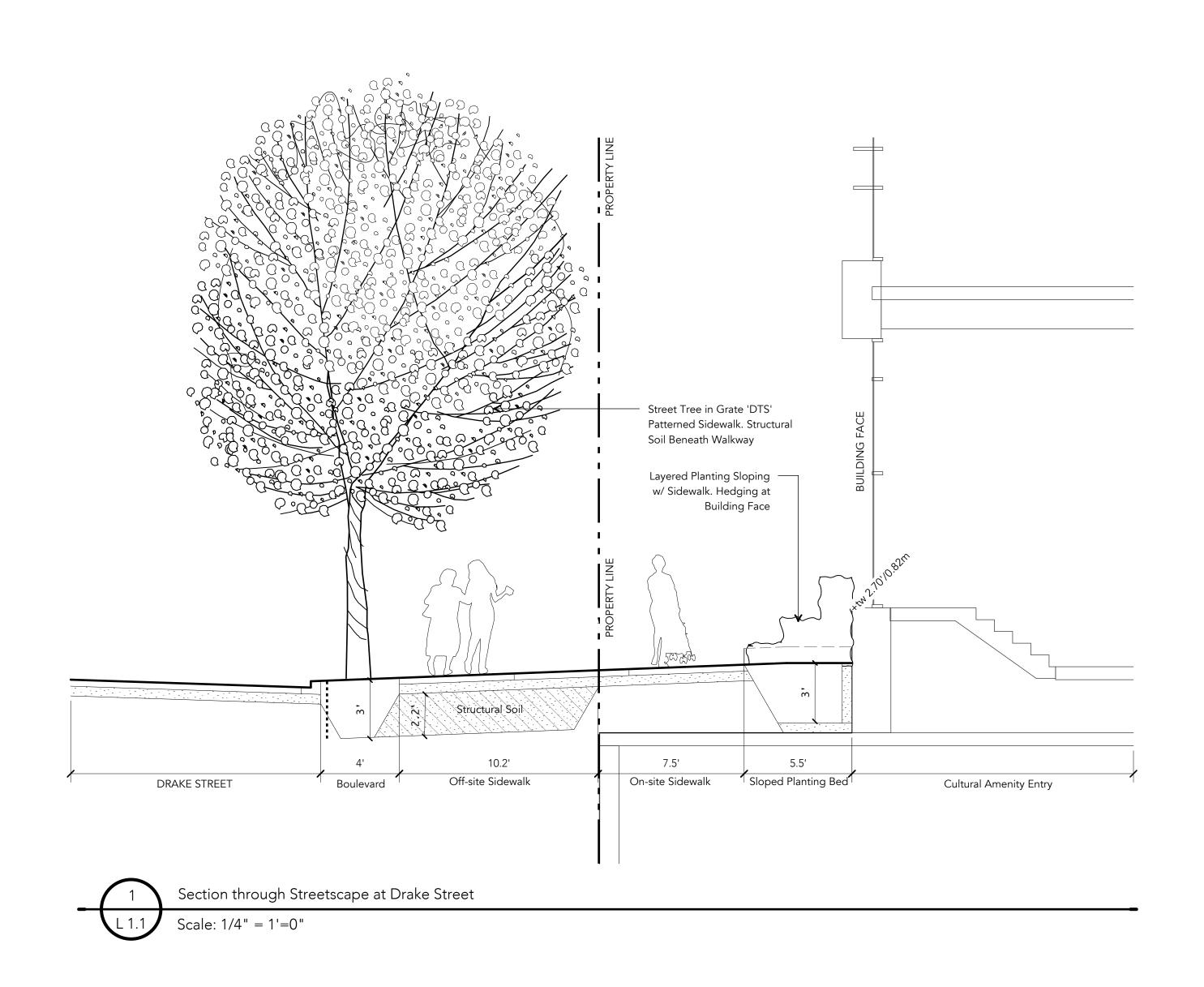


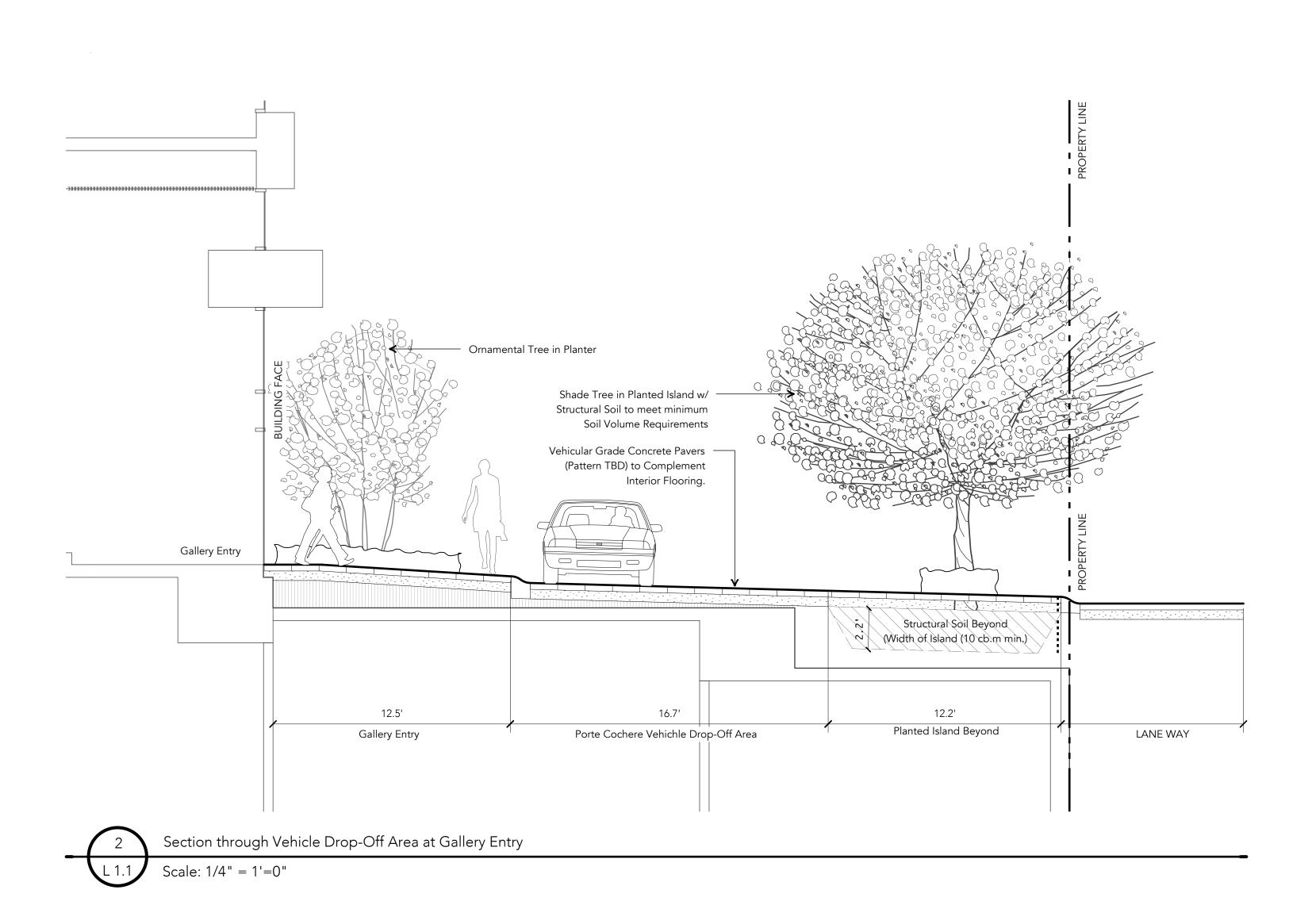




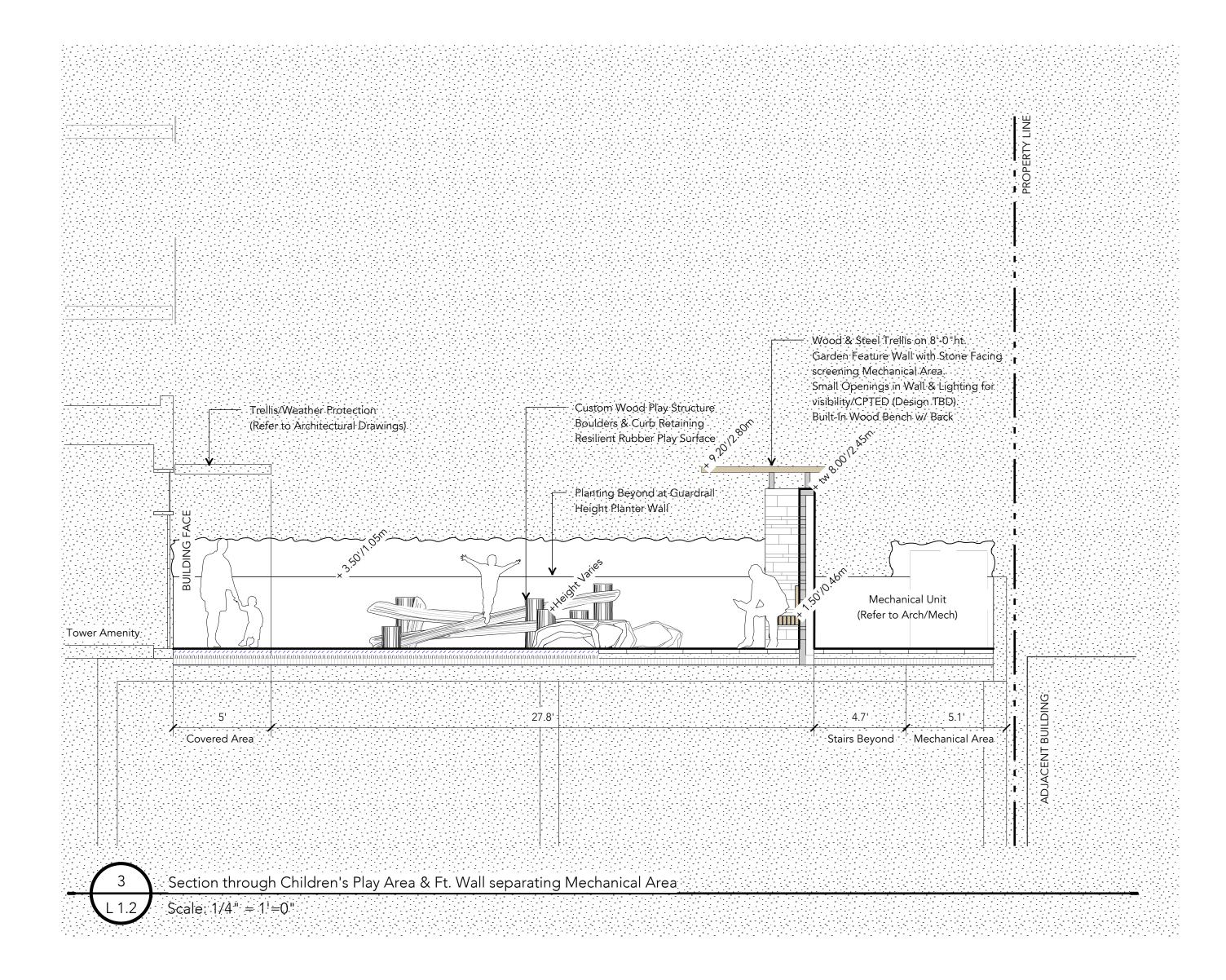
LANE

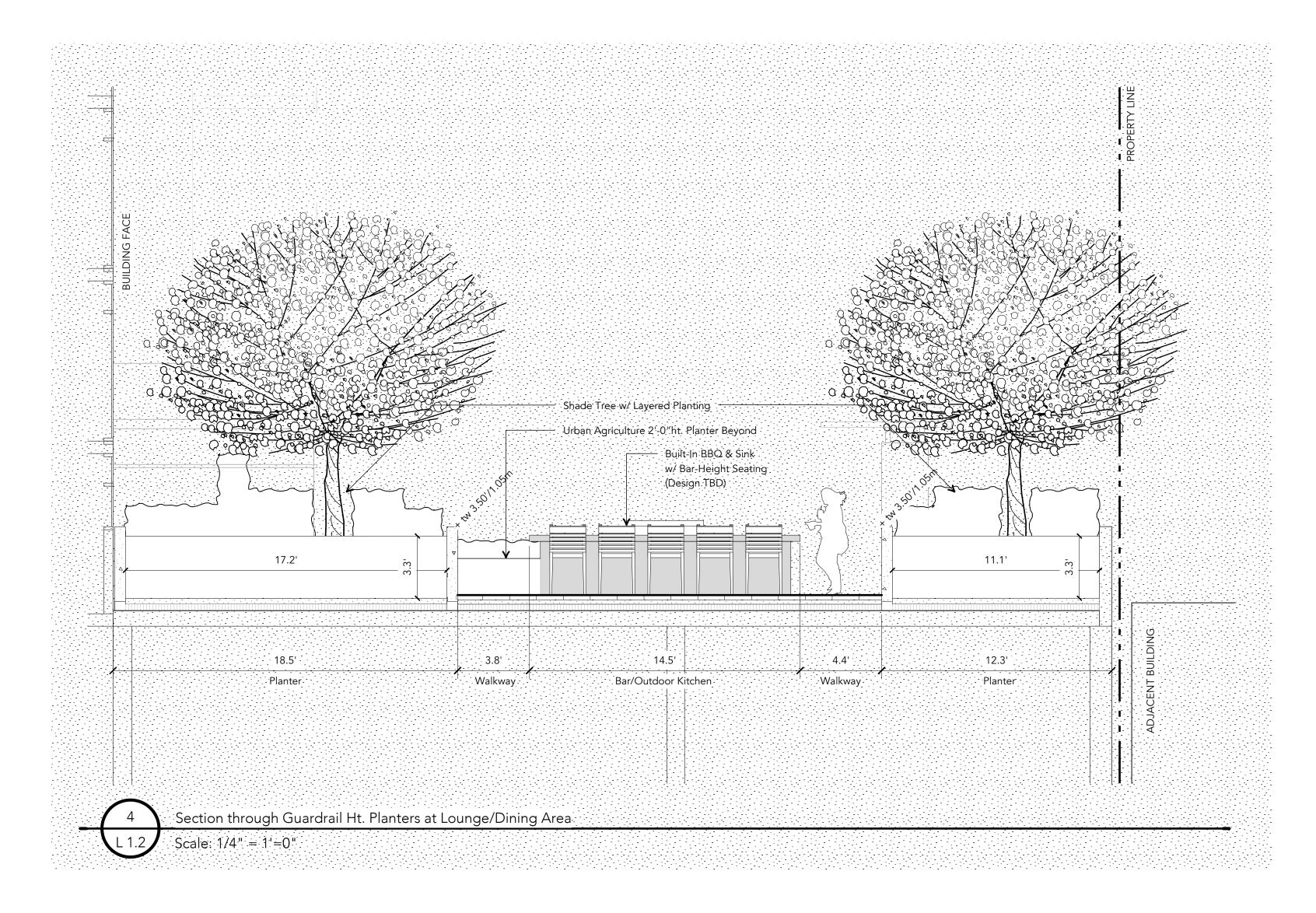
# STREETSCAPE





# LANDSCAPE





#### SUSTAINABLE DESIGN

#### SUSTAINABLE DESIGN STRATEGY

As a part of the Rezoning Application package, the following Sustainable Design Strategy has been developed to provide confirmation the project design submitted is on target to meet the requirements as dictated by the Green Buildings Policy for Rezonings 2016, option B. Low Emissions Green Building, effective May 1, 2017.

The following narrative includes preliminary strategies explored by the design team, with the aim to achieve the various requirements of the Low Emissions Green Building pathway, along with all required supporting evidence at this stage, as listed:

 Item B.2: Brief summary of strategies and measures to achieve performance limits for energy use, heat loss, and greenhouse gas emissions, including;

Preliminary Zero Emissions Building Plan (ZEBP) Energy Checklist, completed by the project energy modeller, showing that the project meets the performance limits for energy use (TEUI), heat loss (TEDI), and greenhouse gas emissions (GHGI), together with key inputs;

2-4 page summary of detailed energy model inputs for detailed and/or 3rd party review.

· Item B.6.2: Preliminary embodied emissions calculations, and a description of specific measures that will be explored during design to reduce embodied emissions;

• Item B.10: The site IRMP, describing the chosen strategies and green and grey infrastructure measures included in the landscape and building design. The IRMP describes;

How these measures contribute to the city-wide IRMP targets for water volume reduction and quality treatment, and

· Include preliminary site and volume calculations to compare site performance to the City-wide targets:

Landscape/Architectural Site Plans highlighting the green and grey infrastructure measures described in the site IRMP as also provided.

A commitment by the owner to meet the requirements of the Green Buildings Policy for Rezonings with documentation to be submitted at a later project phase, including:

B.3: design, build, and test to meet an airtightness target of 2.0 L/s/m² @ 75 Pa;

- B.4: complete an enhanced commissioning process;
- B.5: design and build to include building metering and sub-metering of energy, and to enter into agreement on energy reporting, including assistance for building future owners;
- B.6.1: complete refrigerant emissions calculations;B.7: design and build a direct ventilation system;
- B.8: design and build with low-emitting materials;
- B.9: test indoor air quality prior to occupancy;B.11: design and build a resilient potable water access point.

ENERGY MODEL INPUTS

1290 Hornby Street - LCES Type 2a: Utility-Owned On-Site LCES City of Vancouver Rezoning Energy Modeling Input Summary Table

		Design Mot	del Characteristics							
General Location	Vancouver, BC									
Simulation Weather File	Vancouver 2016 CWEC									
Climate Zone	ASHRAE Climate Zone 5C									
Modeling Software Building Area	eQUEST 3.64  Above grade area: 164,000 ft²									
Hours of Operation	Based on ENERGY MODELL	ING GUIDELINE	S section 2.1 Schedules							
Overall Roof U-value	U-0.033 (R-30)									
(BTU/h·ft²·°F)	` '									
Overall Wall U-value (BTU/h-ft²-°F)	Solid wall: U-0.064 (R-15.6) (61% of total vertical envelope)  Spandrel: U-0.25 (R-4) (12% of total vertical envelope)  Thermally Broken Slab Projection balcony: ≈0.25 BTU/h-ft-°F  Overall U-0.10 (R-10)									
Percentage Glazing	27%									
Overall Glass U-value including frame (BTU/h·ft²-°F), and Solar Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC)	U-0.35 (fixed), U-0.40 (operab SHGC-0.35	le)								
Floor above parkade U- value (BTU/h·ft²-°F)	U-0.048 (R-20)									
Infiltration	Modeled infiltration: 0.2 L/s/m <sup>2</sup> as per CoV ENERGY MODEL	,	ES 2.4.1							
Internal Loads Occupancy	Residential: People = no. bedi	rooms + 1; Studio	p = 1 person							
, ,	Other spaces as per NECB 20 (based on CoV ENERGY MOI		INE 2.2)							
Lighting Power Density (LPD) (W/ft <sup>2</sup> )	NECB Space by Space Method	Proposed Lighting Power								
(El D) (WAL)	Amenity (Lounge/recreation)	Density [W/ft²] 0.87	1							
	Amenity Cultural (Convention centre-Exhibit space)	1.45								
	Studio/mezz gallery (Museum/general exhibition)	1.05								
	Corridor <2.4 Electrical/Mechanical	0.78 1.25	1							
	Lobby for elevator Lobby other	0.64 0.90	1							
	Office Parking garage	1.11 0.13	3							
	Residential suite Restroom	0.46 0.98	3							
	Stairway Storage	0.69 0.63	]							
	A		- 10 MM/03							
Exterior Lighting (kW)	All LPD as per NECB 2011, ex 1.34 kW	cept parking: 0.1	3 W/M²							
Plug-Loads	Residential: 0.464 W/ft <sup>2</sup>									
	Electrical/Mechanical, Storage, Restroom: 0.093 W/ft <sup>2</sup> Office: 0.697 W/ft <sup>2</sup>									
	Lobby, Lobby for elevator, Am									
	Amenity cultural, Studio, Gallery: 0.232 W/ft² Parking, stairs, corridor: 0 W/ft²									
Process Loads	(Based on CoV ENERGY MO		ELINES)							
Process Loads	2 tower elevators @ 3 kW each 3 elevators at L1 @ 3 kW each 1 elevator at PH @ 3 kW each (Based on CoV ENERGY MODELLING GUIDELINES)									
	Main transformer room: 40 kW (assumption) Other electrical rooms: 5 kW (assumption)									
Domestic Hot Water Consumption	Residential: 0.025 gpm/perso	n with 30% reduc	tion (low flow fixture) ES section 2.2.1 Residential Suites)							
Mechanical Systems	Boood on ENERGY MODELL	NO OUIDELINE	Constinue 2.1 Sahadulaa							
		ING GUIDELINE	5 section 2.1 Screaules							
Indoor Design Temperature for	Based on ENERGY MODELLING GUIDELINES section 2.1 Schedules									
Temperature for Conditioned Areas		ooling by air sour	ce VRF fan coil units and ventilation by individual							
Temperature for	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)		ce VRF fan coil units and ventilation by individual							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan pow	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm	4 W (high speed)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Bathroom fan power	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho	i4 W (high speed) urs of operation: 2 hr/day							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Bathroom fan power	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan	4 W (high speed)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Bathroom fan power  Kitchen hood fan power  Ventilation fans on co	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously	4 W (high speed) urs of operation: 2 hr/day							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Bathroom fan power  Kitchen hood fan power  Ventilation fans on co	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery)	i4 W (high speed) urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and co ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Kitchen hood fan power  Ventilation fans on co  Podium Amenity: Heating and mechanical louvres (no heat reference)  Fan coil unit fan power  Demand controlled v	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously  cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and co ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Kitchen hood fan power  Ventilation fans on co  Podium Amenity: Heating and mechanical louvres (no heat reference)  Fan coil unit fan power  Demand controlled v	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously  cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hurce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Kitchen hood fan power  Ventilation fans on commechanical louvres (no heat referenced unit fan power)  Fan coil unit fan power  Demand controlled v  Fans run continuous loads (OA off)	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously  cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power: 60 V  Kitchen hood fan power: 60 V  Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat reference in the power of the power	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and c ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power  Kitchen hood fan power  Ventilation fans on commechanical louvres (no heat referenced in the power)  Podium Amenity: Heating and mechanical louvres (no heat referenced in the power)  Pan coil unit fan power  Pans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power: 60 V  Kitchen hood fan power: 60 V  Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat remarked and controlled ventiled and controlled ventiled (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handlered fan power: 0.30 W/commercial p	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power: 60 V  Kitchen hood fan power: 60 V  Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat reference in the power of the power: 0.30 W/commercial of the power of the	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously  cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm l ontinuously	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat reference in the power)  • Fan coil unit fan power  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler  • Fan power: 0.30 W/commercial in the power in	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultur ly during occupied with electric heat efm at 4,200 cfm l ontinuously	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat reference in the power)  • Fan coil unit fan power  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler  • Fan power: 0.30 W/commercial rooms:  • Ventilation fans on commercial rooms:  • Fan power: ≈0.30 W/commercial rooms:	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm l ontinuously /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas System Description and	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Kitchen hood fan power  • Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat reaction of the power)  • Fan coil unit fan power  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler  • Fan power: 0.30 W/commercial power: 0.30 W/commercial power: ≈0.30 W/commercial powercial power: ≈0.30 W/commercial power: ≈0.30 W/commercial power:	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hontinuously I cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultury during occupied with electric heat firm at 4,200 cfm continuously V/cfm V/cfm V/cfm V/cfm Don: 4 hr/day Seper hour but not in/door (kept at 68	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  urce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through  ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling  ting (kept at 68°F)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan power: 80 V  • Bathroom fan power: 80 V  • Wentilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat removed in the power of the po	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ho ver: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously  cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm ontinuously  /cfm /cfm on: 4 hr/day s per hour but not n/door (kept at 68 /SHRAE 62-2001	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hurce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling lting (kept at 68°F)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation Rates	Dwelling Units: Heating and come ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Wentilation fans on come of the common of	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously  cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied  with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm  continuously  /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cf	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day hours of operation: 2 hr/day  nurce VRF fan coil units and ventilation through  ral amenity and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling  ting (kept at 68°F)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation	Dwelling Units: Heating and co ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  ERV fan power: 60 V  Fan coil unit fan power:  Kitchen hood fan power:  Kitchen hood fan power:  Kitchen hood fan power:  Ventilation fans on come come come controlled v  Fan coil unit fan power:  Fan power: 0.30 W/c  Hydronic heating coil  Ventilation fans on come come come come come come come come	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in culturity during occupied with electric heat ffm at 4,200 cfm continuously /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling ling (kept at 68°F)  liless than 15 cfm per person 3°F) hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation Rates  Ventilation Control  Heat Recovery	Dwelling Units: Heating and come ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan power: 80 V  • Bathroom fan power: 80 V  • Kitchen hood fan power: 80 V  • Ventilation fans on come ventilation	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in culturity during occupied with electric heat ffm at 4,200 cfm continuously /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling ling (kept at 68°F)  liless than 15 cfm per person 3°F) hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation Rates  Ventilation Control	Dwelling Units: Heating and come ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Wentilation fans on come of the power: 60 W  • Ventilation fans on come of the power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler  • Fan power: 0.30 W/  • Hydronic heating coil  • Ventilation fans on come of the power: 60 W  • Fan power: ≈0.30 W/  • Fan power: ≈0.40 W/  • Fan hours of operation: 25 cfr (Outdoor air is calculated by A Living areas: 7,630 cfm Corridor pressurization: 4,200 Amenities + Lobby + Gallery + Demand controlled ventilation In-suite ERV (Lifebreath ERV Sensible effectiveness: 83% a Sensible effectiveness: 83	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in culturity during occupied with electric heat ffm at 4,200 cfm continuously /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling ling (kept at 68°F)  liless than 15 cfm per person 3°F) hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation Rates  Ventilation Control Heat Recovery  Central Plant Heating Type and Efficiency	Dwelling Units: Heating and commercial ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 V  • Fan coil unit fan power: 80 V  • Bathroom fan power: 80 V  • Ventilation fans on commercial louvres (no heat removed in the power of the power of the power of the power: 80 V  • Fan coil unit fan power: 80 V  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler of the power: 80 V  • Hydronic heating coil of the power: 80 V  • Hydronic heating coil of the power: 80 V  • Fan power: 80 V  • Fan power: 80 V  • Fan hours of operation of the power of	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in culturity during occupied with electric heat ffm at 4,200 cfm continuously /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling ling (kept at 68°F)  liless than 15 cfm per person 3°F) hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation Rates  Ventilation Control Heat Recovery  Central Plant Heating Type and Efficiency  Cooling Type and Efficiency	Dwelling Units: Heating and come ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Wentilation fans on come to the power: 60 W  • Ventilation fans on come to the power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler  • Fan power: 0.30 W/  • Hydronic heating coil  • Ventilation fans on come to the power: 60 W  • Fan power: ≈0.30 W/  • Fan power: ≈0.40 W/  • Fan hours of operation: 25 cfr (Outdoor air is calculated by A Living areas: 7,630 cfm Corridor pressurization: 4,200 Amenities + Lobby + Gallery + Demand controlled ventilation In-suite ERV (Lifebreath ERV Sensible effectiveness: 83% a Air source VRF outdoor unit Efficiency: 4.2 heating COP Air source VRF outdoor unit Efficiency: 2.63 cooling COP	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hower: ≈13.6 W, fan hontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in culturity during occupied with electric heat ffm at 4,200 cfm continuously /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling ling (kept at 68°F)  liless than 15 cfm per person 3°F) hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							
Temperature for Conditioned Areas  System Description and Efficiency  Minimum Ventilation Rates  Ventilation Control Heat Recovery  Central Plant Heating Type and Efficiency Cooling Type and	Dwelling Units: Heating and come ERV (Lifebreath ERV)  • ERV fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Bathroom fan power: 60 W  • Wentilation fans on come to the power: 60 W  • Ventilation fans on come to the power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Fan coil unit fan power: 60 W  • Fans run continuous loads (OA off)  Corridor: Roof-top air handler  • Fan power: 0.30 W/  • Hydronic heating coil  • Ventilation fans on come to the power: 60 W  • Fan power: ≈0.30 W/  • Fan power: ≈0.40 W/  • Fan hours of operation: 25 cfr (Outdoor air is calculated by A Living areas: 7,630 cfm Corridor pressurization: 4,200 Amenities + Lobby + Gallery + Demand controlled ventilation In-suite ERV (Lifebreath ERV Sensible effectiveness: 83% a Air source VRF outdoor unit Efficiency: 4.2 heating COP Air source VRF outdoor unit Efficiency: 4.2 heating COP Air source VRF outdoor unit	V (low speed), 15 er: ≈0.20 W/cfm : ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ho wer: ≈13.6 W, fan ontinuously cooling by air so ecovery) er: ≈0.30 W/cfm entilation in cultu ly during occupied with electric heat fm at 4,200 cfm continuously /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm /cfm	urs of operation: 2 hr/day hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors) d hours and cycle on-off to meet the heating/cooling ling (kept at 68°F)  liless than 15 cfm per person 3°F) hours and common areas (CO <sub>2</sub> sensors)							

#### LOW CARBON ENERGY SYSTEM

This type refers to a new utility-owned LCES located on-site within a development. Type 2a LCES must meet the following requirements:

(a) a qualified engineer must provide written verification that the LCES is designed to provide low carbon energy such that the development will meet the City's GHG limits:

(b) there must be evidence that a utility will purchase the LCES and supply long term energy service from the LCES to the development; and

(c) the utility must have demonstrated experience with other similar successful LCES.

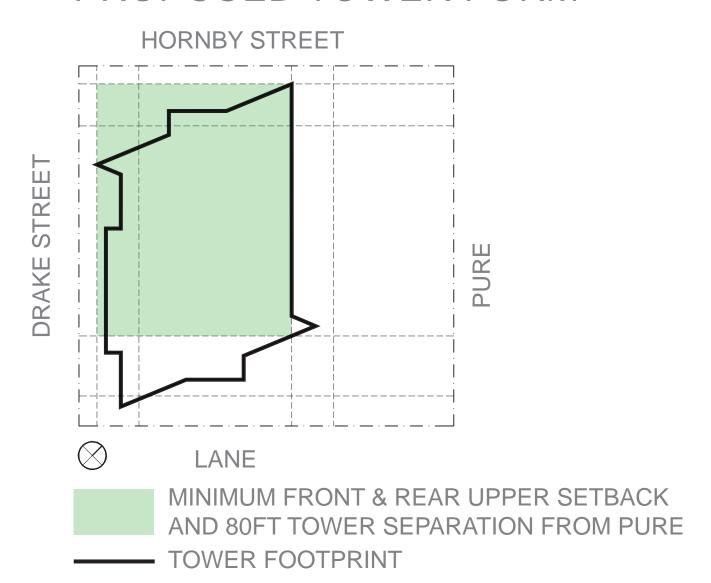
Prior to the application for an occupancy permit, the developer must deliver evidence to the City's satisfaction that the LCES was successfully registered with the BCUC, and that the ownership of the LCES was, or will soon be, duly transferred to a utility.

#### ZERO EMISSIONS BUILDING PLAN ENERGY CHECKLIST

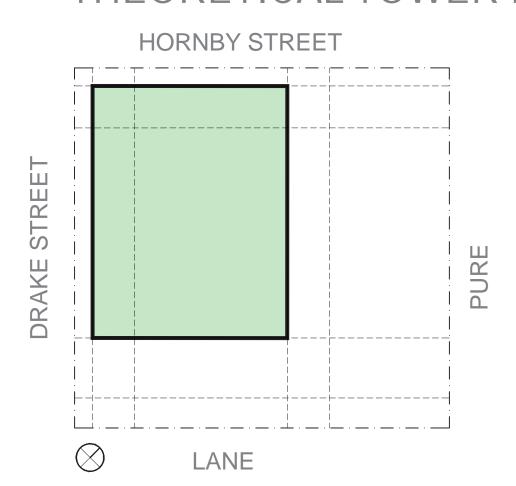
VANCOUVER	missions Bu							
Please complete all fields that apply to the project, using		it represents th tion yet, please	,	ge of desig	gn. For fields tha	t do not app	ly or for wh	ich the
	Project Infor	mation (enter	all that apply)					
Project Address Secondary Address		treet, Vancouv	er, B.C.					
Project Working Title	1290 Hornby S	treet						
POSSE File Name (City use only) Gross Floor Area indicated on Arch. Drawings (m²)	15,242							
Parkade Area (m²)	7,715 uilding Informa	ation and Per	formance Lir	mits				
For building types with Performance Limits, enter this	_		ormanice En	City-I	Recognized Low		Limits	
Building Type(s) Residential, 7+ storeys (Group C except Hotel)	Modelled Floor 15,242	Area (m²)	Rezoning? Yes	Carbon E	Energy System? Yes	TEUI 130	TEDI 40	GHG 6
ricoladinia, r. vicioje (Cicap e diceptinicio)	10,212					0	0	0
Total	15,242	-	ΓEDI limit for	r this port	ion of building	0	0 <b>40.0</b>	0
For other building types, create a baseline energy mo	del to establish	limits, and en		ation in th	is section			
Building Type	Modelled Floor	Area (m²)	Rezoning?					
Enter Other Building Type Baseline Model Performance Total Annual Electricity Use	Energy (kWh)	Em. Factor	Emissions (	(kgCO2e)	Baseline:	TEUI 0	TEDI 0	GHG 0
Total Annual Natural Gas Use		0.185	; -		Target:	0	0	0
Total Annual District Energy Use Fotal	-	0.070	) - -					
Total Annual Heat Demand - for TEDI								
Total Modelled Floor Area (m²)	15,242		Whole-Build	ling Perfo	rmance Limits	TEUI <b>130.0</b>	TEDI <b>40.0</b>	GHG (
Modelled Floor Area within 5% of Gross Floor Area?	Yes	D						
	Energy (kWh)	Building Perf Fuel Type	Em. Factor	Emission	s (kgCO2e)	TEUI		GHG
Interior Lighting Exterior Lighting		Electricity Electricity	0.011 0.011	4830.133 54.879		28.8 0.3		
Heating	380,726	Electricity	0.011	4187.98	6	25.0		
Cooling Pumps		Electricity Electricity	0.011 0.011	1774.26	7 )	10.6		
Fans Domestic Hot Water	,	Electricity Natural Gas		3172.019 55769.0		18.9 19.8		
Plug Loads	440,906	Electricity	0.011	4849.96	6	28.9		
Elevator	45,223	Electricity	0.011	497.45	3	3.0		
Total Annual Electricity Use Total Annual Natural Gas Use		0.011	,					
Total Annual District Energy Use	301,454	0.185						
Total			75,136					
Total Electricity Generated On-Site (kWh) Total Purchased Renewable Electricity (kWh)		% of Use % of Use						
Total Purchased Renewable Natural Gas (kWh)  Note: purchaes renewables used to demonstrate co		% of Use		of AHI				
Adjusted Electricity Emissions Factor (kgCO2e/kWh)	0.011		satisfaction o	n Allo				
Adjusted Natural Gas Emissions Factor (kgCO2e/kWh)	0.185			***********				
Annual Heat Demand of portions with Perf. Limits (kWh)  Total Annual Heat Demand - for TEDI (kWh)							-	
Total Annual Cooling Demand - for info only (kWh)		33.9	kWh/m²					
		Мо	delled Whole	e-Building	g Performance	TEUI 135.3	TEDI <b>43.1</b>	GHG
Corridor Pressurization	Adiustment			*******			***********	******
Heating Degree Days	2825							
Number of Suite Doors Pressurized Airflow for Pressurization per Door (L/s/door)	11.7986861							
Area of Corridors Pressurized (m²) Make-Up Air Fuel Type						TEUI	TEDI	GHG
Make-Up Air Emissions Factor Suite-level Metering for Space Heating	0.011				r Pressurization ering of Heating	8.9	8.9	(
Note: select yes if the energy us				te Submet	ening or nearing			
	А	djusted TEDI	Performance	e of Portion	ons with Limits		(8.9)	
		ted Whole-Bu		rmance f	or Compliance	126.4	34.2	4
Modelled Above-Ground Wall Area (m²)	10,555			Verti	cal facade-to-Flo			0.
Window-to-Wall Area Ratio (WWR)					Windo	w-to-Floor A	Area Ratio	0.
Infiltration Rate (L/s/m² <sub>fac</sub> )	0.2				ne Pei Volue	(M/mº//)		
Wall Effective R-Value - incl. thermal bridging (m²K/W) Roof Effective R-Value - incl. thermal bridging (m²K/W)	5.3	29.99 (ft²hr°F/Btu) Avg. Window Transiti			n Psi-Value	(W/m°K)		
Average Window Effective U-Value (W/m²°K)  Average Suite Occupant Density (m²/pers)		` '				0		
Average Suite Ventilation Rate (L/s/m²)	14.15842332	DHW			DHW I	Average Lighting W/m²  Low-Flow Savings (%)		
Average HRV Effectiveness Heating System Type (fuel, plant, distribution, etc.)	79%			DH	HW Drain Heat R	ecovery Effe	ectiveness	
Cooling System Type (fuel, plant, distribution, etc.)	Air source VRF	fan coil units						
DHW System Type (fuel, plant, distribution, etc.)								
Modeller Name		eller Informa	non					
✓	These res	ults have been	created using	g the COV	Energy Modellin	g Guidelines	s version:	
	Integral Group							
Phone Number	004-087-1800							

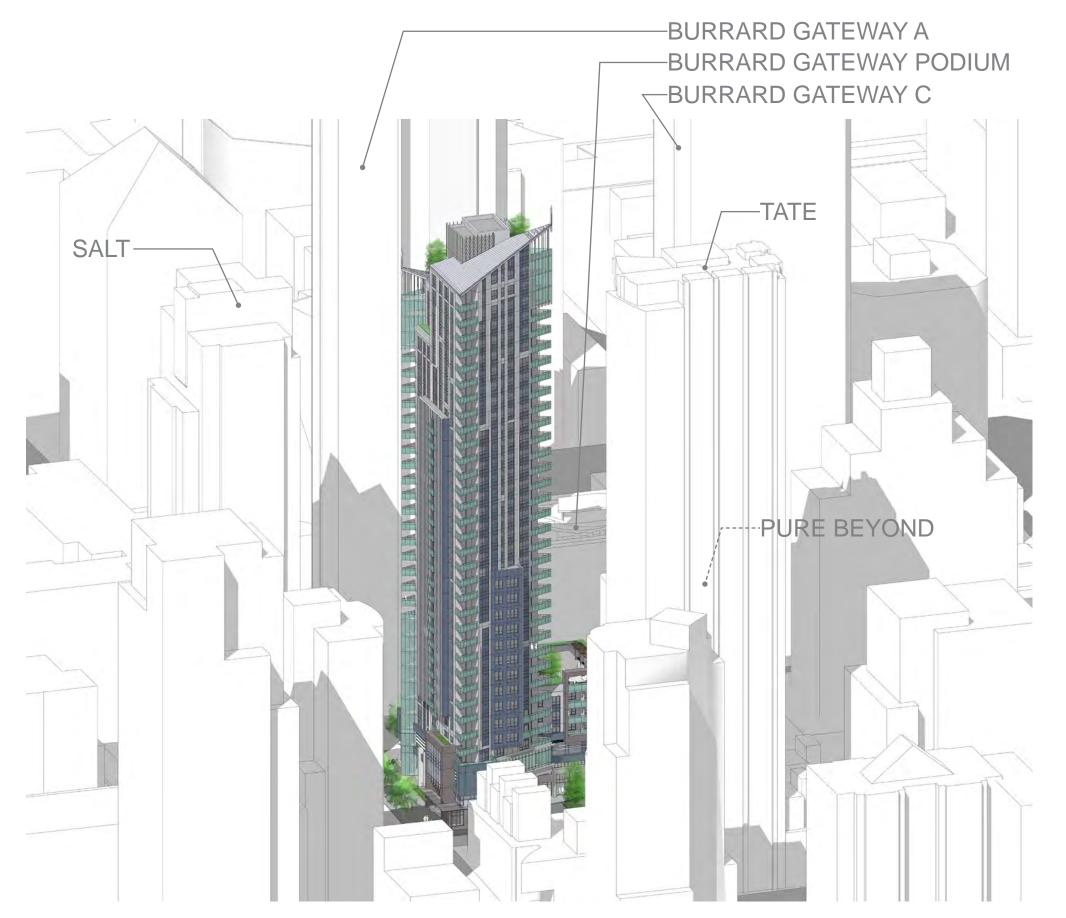
#### COMPARATIVE SHADOW STUDY

#### PROPOSED TOWER FORM

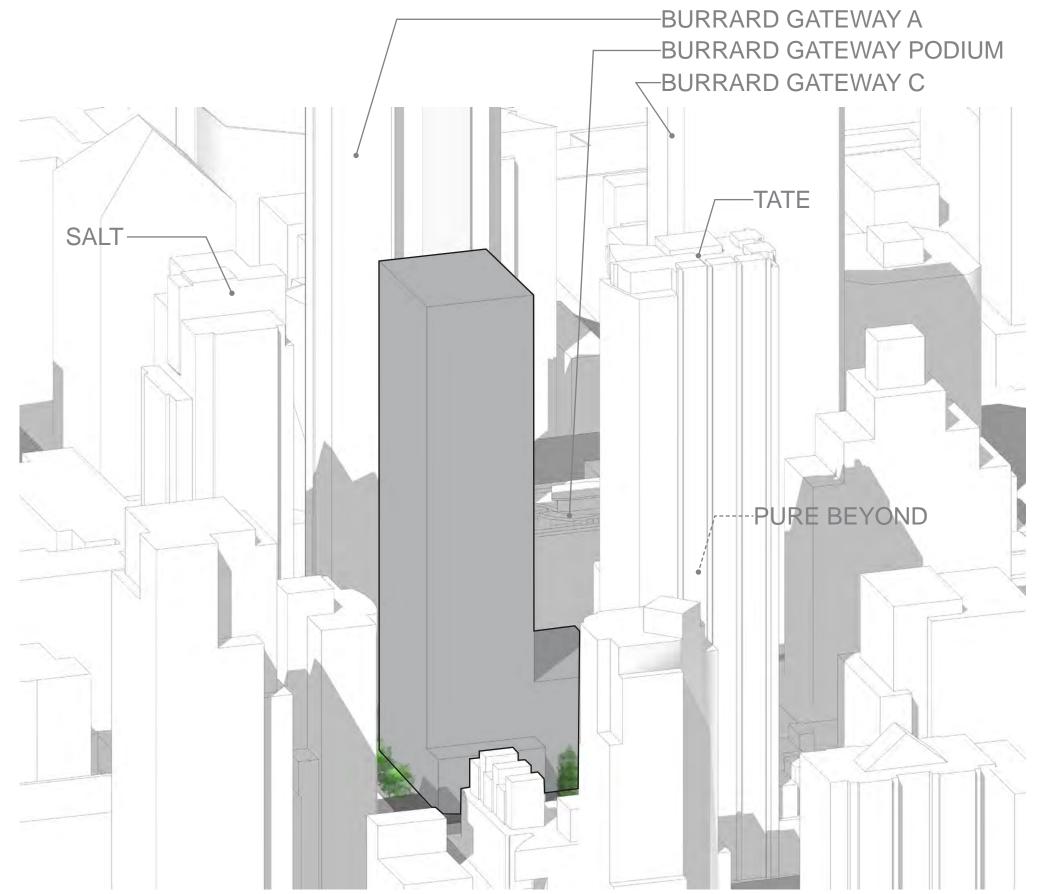


#### THEORETICAL TOWER FORM

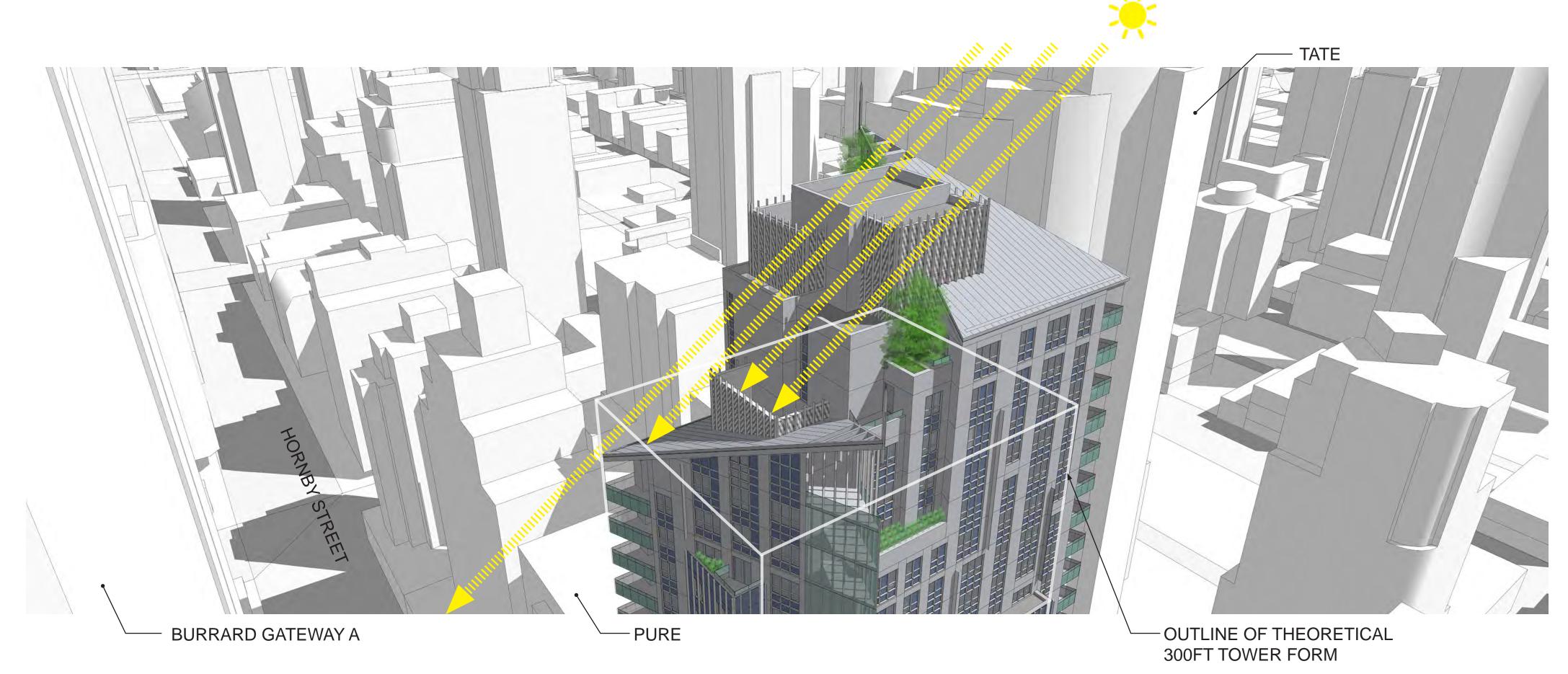




PROPOSED TOWER FORM AT 348.3FT HEIGHT



THEORETICAL TOWER FORM AT 300FT HEIGHT



RESULTANT SUNPATH OF PROPOSED ASCENDING ROOF FORM

# COMPARATIVE SHADOW STUDY

