

**REDLINED VERSION FOR THE PROPOSED AMENDMENTS  
REGARDING ADMINISTRATIVE AND LEVY MATTERS**

**AREA SPECIFIC DEVELOPMENT COST LEVY  
BY-LAW NO. 9418**

**SECTION 1  
INTERPRETATION**

**Name of By-law**

1.1 The name of this By-law, for citation, is the “Area Specific Development Cost Levy By-law”.

**Definitions**

1.2 In this By-law:

“Alteration” means any physical change to a building or structure that includes significant retention of primary structural elements, but does not include demolition and replacement of the structure, or façade-only retention without significant retention of other primary structural elements;

"area" means each of the:

- (a) Arbutus outlined in Schedule A,
- (b) Burrard Slopes outlined in Schedule B,
- (c) Cedar Cottage/Welwyn Street outlined in Schedule C,
- (d) Downtown South outlined in Schedule D,
- (e) Dundas/Wall outlined in Schedule E,
- (f) False Creek Flats outlined in Schedule F,
- (g) Grandview Boundary Industrial outlined in Schedule G,
- (h) Oakridge/Langara outlined in Schedule H,
- (i) South East False Creek outlined in Schedule I, and
- (j) Triangle West outlined in Schedule J;

"Artist Studio - Class A", which means the use of premises for the production of dance, live music, creative writing, painting, drawings, pottery or sculpture, video, moving or still photography, none of which involves amplified sound or one or more of the materials or

processes specified under Artist Studio - Class B, but does not include premises used for residential purposes;

"Artist Studio - Class B", which means the use of premises for the production of (a) dance or live music involving electronically amplified sound, (b) moving or still photography (excluding video) involving on-site film processing, (c) paintings, drawings, pottery or sculpture involving the use of fibreglass, epoxy and other toxic or hazardous materials or one or more of the following processes: welding, woodworking, spray painting, silk screening or fired ceramics, but does not include premises used for residential purposes;

"building permit" means a building permit issued under the Building By-law;

"child care" means the use of premises operated as a community care facility by one or more persons licensed under the Community Care and Assisted Living Act of British Columbia, as amended or replaced from time to time, on a not for profit basis, for "group child care", "preschool", multi-age child care in accordance with Child Care Licensing Regulation B.C. Reg. No. 332/2007, as amended or replaced from time to time, and may include the use of flexible space operated for child services as determined by the Director of Social Planning for the city but excludes premises operated for "family child care";

"Community Centre /Neighbourhood House" means a community centre /neighbourhood house generally accessible to the public and no smaller than 50 square meters in floor area.

"Community Energy Centre" means the use of premises as an energy supply facility that provides heat energy in the form of hot water to buildings across different parcels through a distribution system;

"Cultural Facility" means the use of premises for delivering arts and culture programs and services, including Artist Studio (Class A and B), gallery, halls, museum or archives, theatre limited to live theatre, production or rehearsal studio limited to the rehearsal of dance, music or drama, and necessary and customarily incidental uses to support the primary use of the Cultural Facility;

"day care" means the use of premises operated as a community care facility by one or more persons licensed under the Community Care and Assisted Living Act of British Columbia, as amended or replaced from time to time, on a not for profit basis, for "group day care", "preschool", "special needs day care", "emergency care", "child minding", or "out of school care", in accordance with Child Care Licensing Regulation B.C. Reg. No. 319/89, as amended or replaced from time to time, and may include the use of flexible space operated for child services as determined by the Director of Social Planning for the city but excludes premises operated for "family child care";

"development" means any construction, alteration, or extension of all or part of a building or structure that requires issuance of a building permit, and includes a surface parking lot but excludes repair or renovation work, being repair or renovation of a building or structure that does not increase the floor area of that building or structure;

"floor area" means the floor area of a development set out in the development permit that applies at the time of entitlement to delivery of the building permit authorizing the development;

"floor space ratio" (FSR) means the figure obtained when the area of the floors of the buildings on a site is divided by the area of the site in accordance with the Zoning and Development By-law;

"for-profit affordable rental housing" means a new building containing multiple dwelling units, which meets the requirements of section 3.1A to be for-profit affordable rental housing, but does not include alterations of or extensions to those dwelling units;

"industrial" means:

- (a) any zoning district designated as "Industrial" by section 9.1 of the Zoning and Development By-law, and includes the following zones: I-2, M-1, M-1A, M-1B, M-2 zoning districts;
- (b) the land zoned by CD-1 By-law No. 6654 with respect only to those uses that the by-law permitted on the date of its enactment; and
- (c) for all other zones involving industrial uses including MC-1, MC-2, and IC-3, DCLs to be applied based on land use category where industrial means any manufacturing use, transportation and storage use, and wholesale use as defined in the Zoning and Development By-law;

~~"industrial use" means any manufacturing use, transportation and storage use, or wholesale use defined in the Zoning and Development By-law;~~

"laneway house" has the meaning ascribed to it by section 2 of the Zoning and Development By-law;

"levy" means development cost levy;

"library" means a library generally accessible to the public and no smaller than 50 square meters in floor space;

"micro dwelling" means a micro dwelling as defined in the Zoning and Development By-law;

~~"parking garage" means all or a portion of a building or structure the principal or intended principal use of which is the parking or storage of motor vehicles but excludes all or a portion of a building or structure that provides no more than four motor vehicle parking or storage spaces accessory to a residential use;~~

"prime rate" means the floating annual percentage rate of interest established from time to time by the Bank of Montreal, 595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, British Columbia as the base rate that the Bank uses to determine rates of interest charged by it for Canadian dollar loans to customers in Canada and designated by the Bank of Montreal as the prime rate;

"project" means any capital project described in section 2.2;

"Public Authority Use" means a Public Authority use limited to Police Station or Fire Hall;

"replacement housing" has the meaning given to it in section 523D(2.2) of the Vancouver Charter;

"school" means an institution of learning regularly giving instruction to children that is either:

- (a) under the jurisdiction of The Board of School Trustees of School District No. 39 (Vancouver) constituted under the *School Act*, or
- (b) accepted by the Ministry of Education of the Province of British Columbia, or its successor in function, as providing instruction equivalent to that furnished in the schools referred to in subparagraph (a) above;

"social housing", for the purposes of section 523D(10)(d) of the Vancouver Charter, means rental housing:

- (a) in which at least 30% of the dwelling units are occupied by households with incomes below housing income limits, as set out in the current "Housing Income Limits" table published by the British Columbia Housing Management Commission, or equivalent publication;
- (b) which is owned by a non-profit corporation, by a non-profit co-operative association, or by or on behalf of the city, the Province of British Columbia, or Canada; and
- (c) in respect of which the registered owner or ground lessee of the freehold or leasehold title to the land on which the housing is situate has granted to the city a section 219 covenant, housing agreement, or other security for the housing commitments required by the city, registered against the freehold or leasehold title, with such priority of registration as the city may require;

except that in the HA-2 district; in the area of the FC-1 district located north of National Avenue; in the area of the M-1, I-2, RT-3 and RM-3A districts located north of Venables Street, Malkin Avenue and Prior Street, south of Hastings Street, east of Gore Avenue and west of Clark Drive; in the Downtown-Eastside Oppenheimer district; and in the area of the Downtown district denoted as C2 on Map 1 of the Downtown Official Development Plan; social housing means rental housing:

- (d) in which at least one third of the dwelling units are occupied by persons eligible for either Income Assistance or a combination of basic Old Age Security pension and Guaranteed Income Supplement and are rented at rates no higher than the shelter component of Income Assistance;
- (e) which is owned by a non-profit corporation, by a non-profit co-operative association, or by or on behalf of the city, the Province of British Columbia, or Canada; and
- (f) in respect of which the registered owner or ground lessee of the freehold or

leasehold title to the land on which the housing is situate has granted to the city a section 219 covenant, housing agreement, or other security for the housing commitments required by the city, registered against the freehold or leasehold title, with such priority of registration as the city may require.

“social service centre” means the use of premises by a non-profit society:

- (a) providing information, referral, counselling, advocacy or health care services; or
- (b) dispensing aid in the nature of food or clothing; or
- (c) providing drop in or activity space, but does not include premises used for residential purposes or detoxification centre;

"surface parking lot" means a parking lot established on the surface of land that has no portion of a building or structure above or below it; and

"temporary building" means a temporary building, structure, or shelter erected for a period not exceeding twelve months for which a building permit is necessary under the Building By-law.

“works yard” means the use of a partially enclosed building, or a portion thereof, for the storing, repairing, or cleaning of supplies, materials, equipment, or vehicles of any business which conducts construction, installation, cleaning, repair or other industrial trade services off-site.

### SECTION 3 DEVELOPMENT COST LEVIES

#### Imposition of levies

3.1 Subject to this By-law, Council imposes, on every person entitled to delivery of a building permit authorizing development in the general area, the levies set out in section 3.

#### Waiver or reduction for for-profit-affordable housing

3.1A Notwithstanding section 3.1, Council waives or reduces the levy otherwise required under this By-law ~~Schedule C~~ for the construction of for-profit affordable rental housing, which shall mean housing where:

- (a) all dwelling units in the building are rental units;
- (b) no dwelling units are strata units;
- (c) the average size of the dwelling units of each unit type is not greater than:

Bedroom Type	Multi-family Apartment Unit	Townhouse
Studio	42 square meters	-----
One Bedroom	56 square meters	56 square meters
Two Bedroom	77 square meters	90 square meters
Three Bedroom	97 square meters	112 square meters

Four Bedroom	-----	125 square meters
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~~except that the floor area used for stairways within the townhouse units of two or more storeys is excluded from the calculation of maximum unit size;~~

~~except that the average sizes for townhouse units of two or more storeys with stairways may add 4 square meters to the maximums listed in the table;~~

- (d) At least 20% of the residential floor area that is counted in the calculation of the floor space ratio consists of units with average rents per unit type for initial occupancy that do not exceed a rate that is 10% less than the average rents for studio units, one bedroom units, two bedroom units and units with three or more bedrooms in the city, as published by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in the Rental Market Survey Data Tables in the previous calendar year, or where instead of complying with (d); ~~the following specified rents:~~

- ~~(i) — \$950 per month for studio units,~~
- ~~(ii) — \$1,200 per month for one bedroom units,~~
- ~~(iii) — \$1,600 per month for two bedroom units; and~~
- ~~(iv) — \$2,000 per month for units with three or more bedrooms, or~~

where, instead of complying with (d),

- (e) agreed upon average rents per unit type for initial occupancy do not exceed the average rents for studio units, one bedroom units, two bedroom units and units with three or more bedrooms built in the City since 2005, as published by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in the Rental Market ~~Report~~ **Survey Data Tables** in the previous calendar year, except that such rents may be 10% higher than the rents otherwise stipulated under this section if the housing is located in the West Area as shown on the map attached to this By-law as Appendix “A”, and rents shall also be adjusted annually on January 1:

- (i) for all studio units, one bedroom units, two bedroom units and units with three or more bedrooms to reflect the change in average rents for studio units, one bedroom units, two bedroom units, and units with three or more bedrooms built in the City since 2005, as those rents are set out by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in the Rental Market ~~Report~~ **Survey Data Tables** ~~Report~~ published in the previous calendar year, or the most recently published data for the newest building age category for private rental apartment units published in the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation’s Rental Market ~~Report~~ **Survey Data Tables**; or
- (ii) when the average rent data for any bedroom type is not reported in the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation’s Rental Market ~~Report~~ **Survey Data Tables**, the change in average rents will reflect the average rents for the most recent building age category available in the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation’s Housing Market Information Portal, as those rents are set out for the previous calendar year; and

- (f) the owner of the property on which such housing is situate has registered against title to that property an instrument, in form and substance, and with priority of registration, satisfactory to the Director of Legal Services, ensuring the initial rents are in accordance with 3.1A (d) or 3.1A (e), and otherwise in compliance with this By-law, and restricting the tenure of such housing to rental for:
  - (i) the longer of the life of the building in which they are situate and 60 years, or
  - (ii) such other term to which the City and owner may agree.
- (g) class A for-profit affordable rental housing shall mean housing in compliance with subsections (a), (b), (c), (d) and (f), and class B for-profit affordable rental housing shall mean housing in compliance with subsections (a), (b), (c), (e) and (f).

### Administration of waiver

3.1B The waiver under section 3.1A shall be administered as follows:

- (a) rents to be agreed upon shall not exceed the rents stipulated in section 3.1A and this By-law at the time of Council's approval in principle of any zoning by-law required to authorize the development of the site in cases where the application is subject to a Community Amenity Contribution, or at the time the 'prior-to permit issuance' letter related to the development permit is issued and for clarity, the rents to be agreed upon may be lower than the rents stipulated under this By-law, but may not exceed the rents stipulated under this By-law;
- (b) if the ~~new rezoning~~ of a property ~~was required to authorize the development of the site, has already been approved in principle at the time of enactment of this section of the By-law, the agreed upon rents shall be, where applicable,~~ the rents to be agreed upon should stipulated in the conditions of enactment of the zoning by-law approved ~~imposed~~ by Council following the public hearing;
- (c) notwithstanding sections 3.1B (a) and (b), if a new zoning by-law was required to authorize the development of the site and the tenure of the residential area of the building for which a waiver is being sought was not secured as rental housing as a condition of enactment, the rents to be agreed upon shall not exceed the rents stipulated in section 3.1A and this By-law at the time the 'prior-to permit issuance' letter related to the development permit is issued and do not need to be stipulated in accordance with 3.1B (b);
- ~~(e)~~ (d) notwithstanding sections 3.1B (a), (b) and (c), ~~if the rents are determined under 3.1.A (e), rather than under 3.1A (d),~~ the rents that may be charged at initial occupancy may be increased annually from the time that the rents are agreed upon at the applicable triggering event specified in section 3.1B (a) and (c) until initial occupancy in accordance with the annual maximum increases authorized by the province of British Columbia under section 22 of the Residential Tenancy Regulation, B.C. Reg. 477/2003;

- (d) any waiver of a development cost levy authorized under section 3.1A is to be calculated and determined at the time of issuance of a building permit authorizing construction of the building subject to the waiver;
- (e) a building that qualifies under section 3.1A for a development cost levy waiver shall not forfeit the waiver because other housing otherwise exempt from development costs levies under City by-laws or the Vancouver Charter is also located in the building; and
- (f) all units of all unit types must meet all the requirements in section 3.1A (a) and (b), all units of all unit types must be used to calculate the averages specified in 3.1A (c), all units of all unit types that comprise the 20% of residential floor area used to calculate 3.1A (d) must meet the rents specified in 3.1A (d), and all units of all units types must be used to calculate the average rents specified in 3.1A (e), except that a building that contains studio units, one bedroom units and two bedroom units that meet all requirements in 3.1A (a),(b),(c), and (e) qualifies for a waiver for all those units in each of those unit types on a pro rata basis even if the building contains units with three or more bedrooms that do not meet the requirements in section 3.1A (e), in which case none of the units with three or more bedrooms qualifies for the waiver.

### **Extent of waiver**

3.1C Every class A for-profit affordable rental housing project shall be entitled to a waiver of 100% of the development costs levies otherwise payable under this By-law, and every class B for-profit affordable rental housing project shall be entitled to a waiver of 86.24% of the development costs levies otherwise payable under this By-law.

### **Arbutus levies**

3.2 The levy for the Arbutus area is to be \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) an industrial use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (b) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (c) a surface parking lot, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of space available for parking or access to parking;
- (d) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (e) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (f) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square meter of such floor area.

### **Burrard Slopes levies**

3.3 The levy for the Burrard Slopes area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:



- (a) an industrial ~~use~~, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (b) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (c) a surface parking lot, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of space available for parking or access to parking;
- (d) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (e) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (f) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square meter of such floor area.

### **Cedar Cottage/Welwyn Street levies**

3.4 The levy for the Cedar Cottage/Welwyn Street area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) a development including residential use, except for a laneway house, and consisting of a floor space ratio of 1.2 or less, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of residential floor area;
- (b) a laneway house, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area;
- (c) an industrial ~~use~~, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (d) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (e) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (f) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (g) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square meter of such floor area.

### **Downtown South levies**

3.5 The levy for the Downtown South area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (b) a surface parking lot, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of space available for parking or access to parking;
- (c) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (d) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (e) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square meter of such floor area.

### Dundas/Wall levies

3.6 The levy for the Dundas/Wall area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (b) a surface parking lot, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of space available for parking or access to parking;
- (c) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (d) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (e) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square meter of such floor area.”

### False Creek Flats levies

3.7 The levy for the False Creek Flats area is \$70.16 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for a:

- (a) a works yard, the levy is ~~\$1.00~~ 10.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- ~~(b) a parking garage, the levy is \$1.08 for each square metre of such floor area;~~
- ~~(c) (b) a school use, the levy is \$5.49 for each square metre of such floor area;~~
- ~~(d) (c) a child care use, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;~~
- ~~(e) (d) a temporary building, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;~~
- (e) Cultural Facility, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(f) an Artist Studio Class A and B, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;~~
- ~~(g) (f) a Community Centre/Neighbourhood House, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;~~
- (g) Community Energy Centre, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (h) a library, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (i) a public authority use, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (j) a social service centre, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit.

### Grandview Boundary Industrial levies

3.8 The levy for the Grandview Boundary area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) development in a zoning district designated under section 9.1 of the Zoning and Development By-law as “Industrial” or in that area known as “Still Creek” and identified in By-law No. 6654, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area that is for any use except a dwelling use, housekeeping unit, or sleeping unit, defined under the Zoning and Development By-law;
- (b) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (c) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (d) a child care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (e) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (f) an Artist Studio Class A and B, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (g) a Community Centre/Neighbourhood House, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (h) a library, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (i) a public authority use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (j) a social service centre, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit.

#### **Oakridge/Langara levies**

3.9 The levy for the Oakridge/Langara area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) a development including residential use, except for a laneway house, and consisting of a floor space ratio of 1.2 or less, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of residential floor area;
- (b) a laneway house, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area;
- (c) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (d) a surface parking lot, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of space available for parking or access to parking;
- (e) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (f) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (g) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit.

### South East False Creek levies

3.10 The levy for the South East False Creek area is \$216.91 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) ~~an industrial use~~ Industrial, the levy is \$34.64 for each square metre of such floor area;
- ~~(b) a parking garage, the levy is \$1.08 for each square metre of such floor area;~~
- ~~(c) a surface parking lot, the levy is \$156.08 for each square metre of space available for parking or access to parking;~~
- ~~(d)~~ (b) a temporary building, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(e)~~ (c) community energy centre, ~~being an energy supply facility that provides heat energy in the form of hot water to buildings through a thermal distribution network that links the community energy centre with an energy transfer station in each building, and that includes separate loops for the supply and return of heat energy in the form of hot water,~~ the levy is to be \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(f)~~ a Cultural Facility, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(g)~~ ~~an Artist Studio Class A and B, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;~~
- ~~(h)~~ (e) a child care use, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(i)~~ (f) a Community Centre/Neighbourhood House, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(j)~~ (g) a library, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit;
- ~~(k)~~ (h) a public authority use, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit; and
- (k) (i) a social service centre, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit.; and
- (j) a works yard, the levy is \$10.00 in respect of each building permit.

### Triangle West levies

3.11 The levy for the Triangle West area is \$0.00 for each square metre of floor area in the development authorized for construction under the building permit, except that for:

- (a) a parking garage, the levy is \$0.00 for each square metre of such floor area;
- (b) a day care use, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit;
- (c) a temporary building, the levy is \$0.00 in respect of each building permit; and

- (d) a school use, the levy is \$0.00 for each square meter of such floor area.”

### **Application of levy to less than four dwelling units**

3.12 ~~In the Cedar Cottage/Welwyn Street area and Oakridge/Langara area, a~~ A levy is payable where a building permit authorizes the construction, alteration, or extension of a building that, after the construction, alteration, or extension, will:

- (a) contain less than four self-contained dwelling units;
- (b) be put to no other use other than residential use in those dwelling units; and
- (c) in the case of an alteration or extension, except for the alteration or extension of a garage into a laneway house, include an addition of 46.5 m<sup>2</sup> or more of floor area.

### **Alteration or extension of existing building or structure**

3.13 If a development consists only of the alteration or extension of an existing building or structure to increase its floor area, except for the alteration or extension of a garage into a laneway house, the levy applies only to the additional floor area.

### **Staged development**

3.14 If a development takes place in stages authorized by separate building permits, a levy is payable, under sections 3.2 to 3.11, with respect to each such building permit.

### **Staged building permit**

3.15 If a building permit is issued in stages, a levy is payable prior to issuance of the first building permit.

### **Aggregate levy**

~~3.15~~ 3.16 If a development includes uses, or buildings or structures, to which different levies apply, the levy for the development is to be the aggregate of them.

### **Payment of levy by installments**

~~3.16~~—Rather than paying a levy upon issuance of a building permit, the person responsible for payment of the levy, at the time and as a condition of issuance of the building permit, may:

- ~~(a)~~—pay \$100.00 to the city; and
- ~~(b)~~—post with the city an irrevocable and unconditional letter of credit for the balance of the amount of the levy, together with an amount equal to one year’s interest

~~thereon at a rate that is two percent above the prime rate on the day of application for the building permit, for a term of not less than 12 months.~~

### **Micro dwellings**

3.17 No levy is payable for micro dwelling units that measure no more than 29.7 m<sup>2</sup>, and are built in accordance with a building permit.

### **Realization on security**

~~3.17—The city may realize on the letter of credit referred to in section 3.16, or on any renewal of it:~~

- ~~(a) — within 30 days before the date of its expiry unless, before the date 11 months following the date of its issuance, the person who posted the letter of credit or its renewal posts with the city a renewal or further renewal of the letter of credit on the same terms and conditions as the original letter of credit except that fixing of the prime rate is to occur on the day of renewal or further renewal of the letter of credit; or~~
- ~~(b) — if the levy that it secures remains unpaid on the date of issuance of the occupancy permit permitting occupancy of the development in respect of which the levy is payable.~~

### **Default in payment of levy installments**

~~3.18—If a levy payable by installments under section 3.16 of this By-law or any portion of it remains unpaid after its due date, Council authorizes the Collector of Taxes to insert the amount of the levy, or unpaid portion, in the real property tax roll as a charge imposed with respect to the parcel or parcels in relation to which the city issued the building permit.~~

### **Change in use of excluded floor area**

~~3.19~~ 3.18 If the conversion of space that is not floor area to a use that makes it floor area occurs Council deems such space to be floor area as at the date of issuance of the building permit authorizing its development.

### **Change in use of excluded land or development**

~~3.20~~ 3.19 If the development or change of use of land or a building or structure, that is exempt from a levy, makes it subject to a levy, such levy is due and payable at the time of such development, alteration, or change of use.