Regulation of Retail Dealers -Medical Marijuana-Related Uses

Public Hearing - June 10, 2015

RTS: 10939



Background



- The number of marijuana-related businesses has grown from 60 in January to 94 in June
- Vancouver Charter accord Council the authority to regulate land use and businesses such as retail shops (e.g. locations, hours, noise, nuisance prevention, design, security features etc.)
- On April 28 Council referred proposed marijuanarelated use regulations to Public Hearing
- Council asked staff to provide additional information on how proposed regulations relate to:
 - Safety
 - Implementation
 - Community feedback
 - Fact-based questions
 - Health concerns (VCH will address)

Yellow Memo: Amendments to Staff Recommendations

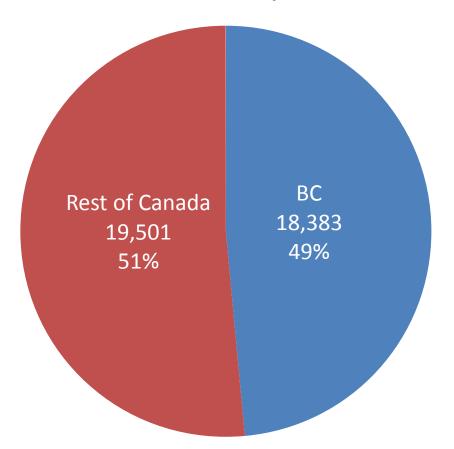


- Zoning and Development Bylaw
 - Remove unclear language
 - Correct minor errors (i.e. typos)
- License Bylaw
 - Change maximum number of licences per person from one to five
 - Require posting of health warnings to customers
 - Correct oversights in order to:
 - enable implementation of regulations
 - implement a declustering process for outlets already in operation
 - Remove unnecessary language

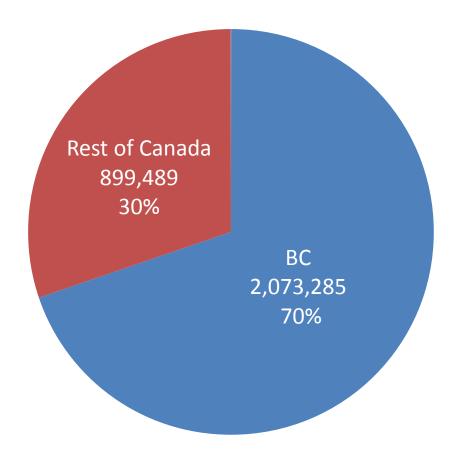
Federal Licences



Authorized Medical Marijuana Possession: No. of People



Authorized Medical Marijuana Production: No. of Plants



Data indicates MMAR plants before 2014 change in Federal rules for growing.

VPD Incidents



April 2014 to May 2015

	Crimes Against Marijuana- related Uses	Crimes Against Pharmacies	
B&E	6	18	
Robbery	3	14	
Attempted Robbery	1	0	
Extortion	2	0	
TOTAL	12	32	

	Marijuana-related Uses	Pharmacies
No. of locations	94	168
VPD search warrants executed	9	0
% Crime	13	19

Source: VPD 5

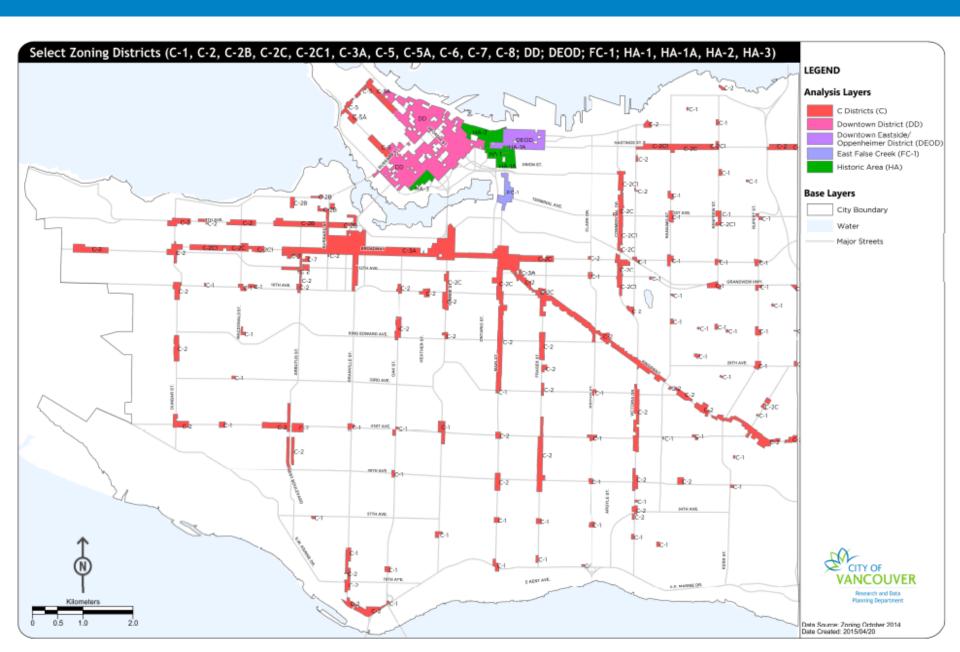
Objectives



- Regulate marijuana-related businesses to reduce risks and impacts in the following areas:
 - Youth exposure
 - Serious crime (organized crime, property crime)
 - Health and safety risks
 - Nuisance
 - Aesthetics
 - Impact on local economy (clusters, unkempt storefronts)
 - Loss of job-producing industrial sites
- Treat all businesses consistently and fairly
- Utilize City's regulatory framework composed of permits and licensing

Zoning Districts





Regulations: Zoning By-law



Zoning Regulations

Allowed in Commercial Zoning Districts only

300 m minimum distance from schools, community centres and neighbourhood houses

300 m minimum distance from other marijuana-related uses

Discretionary consideration of impact on youth facilities within 300 m

Continuum of options



Stricter More Lenient Decreased distance and/or fewer Increased distancing and/or

additional sensitive uses (e.g. child care, libraries and parks) sensitive uses





Regulations: License By-law



onale Business Licence

Disallow minors (under 19 years) from entering or working in the Marijuana-Related

Ratio Regulations

lease holder

liquor, ATM)

surveillance

person

edible oils

conduct

Support Aesthetics and Require transparent shop fronts

Require a security plan

Disallow staff from working alone

Disallow mail or delivery of products

Protect Youth

Prevent Crime

Optimize Security

Mitigate Nuisance

Public Realm

and Safety

Use, and post signage to this effect

Prohibit displays of wares or advertising to minors

Require a police information check for the applicant and for all staff annually

Prohibit transfers of licences to another party

Limit of five Business Licences per person, and disallow corporate ownership

Require that Business Licence applications must be made by the property owner or

Disallow sharing of space with any other land use (e.g. cheque cashing, massage,

Require provision of a list all staff and 24/7 contact information for a responsible

Disallow sale of food products (either pre-packaged or freshly-prepared) except

Require management of community impacts such as noise, odour, and patron

Require that security gate (if any) be set back one metre from front window

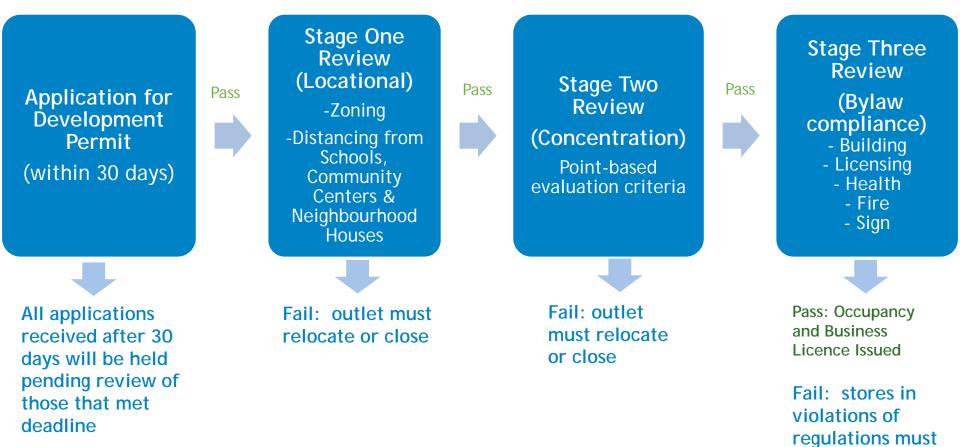
Require use of a monitored security and fire alarm system, including video

Require removal or storage of valuables in a safe when business is closed

Limit hours of operation between 8:00 am and 10:00 pm

Implementation of Regulations





A typical application process will take between 6 and 12 months depending on complexity of application.

close

Declustering Process: Assessment



 Each marijuana-related use in a cluster will be assigned points in the following circumstances:

- history of poor business practices (e.g. search warrant executions)	4 points
- existing work without a Building Permit	3 points
- is the subject of complaints from more than one complainant within past 12 months	2 points
- is operated for profit (i.e. not a non-profit society)	1 point

 The one with fewest points is allowed to remain (the other(s) must relocate)



- Vancouver Police Information Checks (PIC) required annually for operator and all its employees
 - search several databases to reveal details of criminal convictions, charges and warrants
 - the City <u>must</u> deny a Licence if, within last 5 years, an applicant has been convicted of a related crime (e.g. drug trafficking)
 - the City <u>may choose</u> to deny Licence if concerned about an applicant who, within his lifetime, has record of:

Likely To Be Denied Pos	sibly Denied	Likely Allow
 production drug offences (e.g. meth labs, illegal marihuana grow production drug offences (e.g. produc	heft raud possession of stolen property arson	summary convictionsdriving offences

applicant may appeal Licence denial to Council



What will happen to outlets that are too close to a sensitive use?

- Outlets that fail to meet distancing requirements (e.g. schools, community centres) must relocate
- Displaced outlets will get 6 months grace
- Grandfathering existing outlets is not recommended:
 - enables significant number of outlets near sensitive uses
 - increases total capacity from 90 to 140 outlets



- Why are proponents limited to five licences each?
 - discourages organized crime
 - corporate ownership also prohibited for the same reason, and to ensure full disclosure of business ownership
 - this will still enable non-profits to expand their charitable work under the same name



- Why are marijuana-related uses disallowed in Granville Entertainment District?
 - Business concerns about sensitive, revitalizing area
 - Focus of area is entertainment, not health services
- Why is the Downtown Eastside being treated differently than other neighbourhoods?
 - Area with many vulnerable people
 - Policy allows for reasonable access (on Hastings and Main Streets), ensuring most residents are within a short walk
- Why not allow marijuana-related uses on Pender Street?
 - Business/community has concerns about erosion of the historic and cultural character of this street



- Why are Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) disallowed in marijuana-related uses?
 - Reduces incentive to make impulse purchases
 - Reduces incentive for robbery
 - Banning ATMs is considered a best practice for casinos¹
- Why are other business uses (e.g. chequecashing, liquor, cafe) not allowed to co-locate with marijuana-related use?
 - Based on best practice research from Washington State
 - reduces potential for crime and social impacts

¹ "Lower the Stakes: A Public Health Approach to Gambling in BC", 2009.



- Is smoking, vapourizing or e-smoking allowed in marijuana-related uses?
 - Health Bylaw disallows this in all public spaces (updated by Council unanimously on October 1, 2014)
 - to health and odour impact objectives
- Why are non-retail uses (growing, drying, processing) disallowed?
 - potential nuisance impacts (odour, noise)
 - these uses only allowed in agricultural/industrial zones
- Why are edible products disallowed?
 - due to risk of overdose, appeal to children, and issues with quality control
 - note: Health Canada is contemplating changes to allow medical marijuana edibles in the future

Impacts on the Industry: Costs



- Can the Business Licence fee be paid in installments?
 - no, fees are due in full prior to Licence issuance
 - this is commensurate with all other business licence applicants
- What rate will non-profit marijuana-related organizations pay?
 - the same rate as for-profit businesses due to higherrisk, labour-intensive business category





New Staff Resources	Annual Cost (wages, benefits, startup costs)
First Year	\$1,400,000
Second Year	\$700,000
Subsequent Years	\$500,000

Note: includes staff costs to implement the policy, except for costs that will be recovered via permit application fees (e.g. Development Permit, Building Permit, Special Inspection).

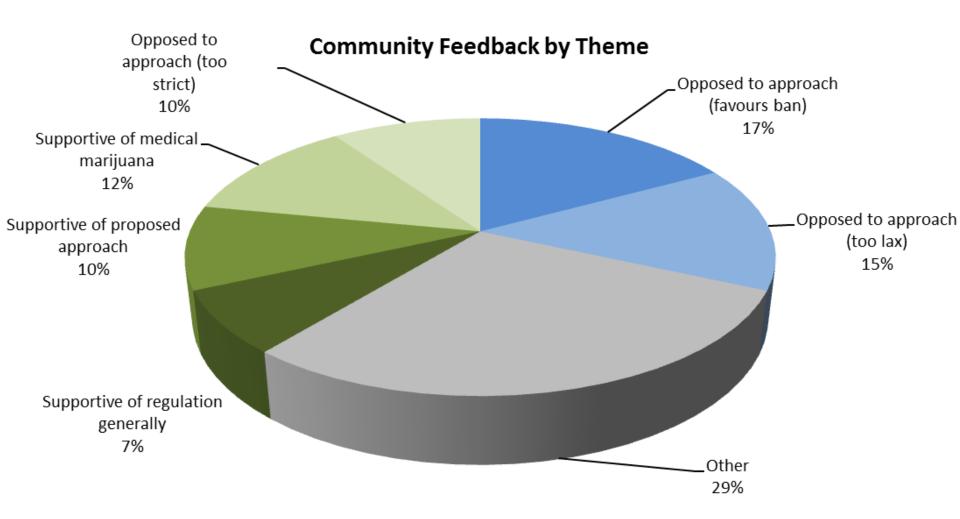
Health Education



- Vancouver Coastal Health is supportive of the recommended approach
- VCH recommends that outlets be required to post information about health risks to customers
- VCH would also like to conduct outreach to public, including youth, to encourage informed choicemaking (e.g. similar to tanning bed info campaign)
 - Staff recommend working with VCH to determine annual funding needed to develop and distribute educational information program

Community Feedback





Feedback Received by Phone



- 40 calls to Licensing staff in previous two months:
 - concerns about nuisance impacts, crime, health, magnitude, poor business practices
 - inquiries about opening a marijuana-related use
 - dissatisfaction that proposed licence fee is too high

Comments from Existing Marijuana-related Uses



• Themes:

- Support City's regulatory approach
- Reduce distancing regulations
- Grandfather existing outlets
- Allow edibles
- Reduce Licence fee