

ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT

Report Date: March 14, 2014
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RTS No.: 10491 VanRIMS No.: 08-2000-20 Meeting Date: April 1, 2014

TO: Vancouver City Council

FROM: General Manager of Financial Services

SUBJECT: 2013 Property Tax Exemptions

RECOMMENDATION

THAT Council receive the 2013 Property Tax Exemptions for information.

REPORT SUMMARY

The purpose of this report is to meet the *Vancouver Charter* requirement of an annual report outlining the objectives and policies for the year in relation to the use of tax exemptions. The report also summarizes the statutory and permissive property tax exemptions that were available to real property in Vancouver and any compensating payments and rent in-lieu of taxes payable to the City in 2013.

COUNCIL AUTHORITY/PREVIOUS DECISIONS

Section 219 of the *Vancouver Charter* stipulates that a report be submitted to Council, by April 30, outlining the objectives and policies for that year in relation to the use of tax exemptions under sections:

- 396A exemptions for heritage property
- 396C exemptions for riparian property
- 396E revitalization tax exemptions
- 396F exemptions for not-for-profit property.

Section 396 of the *Vancouver Charter* sets out two types of property tax exemptions that can be applied within the City:

Statutory Exemptions - Specified in the *Vancouver Charter* as well as the *Canadian Constitution Act*, these exemptions are administered by BC Assessment as part of the assessment and classification process; Council approval is not required.

Permissive Exemptions - These exemptions are provided under Council's authority when determining the eligibility of individual properties in accordance with program criteria set by Council.

Council has established the following policies regarding property tax exemptions:

- The City will rely on the statutory property tax exemptions available under Section 396(1) of the *Vancouver Charter* and limit the use of permissive property tax exemptions to heritage properties only (396A).
- Tenants occupying City-owned properties held for non-civic use, will make lease
 payments which include an amount equivalent to property taxes to ensure equity
 among tenants occupying privately owned properties and those occupying tax exempt
 City-owned properties.
- City support for not-for-profit organizations will continue through the existing range of statutory property tax exemptions available under Section 396(1) and the City's extensive grant programs as opposed to permissive property tax exemptions.
- Property taxes exemptions are applicable to property owners, and are not extended to tenants. The City does not have jurisdiction over how property owners share these costs with their tenants.

REPORT

Background/Context

This section outlines the various tax exemptions available under the *Vancouver Charter* and the amount of forgone tax revenue which is partially offset by payments and rents in lieu of taxes.

Vancouver Charter Exemptions

Section 396 of the *Vancouver Charter* outlines the eligibility requirements for property tax exemptions.

Statutory Exemptions (396(1))

These exemptions are prescriptive and eligibility requirements are established by legislation, not Council. All taxes levied by the City and other taxing authorities are exempt for these eligible properties:

- Crown lands property owned and occupied by the federal, provincial, or regional governments, or a Crown corporation
- City of Vancouver property

- property owned¹ and occupied by incorporated charitable institutions, and wholly in use for charitable purposes
- property owned¹ and occupied by incorporated institutions of learning, and wholly in use for providing to children education accepted as equivalent to that furnished in a public school
- property owned¹ and occupied by hospitals receiving aid under the Hospital Act, and wholly in use for the purposes of the hospital or held for future use as a hospital-site
- churches owned¹ and occupied by religious organizations, and in use for the public worship of God
- property occupied by Simon Fraser University at the Sears Harbor Centre
- emergency shelters for persons or domestic animals
- property for pollution control
- Vancouver Court House occupied by the Vancouver Art Gallery Association
- British Columbia Cancer Agency Branch located on the north side of the 600 Block of West 10th Avenue

Over the years, the applicability of these exemptions has been defined by the Property Assessment Appeal Board and court decisions.

Permissive Exemptions (396 A, C, E and F)

These exemptions under the Vancouver Charter are the following:

- 396A Heritage Property
- 396C Riparian Property
- 396E Revitalization Program
- 396F Not-for-Profit Organizations

Within the limitations set out by the legislation, Council, by two thirds of the votes cast, has the authority to determine the application of these exemptions. If enacted, eligible properties would receive exemption for all taxes levied by the City and other taxing authorities, except for Revitalization Program exemptions which apply only to City taxes.

Permissive exemptions are an "optional" form of tax relief whereby Council, at its sole discretion, may choose to exempt certain properties from taxation, in whole or in part, for periods of up to 10 years in order to promote specific goals and objectives of the City. To effect an exemption in any calendar year, Council must adopt a by-law specifying the exemption on or before October 31 in the preceding year.

In 2003, Council established the Heritage Building Rehabilitation Program to encourage the full upgrading of heritage buildings and stimulate economic revitalization within the Downtown Eastside historic areas including Chinatown, Gastown, Victory Square and the Hastings Street Corridor. Among the program incentives is the use of permissive exemption for heritage property. Initially set up as a 5 year initiative, Council has extended the program twice, in April 2010 and then again in December 2013 (RTS 10148) to the end of 2015. To date Council has approved 21 properties under the program of which 3 did not

¹ As a registered owner or owner under agreement

proceed with the heritage upgrade. The value of exemptions approved for remaining 18 properties total \$23.5 million (See Appendix A).

To date, Council has not implemented additional permissive exemptions outside of Heritage Exemptions. In September 2011 (RTS 08713), Council adopted the policy to continue to support not-for-profit organizations through the existing range of statutory property tax exemptions available under Section 396(1) of the Vancouver Charter and the City's grant programs, and not consider further permissive property tax exemptions.

Class 3 Supportive Housing

In addition to the statutory and permissive exemptions, properties classified as Class 3 Supportive Housing are effectively exempt from taxation. This class was created by the Province for assessment purposes, pursuant to the Small Business and Revenue Statutes Amendment Act 2008. Eligible "Supportive Housing" properties are assessed at nominal amount. In 2013, 80 properties in Vancouver were designated as Class 3 "Supportive Housing", all of which are operated by not-for-profit organizations with financial support from the Province. The amount of forgone taxes is estimated at \$1.0 million. This represents additional subsidy from the City beyond the capital funding and land already committed to the development of supportive housing, as other taxpayers must pay more to make up the shortfall arising from the exemptions.

Compensating Payments-in-lieu of Taxes

Under the statutory exemption categories, there are properties for which the City receives payments in lieu of taxes:

Payments-in-lieu of Taxes (PILTs)

Senior governments are constitutionally exempt from local property taxation. At the federal and provincial levels, the *Payments in Lieu of Taxes Act* and the *Municipal Aid Act*, respectively, stipulate that payments be made to local governments in lieu of property taxes on certain exempt properties. In general, payments are calculated based on assessed values and local tax rates to generate an amount equivalent to that which would be paid by a taxable owner. However, both statutes provide some discretion for the granting government to determine which properties are grantable and the payments to be made. Discrepancies between PILTs billed and collected can be appealed at the Taxes Dispute Advisory Panel².

Rent-in-lieu of Taxes

The City has a large portfolio of properties, primarily held in the Property Endowment Fund, that are not required for civic purposes and are leased to commercial, residential and non-profit tenants. These properties are exempt from property taxation pursuant to Section 396(1) of the *Vancouver Charter*. To ensure equity among tenants of City-owned and privately-owned properties, Council has a policy of setting lease payments for City properties to equalize the impact of taxes.

² The mandate of the PILT Dispute Advisory Panel is to give advice to the Minister of Public Works and Government Services in the event that a taxing authority disagrees with the property value, property dimension or effective rate applicable to any federal property.

In 2013, \$30.3 billion of properties, (12.7% of the *Assessment Roll*) were exempt. General purpose taxes forgone totaled \$208.4 million, which was partially compensated by \$39.2 million of payments.

Table 1 below summarizes the 2013 statutory and permissive tax exemptions for real property in the City.

Table 1: 2013 Summary of Property Tax Exemptions - Statutory and Permissive

PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTIONS	EXEMPT VALUE	FORGONE GENERAL	PAYMENTS-IN-LIEU
		PURPOSE TAX LEVY	OF TAXES BILLED
STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS			
Federal Crown & Agencies	1,141,361,000	8,838,000	5,840,000
Provincial & Crown Agencies	2,610,235,000	26,386,000	16,266,000
Metro Vancouver	191,983,000	1,268,000	-
Transit	1,158,127,000	41,064,000	-
School, Colleges & Universities	5,366,308,000	43,702,000	31,000
Hospitals and Health Authorities	2,000,010,000	16,165,000	-
Charitable Organizations	828,453,000	3,685,000	-
Churches	1,106,196,000	2,133,000	-
Other Partial Exemptions	13,058,000	70,000	-
Statutory Exemptions - Non-City Properties	14,415,731,000	143,311,000	22,137,000
City Properties	15,800,543,000	64,361,000	17,112,000
TOTAL STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS	30,216,274,000	207,672,000	39,249,000
PERMISSIVE EXEMPTIONS			
Heritage Property	116,974,000	746,000	-
TOTAL EXEMPTIONS	30,333,248,000	208,418,000	39,249,000

Financial Implications

Values of exempt properties are not factored into general purpose tax rate calculations. Any forgone taxes are shared among non-exempt properties in the normal course of balancing the annual operating budget.

Any payments in-lieu of taxes applicable to exempt properties (2013 - \$39.2 million) are reported as general revenues.

CONCLUSION

This report summarizes the statutory and permissive property tax exemptions provided under Section 396 of the *Vancouver Charter* and the compensating payments and rent in-lieu of taxes payable to the City in 2013.

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HERITAGE PROPERTY EXEMPTIONS 2003 - 2013

PROPERTY	COUNCIL APPROVAL	EXEMPTION	
		MAXIMUMUM DURATION	MAXIMUM \$
50 Water St *	29-Jan-04	10 yrs	\$768,700
42 Water St	29-Jan-04	10 yrs	\$382,000
163 West Hastings	16-May-06	10 yrs	\$1,948,159
210 Carrall Street	11-Jul-06	10 yrs	\$314,307
5 West Pender	15-Feb-05	10 yrs	\$247,294
53 West Hastings Commercial	26-Sep-06	10 yrs	\$59,260
53 West Hastings Residential *	26-Sep-06	3 yrs	\$125,339
108 & 128 West Cordova Residential *	21-Mar-06	3 yrs	\$3,500,000
412 Carrall Street	11-Jul-06	10 yrs	\$947,502
1 Gaoler's Mews	13-Jun-06	10 yrs	\$1,299,928
51 East Pender	28-Feb-06	10 yrs	\$500,395
12 Water Street Commercial	26-Sep-06	10 yrs	\$1,033,686
12 Water Street Residential	26-Sep-06	3 yrs	\$229,034
133 Keefer Street	08-Jul-08	10 yrs	\$421,353
208 East Georgia	19-Jan-10	10 yrs	\$448,171
101 West Hastings Commercial	21-Mar-06	10 yrs	\$8,140,000
18 West Hastings	16-Sep-08	10 yrs	\$144,492
564 Beatty St	01-Nov-11	10 yrs	\$3,019,986
TOTAL			\$23,529,606

^{*} Heritage exemptions are for maximum duration or the maximum \$ value, whichever is reached first. These properties have reached maximum value or duration.