

City of Vancouver Support to Small Business and Retail

Presented to Vancouver City Council February 20, 2018



Purpose

Report back to Council on the January 17, 2018 motion concerning small business, and update Council on a number of small business-related initiatives.

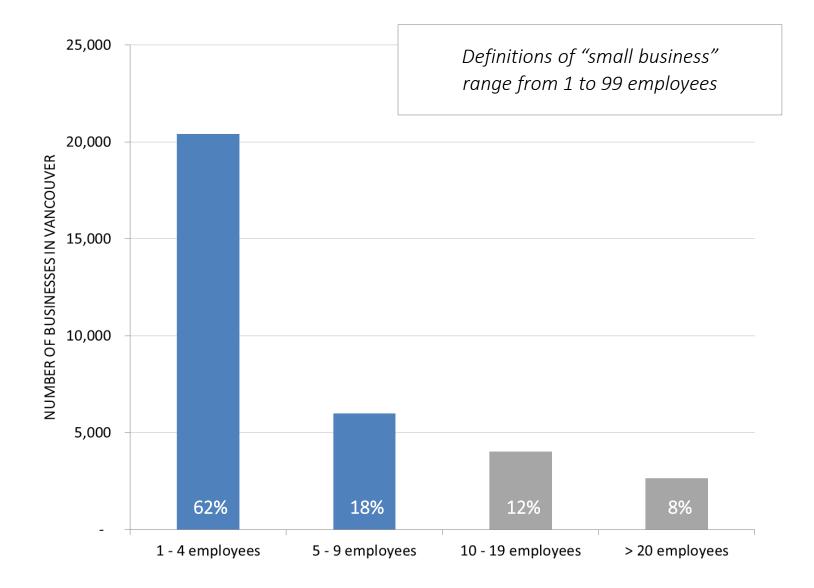


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 - b. Vancouver Small Business Strategy
 - c. Small business engagement
 - d. Supporting small business through provincial tax reform

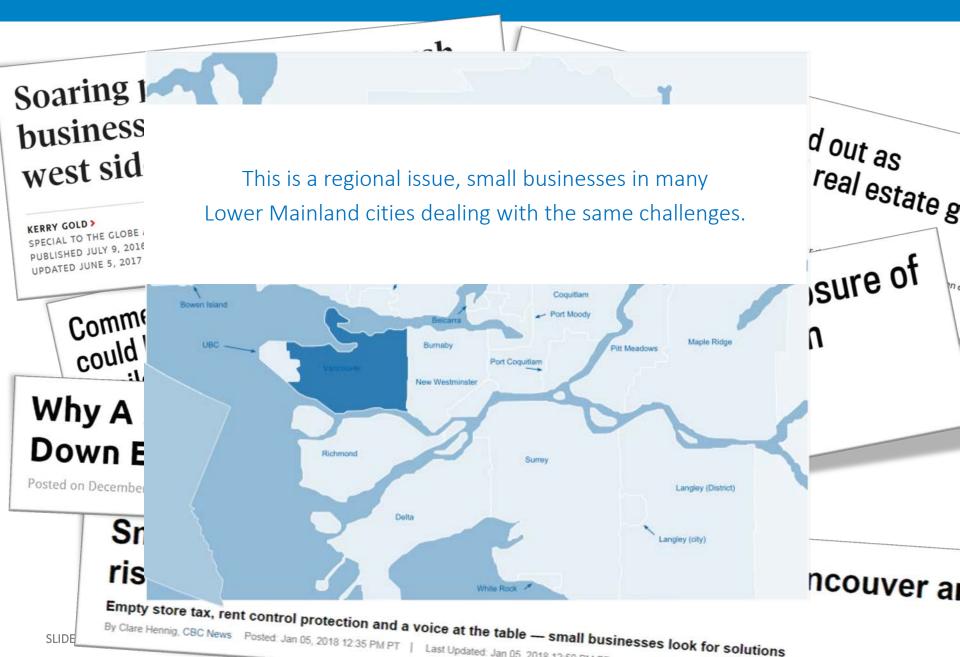
1. Background

~ 80% of Vancouver businesses have less than 10 employees



SOURCE: STATISTICS CANADA, BUSINESS REGISTER

Many small business challenged with rising rent, property taxes and other issues



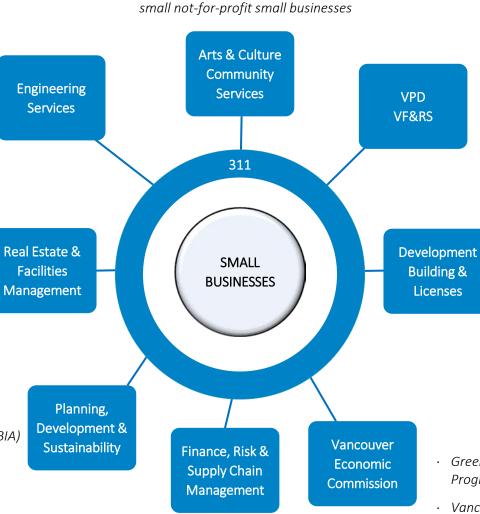
- A. THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT Vancouver City Council call on the Province of BC to enable the City to transition from three-year to five-year land assessment averaging in 2018 through an exemption to the legislative requirement or legislative amendments as appropriate;
- B. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED THAT City staff report back on the outcome of the work with the Province of BC, BC Assessment Authority and key stakeholders, with associated policy recommendations that specifically address the impact of triple net leases on property tax payments for small business tenants.

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	com, polic back	1. Review. <i>Review of existing City programs and policies that support/retain local small business</i>	nd port and
	strat City, thriv a Sm actic own	2. Recommended actions. Recommendations for policies and strategies the City can implement, and actions that can be taken by the City, to create more optimal conditions for small businesses to succeed and thrive, including a small business retention program	y the ceed and eation of ential erty
В.	THA estai struc prior reco	3. Advisory body. <i>Recommendations for establishing a small business advisory body or roundtable, with proposed terms of reference</i>	ations for oposed c above.

2. Current City of Vancouver-small business support/interface

Many touchpoints between the City and small business

- BIA Partnership Program
- Community Liaison Officer
- Business toolkit
- Permitting, e.g., patios, special events
- Transportation policy planning and design, project delivery, PlanIT street scheduling system
- Public space/street use and activations, e.g. VIVA, film and special events
- Bylaw enforcement
- Waste disposal and recycling policy and education
 - City-owned parking lots leased to BIAs
 - City-BIA Liaison
 - Business Improvement Area (BIA)
 program website
 - *Rezoning and development regulation*
 - Bizmap.ca
 - Local economic development



Funding/resources to support some

- Property tax and utilities billing and collection
- · Business continuity planning support

- Business safety/security, standing DVBIA roundtable, community policing centres
- Inspections and bylaw enforcement
 - Business licenses
 - Permitting, e.g., liquor
 - Small Business Commercial
 Renovation Centre
 - Building regulation
 - Bylaw enforcement
 - Emerging business policies (STRs, legal cannabis, etc.)
 - DBL public website
- Green and Digital Demonstration Program
- Vancouver Film and Media Centre
- Startup City , Thriving Vancouver
- Manager, Small-Medium Enterprises

Existing City forums and committees concerning small business

A. BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREAS (BIAs)

- Led by GM, PDS
- 22 self-funded districts managed by non-profit groups of property owners and business tenants, to promote/improve their business district

B. COV-BIA LIAISON COMMITTEE

- Led by GM, PDS
- Forum for senior City staff and BIAnominated representatives to resolve issues affecting BIAs citywide, and to solicit BIA input into select City initiatives

C. BIA-ENGINEERING PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM

- Led by GM, Engineering Services
- Ongoing liaison between Engineering Services and BIAs via a dedicated staff person, to prioritise and address BIAs' needs related to work of Engineering Services

D. SMALL BUSINESS COORDINATION GROUP

- Led by GM, PDS
- Internal staff forum for informationsharing and coordination on initiatives, issues and opportunities, includes Vancouver Economic Commission

Small business issues and opportunities, preliminary staff situational analysis

Α. **AFFORDABILITY/SPACE**

- 1. Escalating rents
- Limited affordable space 2.
- *3. Lease insecurity/* displacement due to rapid pace of change
- 4. Property tax download from landlords to tenants
- 5. Cost of living for employees and owners



Β. **CITY PROCESSES**

- 1. Permits and licensing
- 2. Difficult to find information
- 3. Too many visits per transaction, touchpoints across many departments
- 4. Regulatory and fee burden

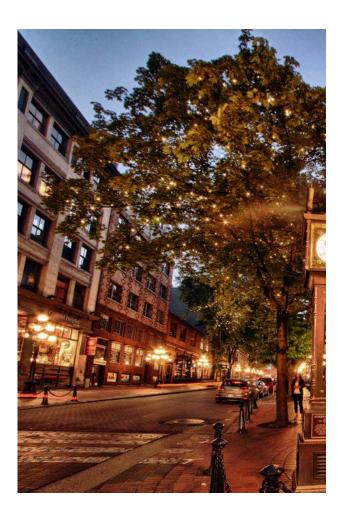


ENGAGEMENT/SUPPORT

- 1. Insufficient City support for small business
- 2. No single City point of contact
- 3. Potential improvements to Business Improvement Area framework

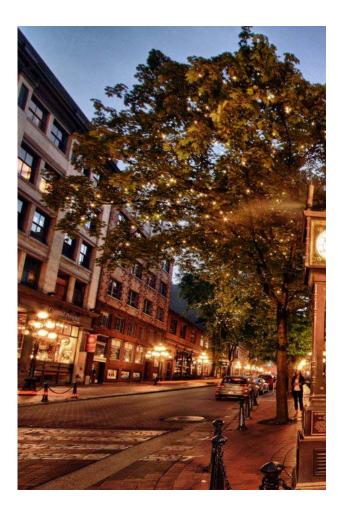


Key initiatives underway: Affordability/space



- 1. Provincial property assessment and tax reform: Working with the provincial government to establish a Province-led intergovernmental working group (Province, BC Assessment, City of Vancouver) to engage key partners and stakeholders to develop assessment and tax policy options to support small businesses [GM, Finance, Risk and Supply Chain Management]
- 2. Commercial District Small Business Study: Undertaking an evaluation of the current state of the small business and retail landscape in a selection of Vancouver's commercial districts, and making recommendations re: how the City can best support ongoing viability/ success of these businesses [GM, Planning, Urban Design and Sustainability]

Key initiatives underway: Affordability/space (continued)



- 3. Chinatown/Vancouver Legacy Business Studies: Exploring policy options to support retention of longstanding legacy businesses, based upon San Francisco model [GM, Arts, Culture and Community Services]
- 4. Employment Lands and Economy Study: Initiating the development of the City's employment lands and economy strategy and action plan, to ensure that the beneficial use of all employment lands across Vancouver, including office, retail and industrial uses, is maximized over time [GM, Planning, Urban Design and Sustainability]
- 5. The Flats Economic Development Strategy: Have developed a plan for evolving the False Creek Flats neighbourhood to support light industrial business, with a focus on innovation, sustainability and resilience [CEO, Vancouver Economic Commission]

Key initiatives underway: City processes



- 1. Regulatory review: Undertaking a cross-departmental regulatory review associated with the City's development and planning processes, to include bylaws, regulations, policies, processes, online tools, public/stakeholder engagement, and a review of the mandates/roles of advisory committees [GM, Planning, Urban Design and Sustainability]
- 2. Small Business Commercial Renovation Centre: Adding resources and undertaking continuous improvement initiative to streamline processes, reduce wait times and improve customer service [GM, Development, Buildings and Licensing]
- **3.** Public space activations: Ongoing partnerships between the City and small business for public space activations, e.g., parklets, patios, merchandise displays, food vendors, special events, with policy work underway to ensure appropriate prioritization and internal coordination [GM, Engineering Services]

Key initiatives underway: Engagement and support

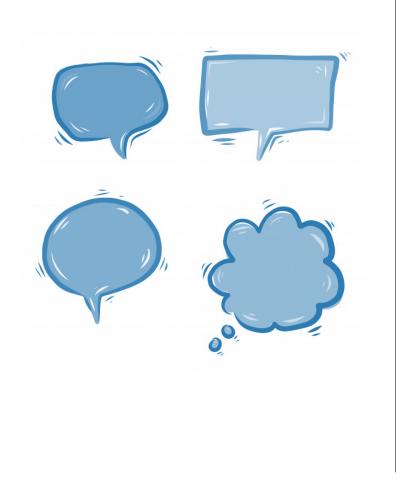


- 1. Small business guide web portal: Creating a small business portal on the City website that connects small business owners/operators to all relevant City services and requirements, as well as to outside agencies, organisations and resources [GM, Planning, Urban Design and Sustainability]
- 2. Engineering Services-BIA Partnership Program: Significantly enhanced engagement between Engineering Services and the Business Improvement Area societies, with a senior Engineering staff person dedicated to working proactively with each BIA [GM, Engineering Services]

Key initiatives underway: Engagement and support (continued)



- 3. BizMap upgrade: Upgrading the City's Bizmap.ca website to provide interactive statistical profiles of BIA commercial districts and their neighbourhood customer base, to facilitate marketing, staff recruitment/retention and forward planning for small businesses [GM, Planning, Urban Design and Sustainability]
- 4. VIVA Vancouver partnerships: Ongoing partnerships with community groups, local businesses and regional partners to facilitate activation of public streets, including short- and long-term street-toplaza conversions, creation of public spaces for walking and activities, e.g., recently partnered with the Downtown Vancouver BIA to convert a laneway to a new public space [GM, Engineering Services]



- Initial intention was a focused discussion with an intergovernmental working group re: provincial property assessment and tax reform options
- Scope was expanded to create a single integrated conversation, including other issues/ opportunities facing small business and retail

February 2018 pre-consultation, participants

- 1. Building Owners and Managers Association of BC (BOMA) Commercial real estate industry association
- 2. Business Improvement Associations (BIAs) District-based non-profit groups representing property owners and business tenants
- **3.** Canadian Federation of Independent Business (CFIB) Small business advocacy organisation
- 4. Greater Vancouver Board of Trade Business association
- **5.** NAOIP Commercial Real Estate Development Association
- 6. REALpac Industry association for owners/managers of investment real estate
- 7. Urban Development Institute (UDI) Property development industry association













February 2018 pre-consultation, themes

- **1. Pressures**. Recognition of the stress in the small business and retail communities, and that pace of change has resulted in the displacement of small businesses
- 2. Advisory committee. Support for small business advisory committee or roundtable
- **3. Coordinated approach.** *Interested in coordinated approach within the City and across the region*
- 4. Study. Support for commercial and retail study, and interest in participation
- 5. Definition. Questions as to how best to identify/define small business
- 6. Tax deferral. Supportive of tax deferral program for business owners, possibly landlords
- 7. Provincial property assessment and tax reform. Support for split assessment, mixed response to split tax bill, developers/landlords concerned may lead to rent control
- **8.** Rent control. Concern about negative financial impact to landlords, significant departure from current commercial lease terms, unintended consequences, e.g., forcing owner/operators to sell, dampened investment in commercial properties
- 9. Zoning. Some interest in refining commercial zoning bylaws to enable split assessments

3. City support to small business, 2018 workplan

2018 workplan, City support to small businesses

CITY SUPPORT TO SMALL BUSINESS FRAMEWORK

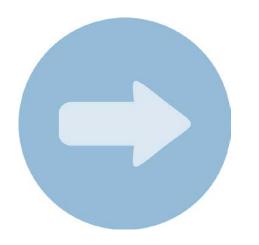
Internal governance, staff structure, external advisory committee/roundtable

Deputy City Manager

Q2-2018



2018 workplan, immediate next steps



- **1.** Advisory. Establish a small business advisory committee or roundtable
- **2. Study.** *GM*, *PDS* to launch the Commercial District Small Business Study
- **3.** Tax. *GM*, *FRS* to complete property assessment and tax reform work by June 2018
- **4. Strategy**. *Deputy City Manager to initiate development of the Vancouver Small Business Strategy in Q2-2018*
- 5. Engagement. Director, Corporate Communications to support all of the above work with appropriate stakeholder consultation and engagement

4. Work-in-progress updates

4a. Update, Commercial District Small Business Study

Commercial District Small Business Study, purpose







Undertake an evaluation of the current state of the small business and retail landscape in a selection of Vancouver's commercial districts, and make recommendations concerning how the City can best support the ongoing viability/success of small business and retail enterprises in Vancouver's commercial districts.

Commercial District Small Business Study, scope

In scope

 A selection of small businesses in Vancouver's commercial districts/high streets, with a focus on independent retail and commercial enterprises

Out of scope

- Light and heavy industrial enterprises, manufacturing
- Home-based businesses
- Businesses located in malls and large office towers



Precise scope and definitions to be developed as part of detailed study design, study title may be refined

Commercial District Small Business Study, workplan

PHASE 1 WHERE WE ARE

- **a. Current state.** *Qualitative and quantitative snapshot of current state – data, stakeholder engagement*
- b. Leading practices. *Review and evaluate best practices in comparable jurisdictions*
- c. Drivers. Identify key drivers of small business viability/success
- d. Metrics. Establish a set of metrics for evaluating and monitoring the health of Vancouver's commercial district small business and retail sector
- e. Evaluation. Evaluate present and future viability of small business in Vancouver

PHASE 2 WHERE WE'RE GOING

- a. Recommendations. Develop a set of recommendations concerning how the City can best support the ongoing viability/success of small businesses in Vancouver's commercial districts
- b. Implementation plan. Develop and execute implementation plan

4b. Update, Vancouver Small Business Strategy

Vancouver Small Business Strategy, overview

Overarching

Integrate and build on various work components underway to develop recommended strategies, actions and/or policies to support local small business, based on a comprehensive current-state evaluation

Scope

Small businesses in Vancouver, with a focus on independent retail and commercial enterprises, precise definitions tbd

Consultation

To be developed in consultation with new small business advisory committee/ roundtable and the Vancouver Economic Commission, and supported by appropriate stakeholder engagement

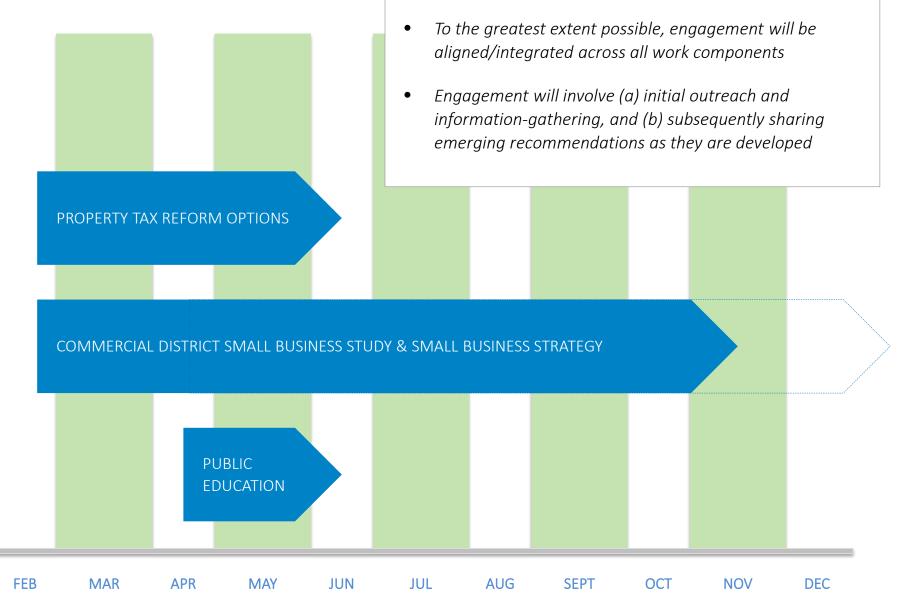
Timing

Target launch Q2-2018



4c. Update, small business engagement

Stakeholder engagement, key elements



4d.

Update, supporting small business through provincial assessment & tax reform

Overview

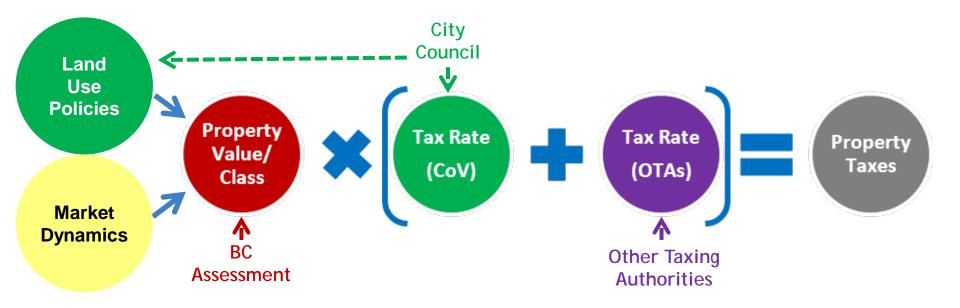


- Property assessment & taxation framework
 - provincial vs. municipal mandate
- Issues:
 - development potential/speculation drives up property values
 - apportionment of tax burden: landlord & tenants
 - challenges faced by owner/operators
 - increasing tax burden from provincial/regional taxing authorities
- Policy options being discussed with stakeholders
- Approach & next steps

Property Assessment & Taxation Framework – Provincial vs. municipal mandate



Property Assessment & Taxation Framework



BC Assessment determines:

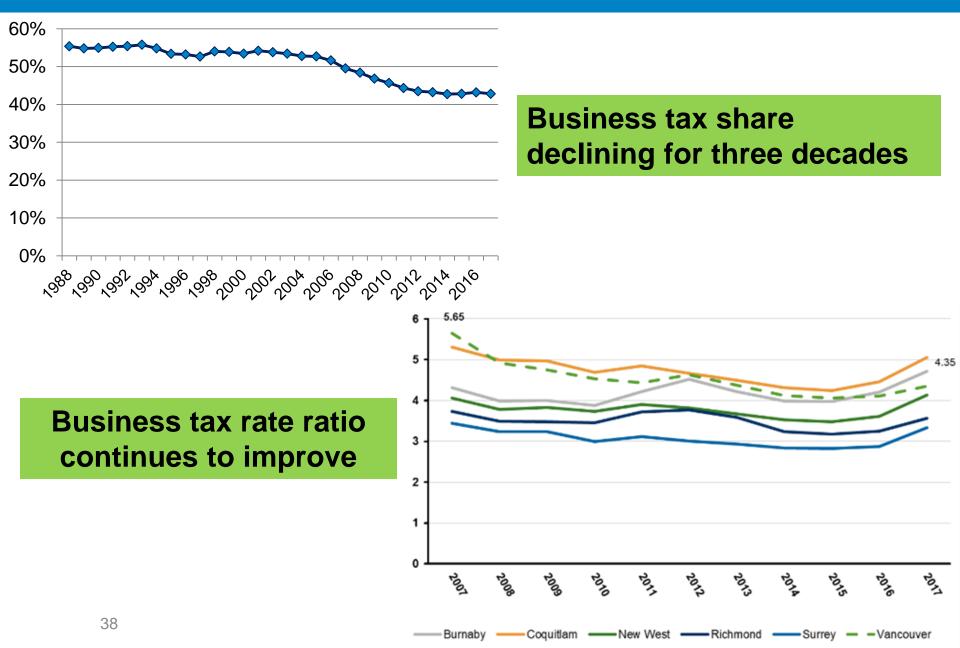
- property value based on highest & best use & market activities
- property class based on actual use

City Council determines:

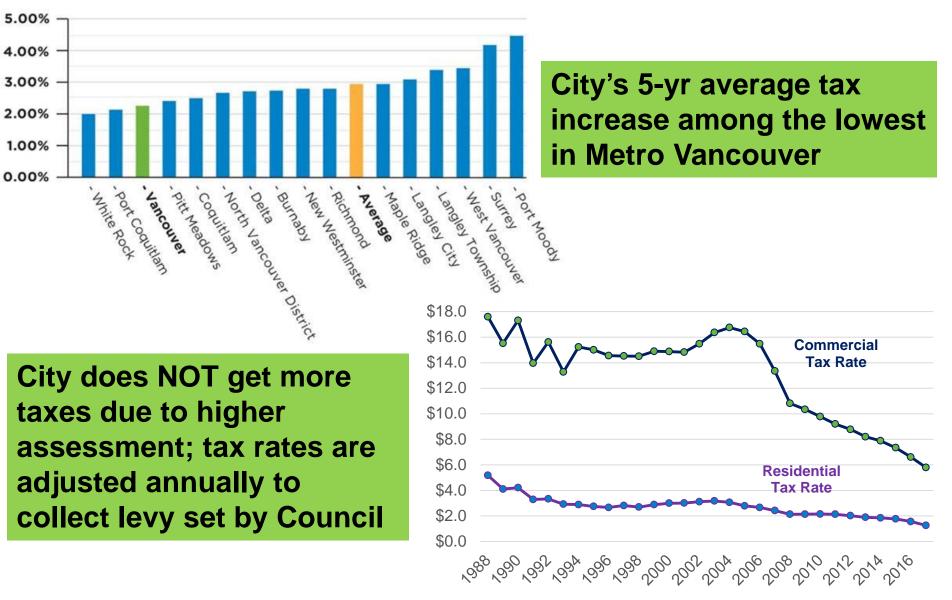
- land use policies (zoning, density, etc.)
- total tax levy to be collected
- residential/business tax share
- tax rate for each property class
- use of land assessment averaging

Business Tax Share & Tax Rate Ratio



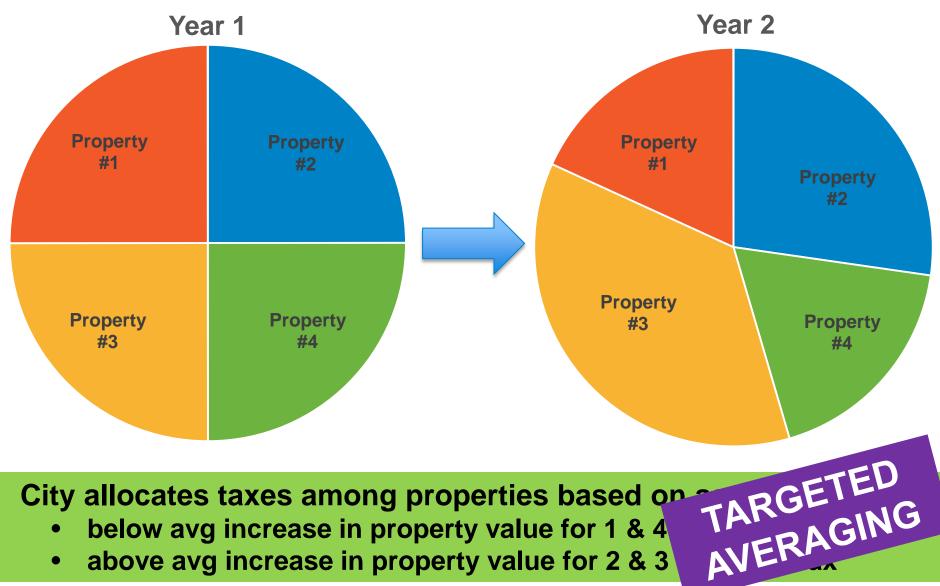


Property Taxation – Fiscal Restrain & Revenue Neutrality



Differential Property Value Increases Result in Differential Taxation Impact





City allocates taxes among properties based on a

- below avg increase in property value for 1 & 4
- above avg increase in property value for 2 & 3

Overview

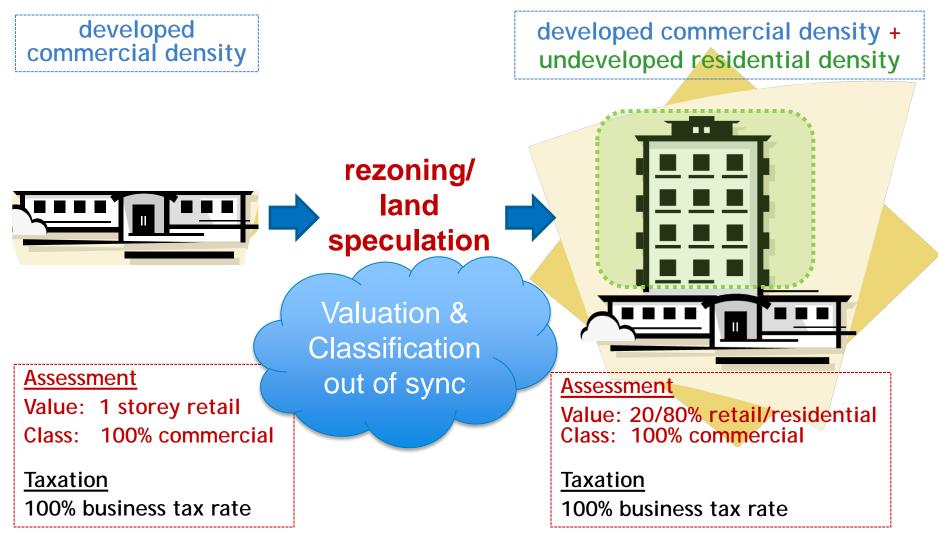


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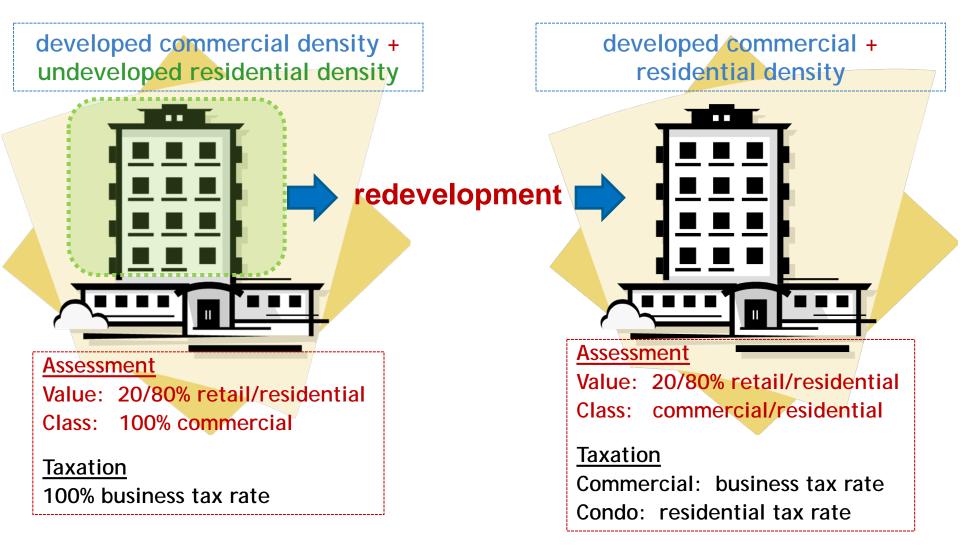
Issue #1: Actual/anticipated development potential drives up property values



Redevelopment Sites – Current Regime BCAssessment

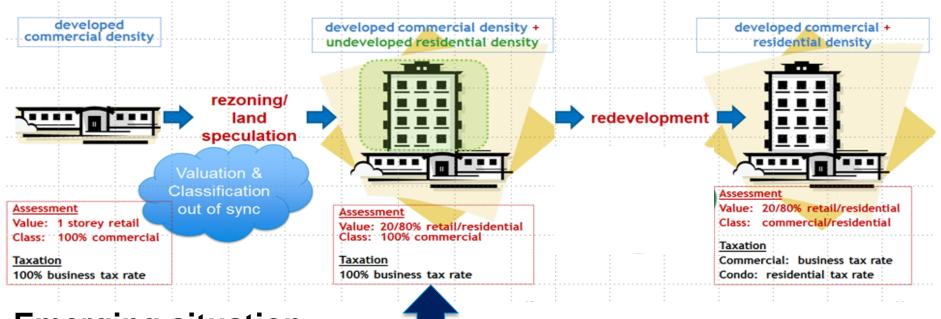


Redevelopment Sites – Current Regime BCAssessment



Redevelopment Sites – Current Regime BCAssessment

Current situation



Emerging situation

Appeals underway in zones with specificity

Successful appeals see development potential moved to residential (lower tax)

Using appeals to correct anomalies undermines the integrity of the assessment framework, creates uncertainty and is subject to manipulation. A better approach is to conduct a holistic review/update of the Assessment Act.

Issue #2: Apportionment of tax burden: Iandlords & tenants



Types of Leases

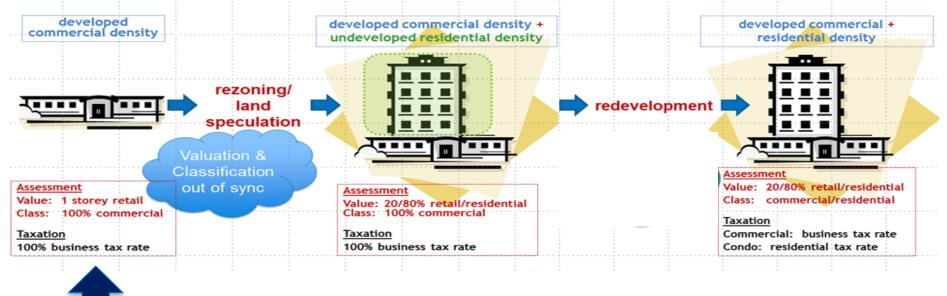
More certainty for... Landlords Tenants



Rent includes	Add'l charges
Gross Lease	
Base rent, taxes, insurance, maintenance, utilities, janitorial	
Modified Gross Lease	
Base rent, taxes, insurance, maintenance	Utilities, janitorial
"N" Lease	
Base rent, insurance, maintenance	Tax, utilities, janitorial
"NN" Lease	
Base rent, maintenance	Tax, insurance, utilities, janitorial
"NNN" Lease	
Base rent	Tax, insurance, maintenance, utilities, janitorial
	47

Challenges Faced by Small Business Tenants





Tenants enter into leases <u>before</u> assessment increases, cannot reasonably anticipate, nor afford to pay, significantly higher taxes resulting from undeveloped density during lease term



Averaging is effective in mitigating short-term volatility, but not intended for significant increase from development potential

Challenges Faced by Small Business Tenants



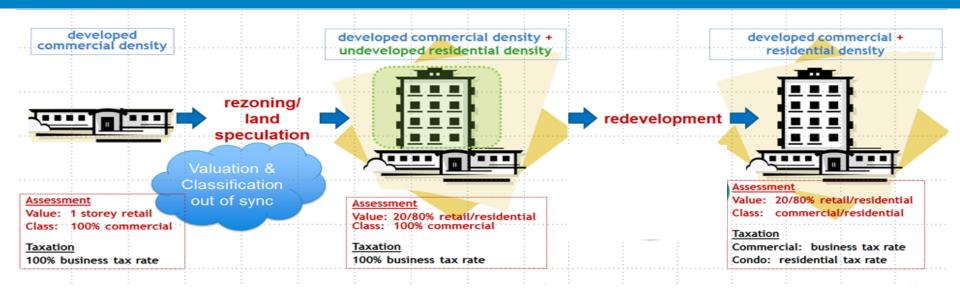
- Properties are assessed/taxed at highest and best use.
- While property owners benefit from rising property values upon redevelopment or sale, small business tenants continue to shoulder the entire tax burden pertaining to the rented space as well as the unrealized development potential.
- Typical commercial leases do not convey development rights to tenants and tenants do not realize any benefit of the increase in property values, as an owner would, upon redevelopment or sale.
- Taking on the full burden of property taxes can cause significant financial distress for small businesses
- Fixed-term leases offer certainty on rent but not property taxes, especially when spike in taxes arise from actual/perceived development potential that occurs during the lease term.

Issue #3: Challenges faced by owner/operators



Challenges Faced by Owner/Operators





Similar to tenants, **owner/operators** cannot reasonably anticipate, and may not be able to afford to pay, significantly higher taxes resulting from undeveloped potential

Unlike tenants, **owner/operators** could potentially:

- finance through a mortgage on the property
- relocate and sell/redevelop property

Overview



- Property assessment & taxation framework
 - provincial vs. municipal mandate
- Issues:
 - development potential/speculation drives up property values
 - apportionment of tax burden: landlord & tenants
 - challenges faced by owner/operators
 - increasing tax burden from provincial/regional taxing authorities

Policy options discussed with stakeholders

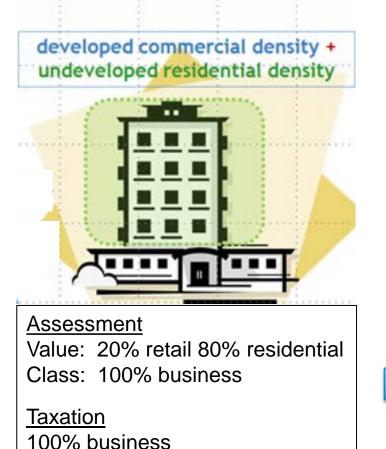
Approach & next steps

Guiding Principles for Tax Policy Options

- alignment with Council's public policy objectives
 - economic, social, fiscal & environmental sustainability
- integrity of the property assessment system
 - objectivity, comparability, transparency
- equal treatment of equals
- fairness, based on benefits received
- fairness, based on ability to pay
- economic behavior
- accountability
- stability & predictability
- simplicity & ease of administration
- regional & national competitiveness

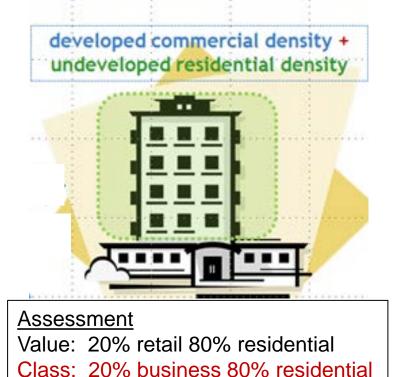


Potential Policy Tools – Split Assessment





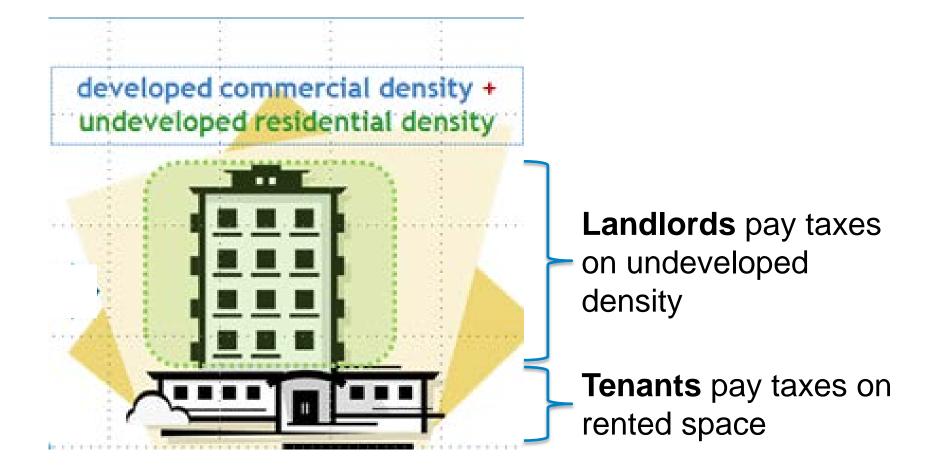
Taxation



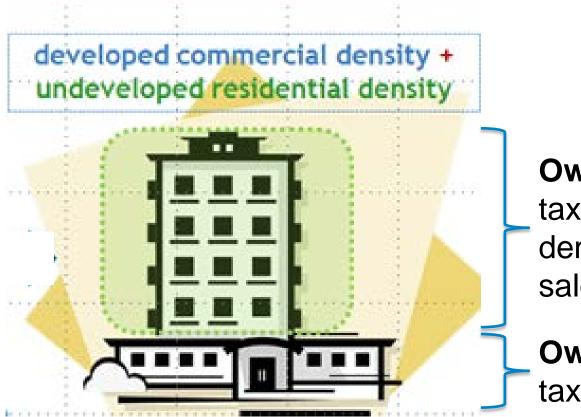
20% business 80% residential

Clarify & standardize criteria in the Assessment Act with regards to approach to split assessment

Potential Policy Tools – Split Tax Bill



Potential Policy Tools – Tax Deferral



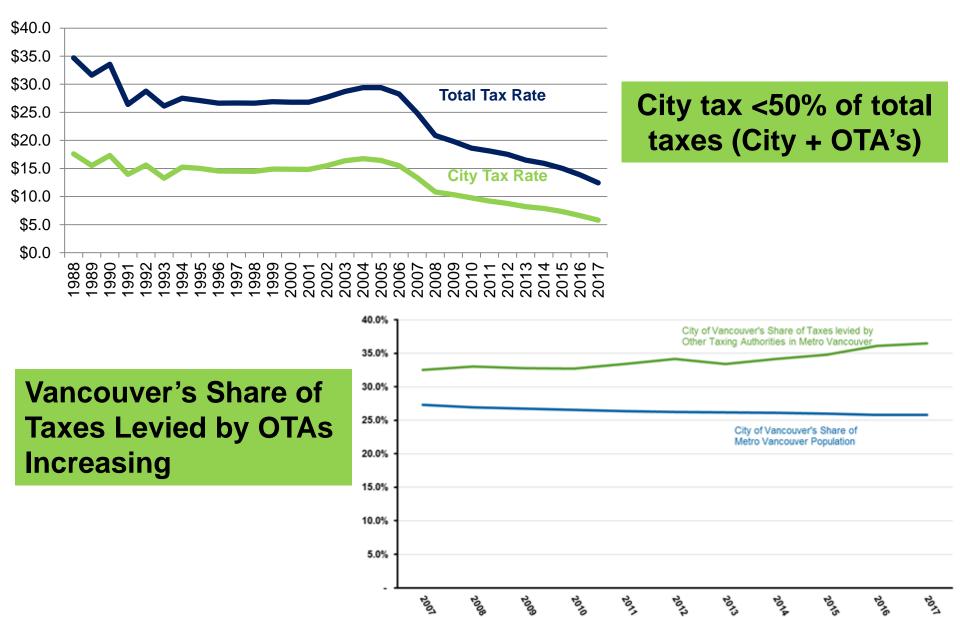
Owner/operators defer taxes on undeveloped density until sale/redevelopment

Owner/operators pay taxes on actual use

Issue #4: Increasing tax burden from provincial/regional taxing authorities



Increasing Tax Burden from Provincial/ Regional Taxing Authorities



CITY OF

VANCOUVER





- City currently uses Targeted Averaging to smooth out short-term assessment volatility
- Potential policy tools that have been discussed with stakeholders:
 - Split Tax Bill to limit tenants' tax obligation to rented space
 - Tax Deferral to provide cashflow relief for owner/operators
 - Clarify & standardize criteria with regards to approach for Split Assessment
- Review & update the Assessment Act to address emerging assessment & taxation issues based on best practices



- Escalating property values are a regional issue, not just in Vancouver
- Province-led inter-governmental workgroup (Province, BC Assessment, City of Vancouver, Metro Vancouver municipalities) to engage key stakeholders on policy options & make recommendations to Council for implementation in time for 2019
- Continue to work with Metro Vancouver to address increasing tax burden for small business from provincial/regional taxing authorities

Questions?

